

Introduction to AIM/Impact model

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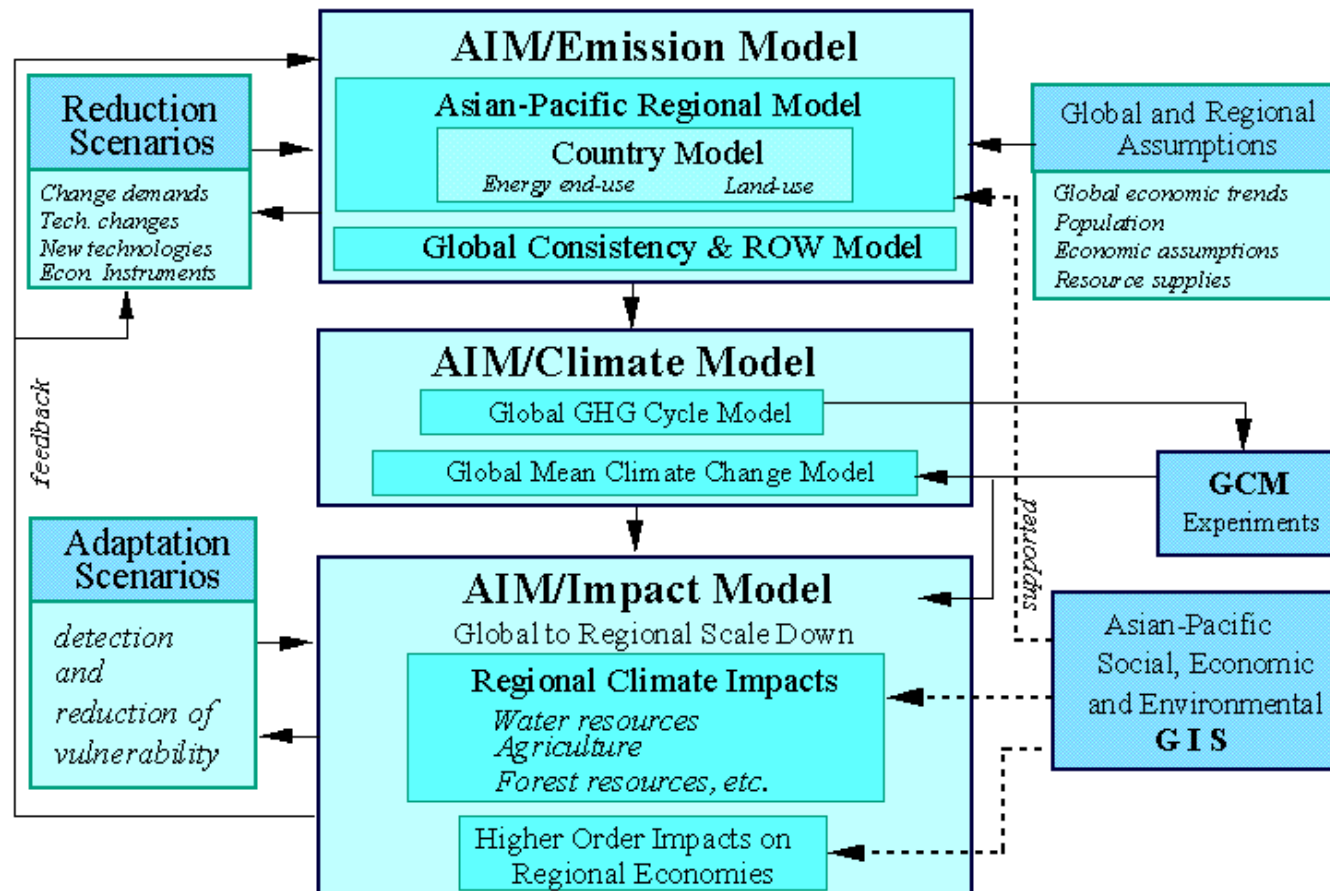
National Institute for
Environmental Studies



Items of the presentation

- Overview of AIM/Impact model
 - Structure
 - Examples of the assessed results
- Introduction to AIM/Impact [Country]
 - Structure, Objective
 - Current status of development

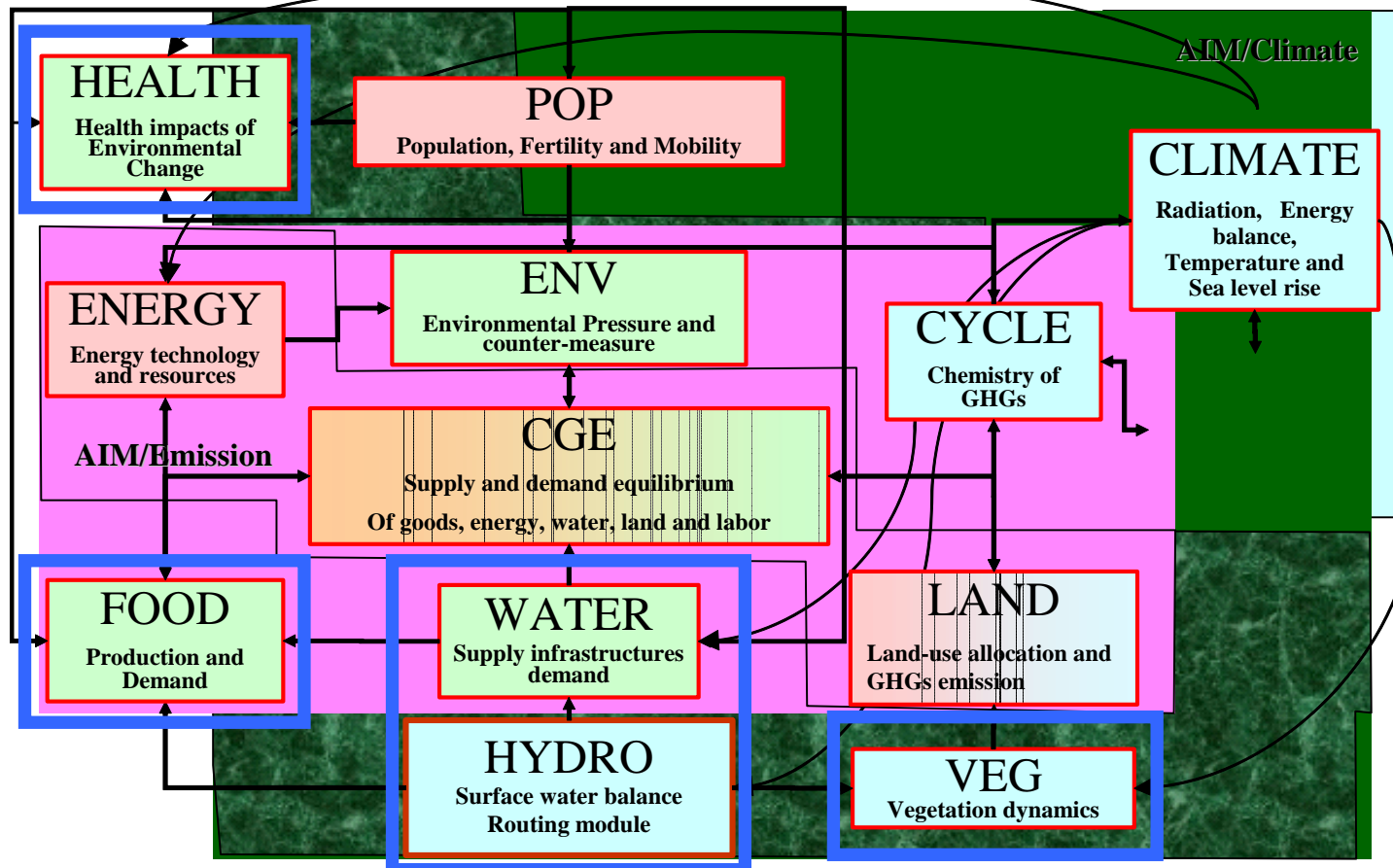
AIM/Impact in AIM Framework



Objective of AIM/Impact

- Projection of potential impacts of climate change on sensitive sectors.
- Consideration of linkages among affected sectors.
- Proposition of effective adaptation measures to cope with climate change.
- Accounting feedback effects on GHGs concentration and climate system.

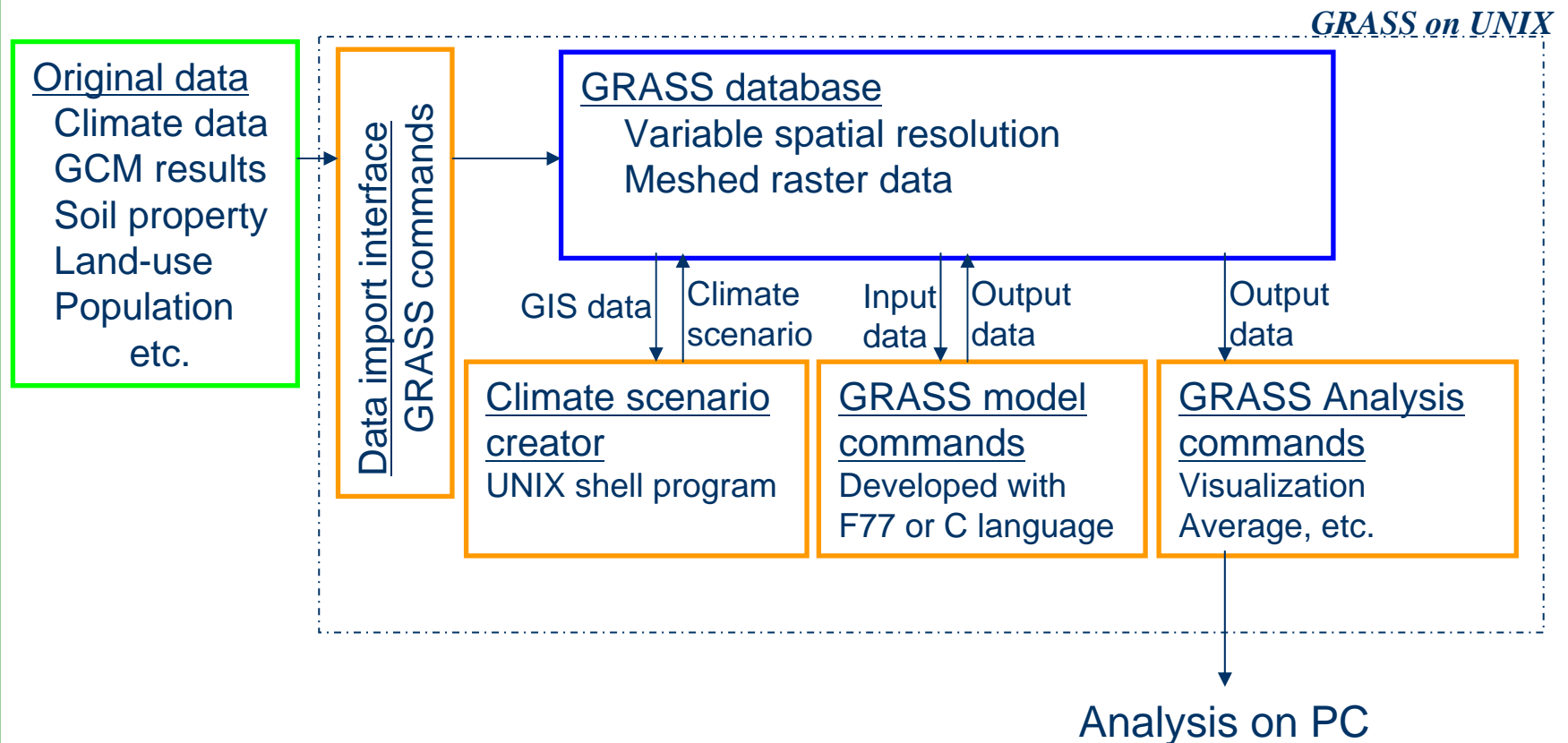
Framework of the AIM/Impact model



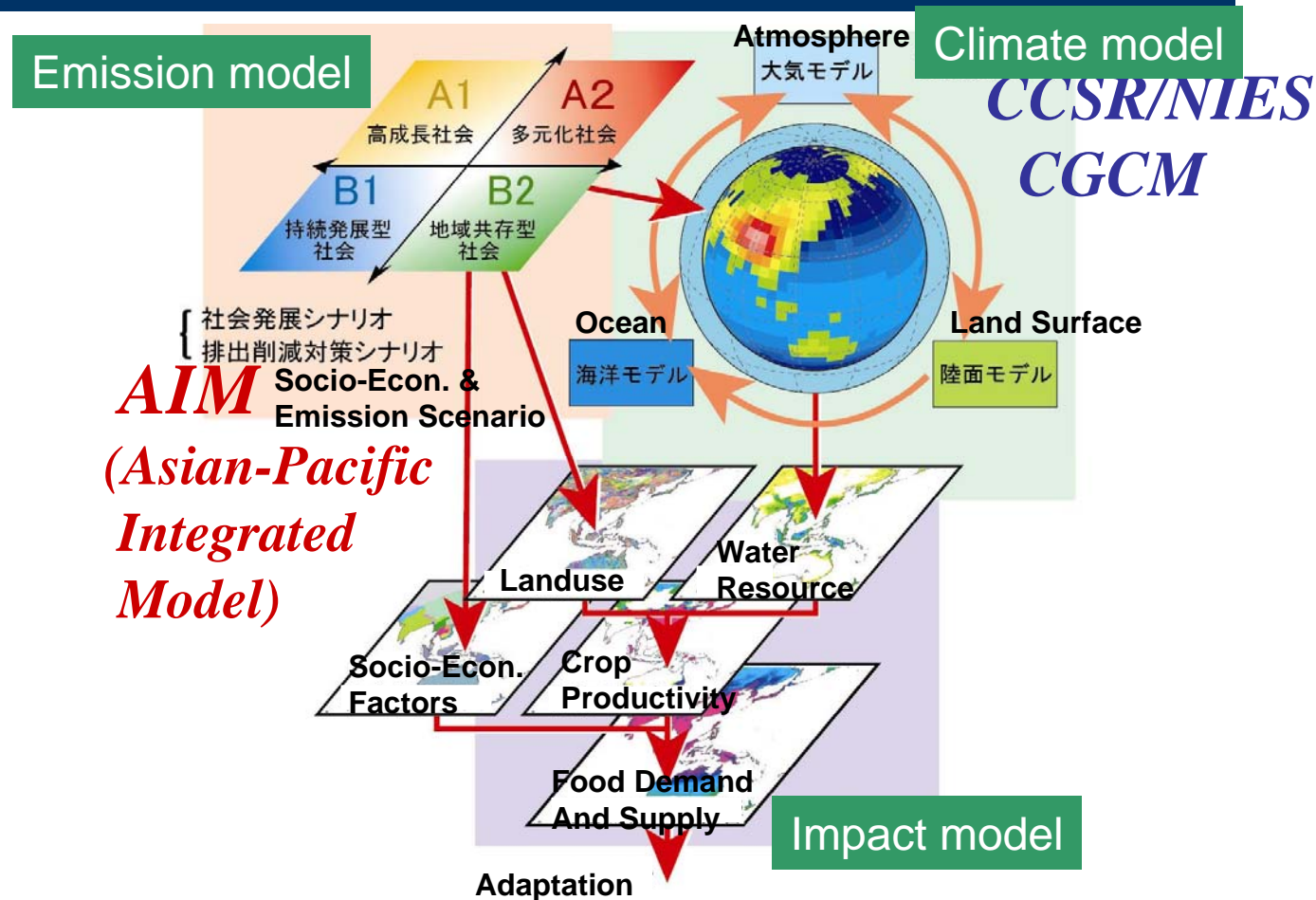
Characteristics of AIM/Impact

- Area focused: Whole Asia to Global
- Spatial analysis (Modules run on GIS)
- Consistency between socio-economic scenario and climate change scenario.
- Integration of emission (WG3), climate (WG1) and impact and adaptation (WG2) in the institute.

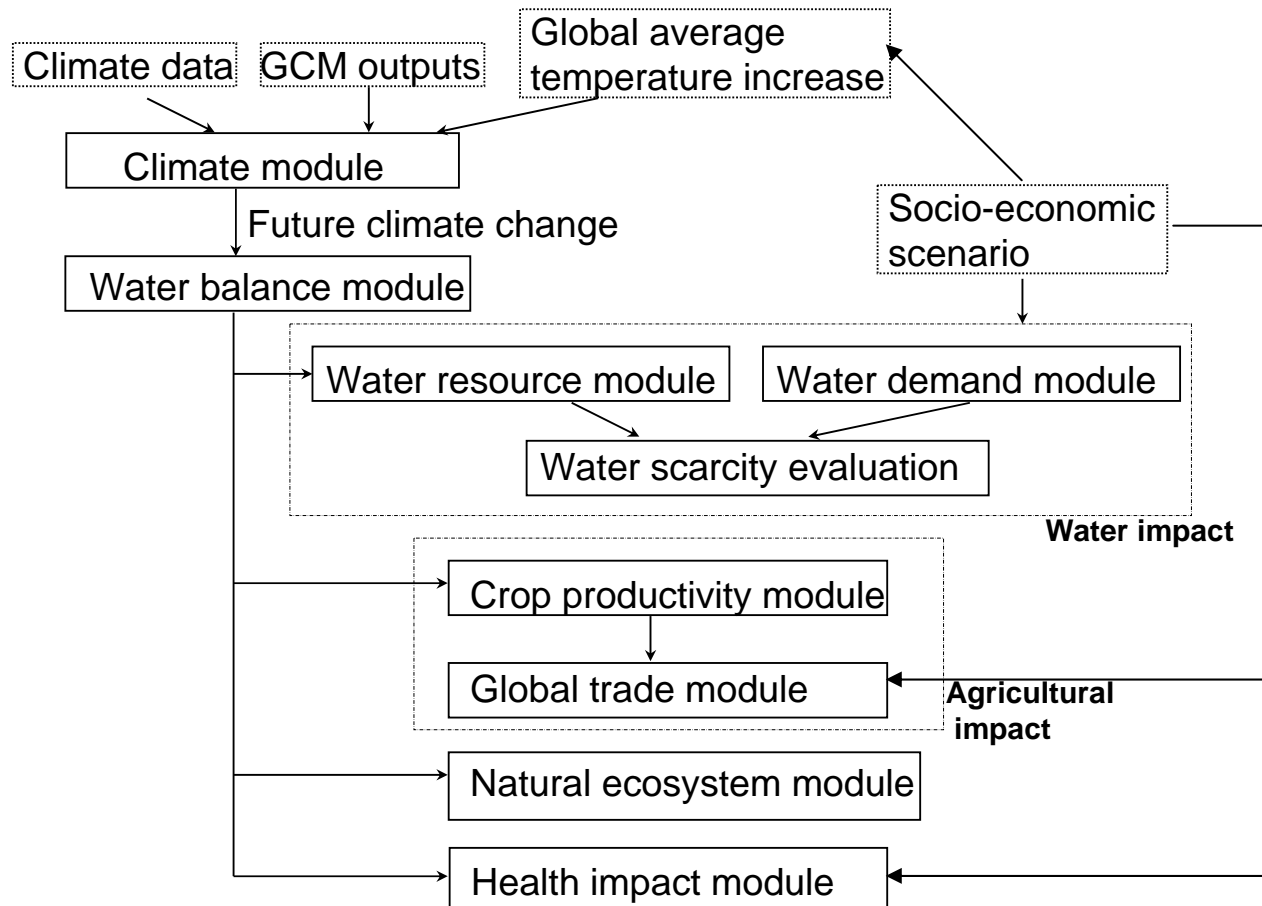
Computation framework



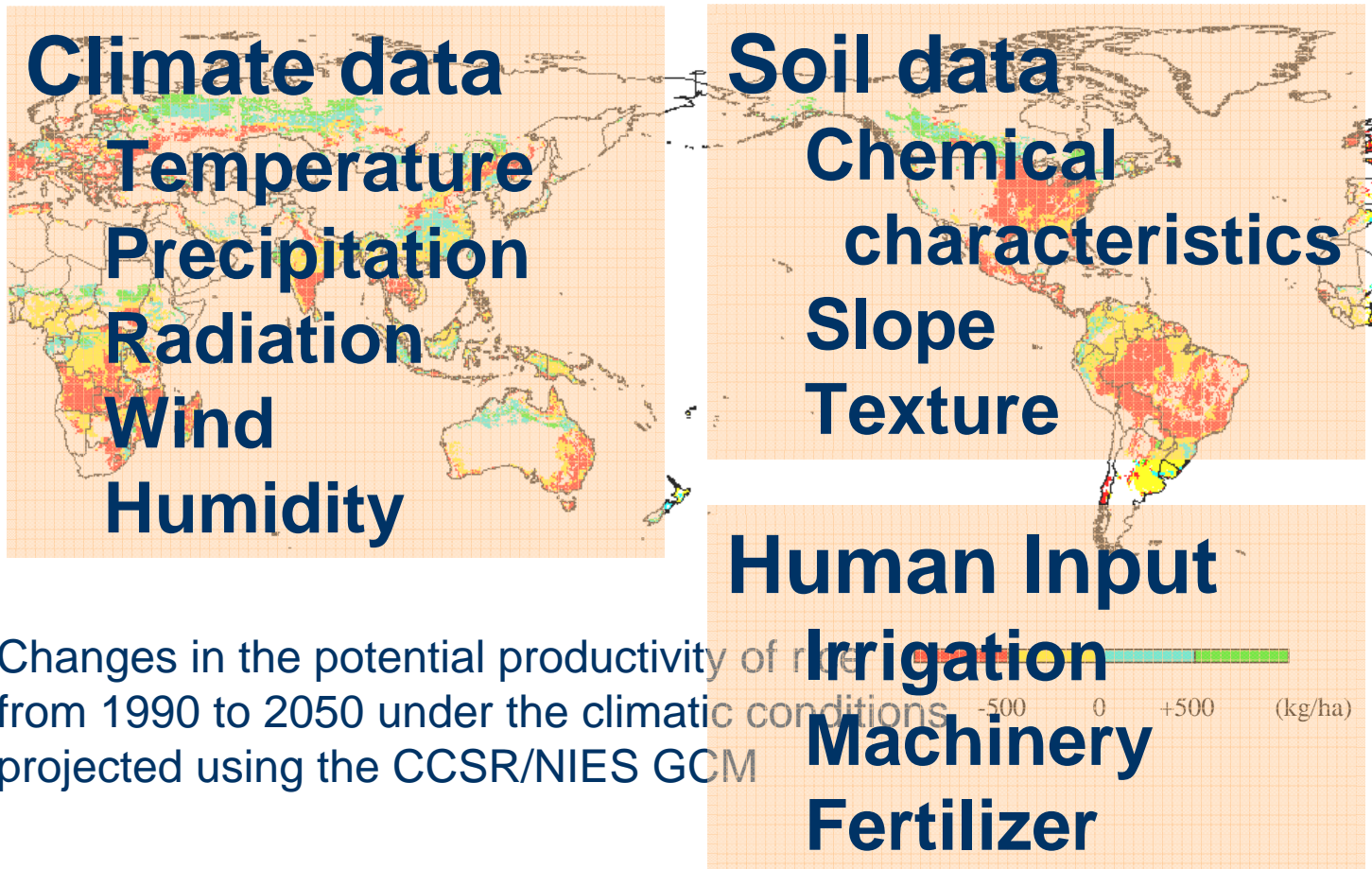
Collaboration with climate model



Simplified framework



Crop productivity



Agricultural trade

	JPN	CHN	IDI	CAN	USA	E_U
Producer price change (%)						
Rice	-0.01	-1.58	17.96	-40.16	-0.06	-4.93
Wheat	4.91	8.47	125.11	-13.10	4.76	8.92
Other grains	1.81	0.79	1.60	-4.39	-1.46	-3.36
Other crops	-0.01	-0.28	1.90	2.76	-0.10	-0.05
Livestock	-0.19	-0.09	2.84	-1.22	-0.59	-0.04
Other agricultural products	-0.15	-0.01	0.60	0.33	0.07	0.04
Manufacture	0.03	-0.12	-1.10	0.61	0.03	-0.02
Services	0.03	-0.16	-0.93	0.69	0.02	-0.02
Production change (%)						
Rice	0.11	-0.25	-1.76	105.99	0.23	2.03
Wheat	0.00	-3.97	-0.04	10.77	2.00	-3.64
Other grains	-15.56	-1.39	-1.53	89.41	-4.04	-6.50
Other crops	0.11	-0.07	-4.25	-2.26	0.25	-0.03
Livestock	0.09	-0.24	-2.27	0.94	0.03	-0.22
Other agricultural products	0.11	-0.27	4.57	0.69	0.04	-0.22
Manufacture	-0.01	0.31	-0.97	-1.62	0.03	0.05
Services	0.00	0.00	-2.62	-0.02	0.01	0.01
Consumer price index (%)	0.001	0.001	5.017	-0.513	0.017	-0.010
Income change per capita (%)	0.026	-0.236	-0.017	0.853	0.026	-0.009
Social welfare change (%)	0.022	-0.219	-4.892	0.343	0.009	0.003

Production

Crop productivity change

Tech. Improve

Labor

Land

Demand

Population

Consumer

preference

Trade

Tariff etc.

River discharge

Surface runoff

Precipitation

Evaporanspiration

Temperature

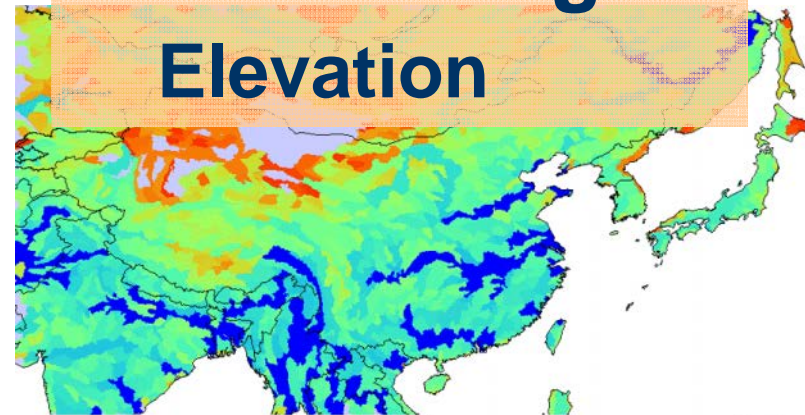
Soil characteristics



10^0 10^5 (m³/s)
1990

River routing

Elevation



10^0 10^5 (m³/s)
2100

Annual river discharge in 1990 and 2100 (UIUC climate model)

Water demand (withdrawal)

Driving force

Irrigated area

Population

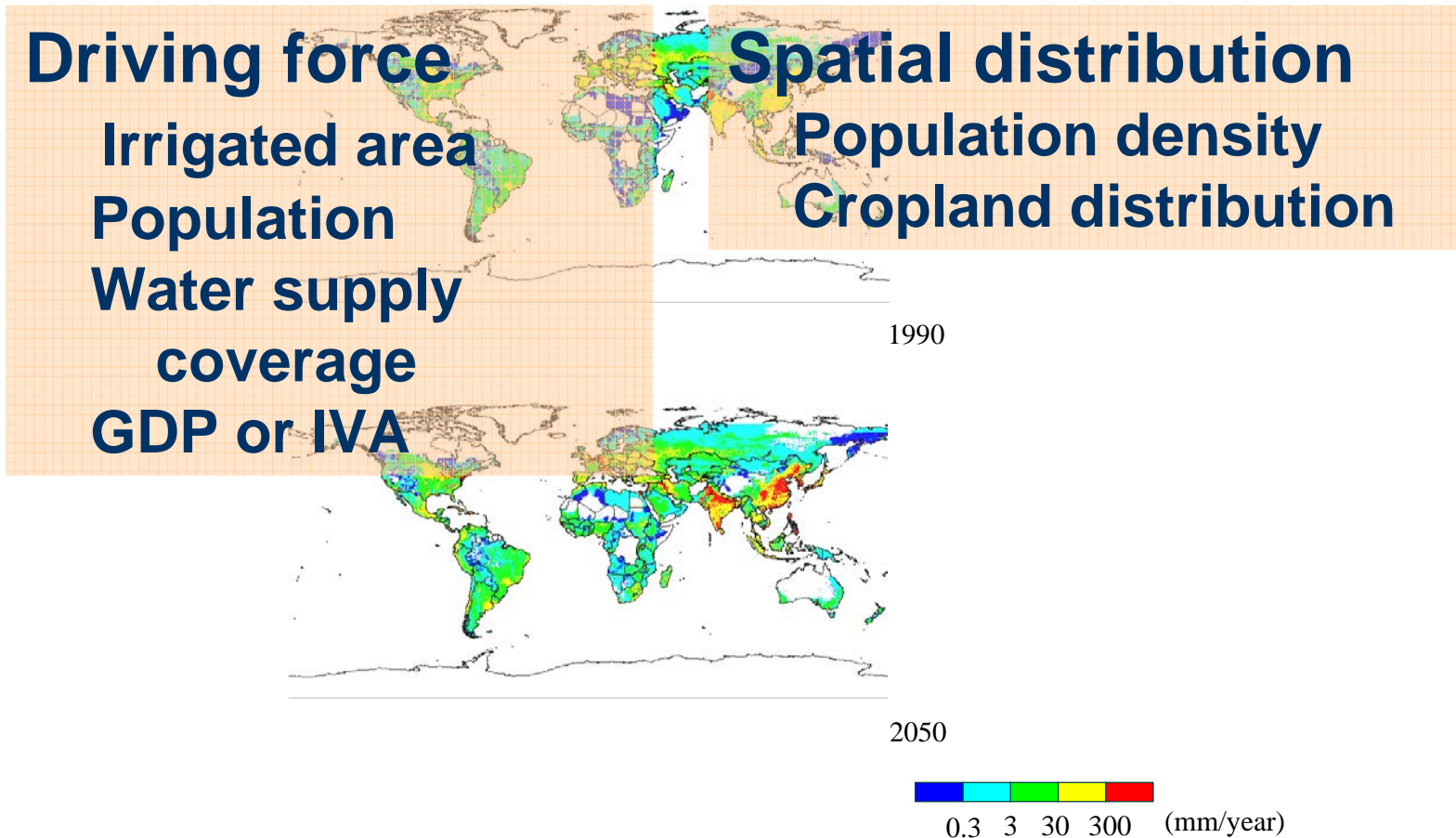
Water supply coverage

GDP or IVA

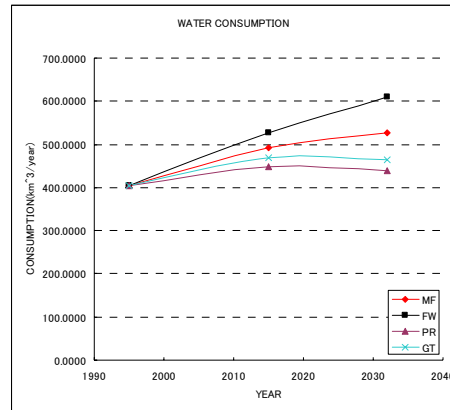
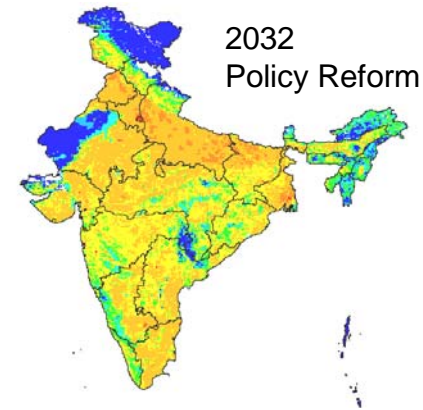
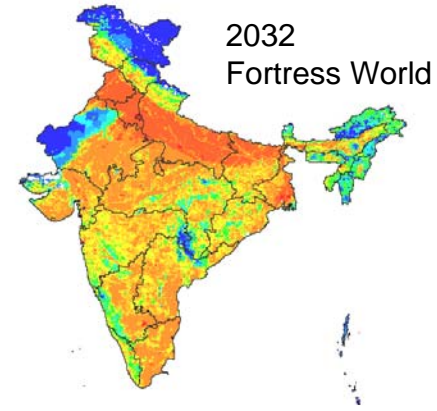
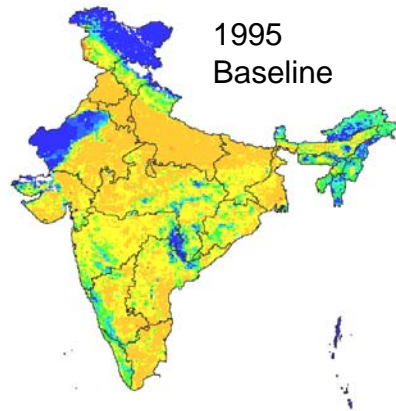
Spatial distribution

Population density

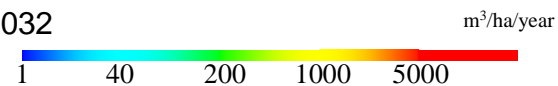
Cropland distribution



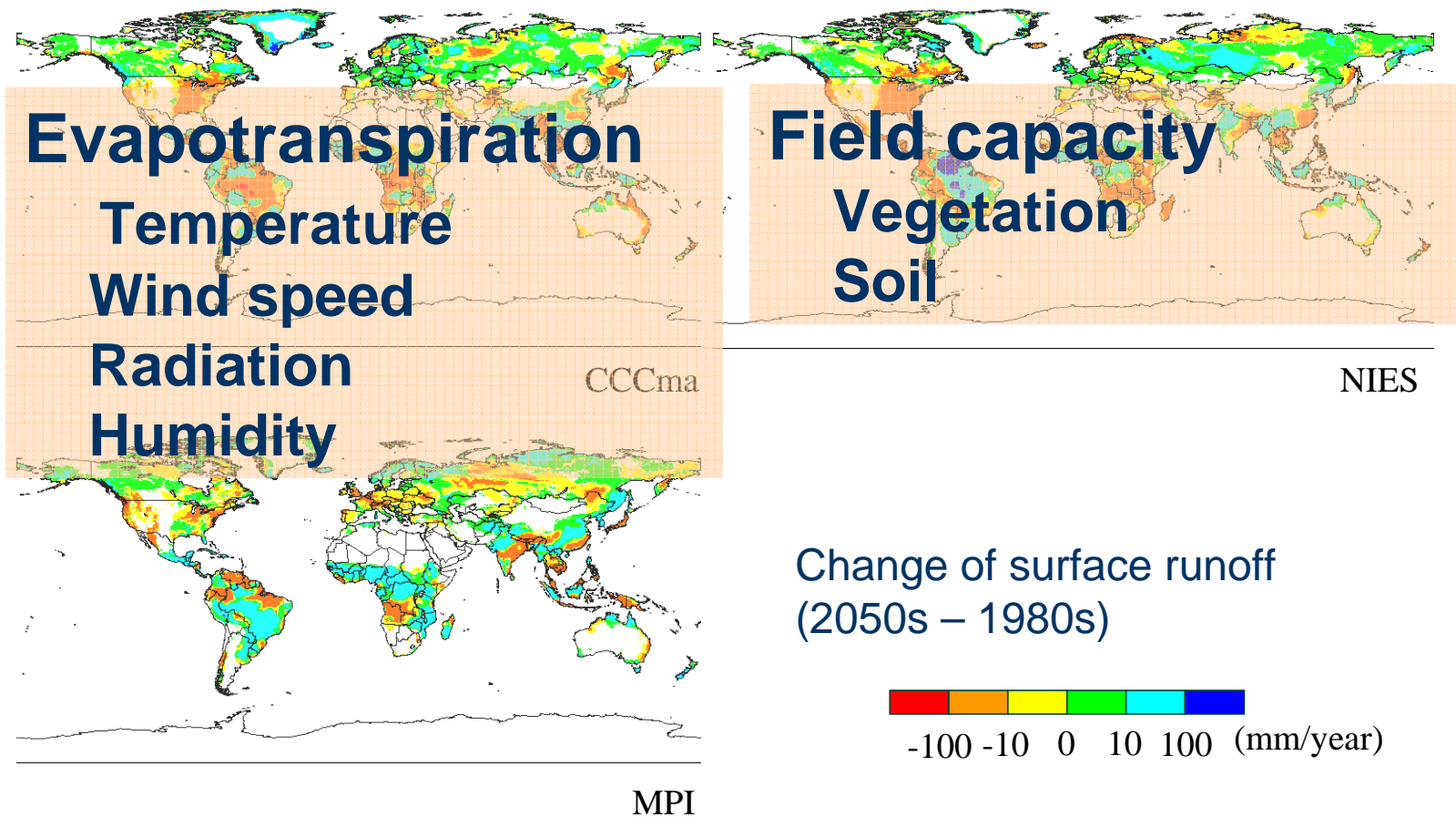
Water consumption in India (scenario analysis)



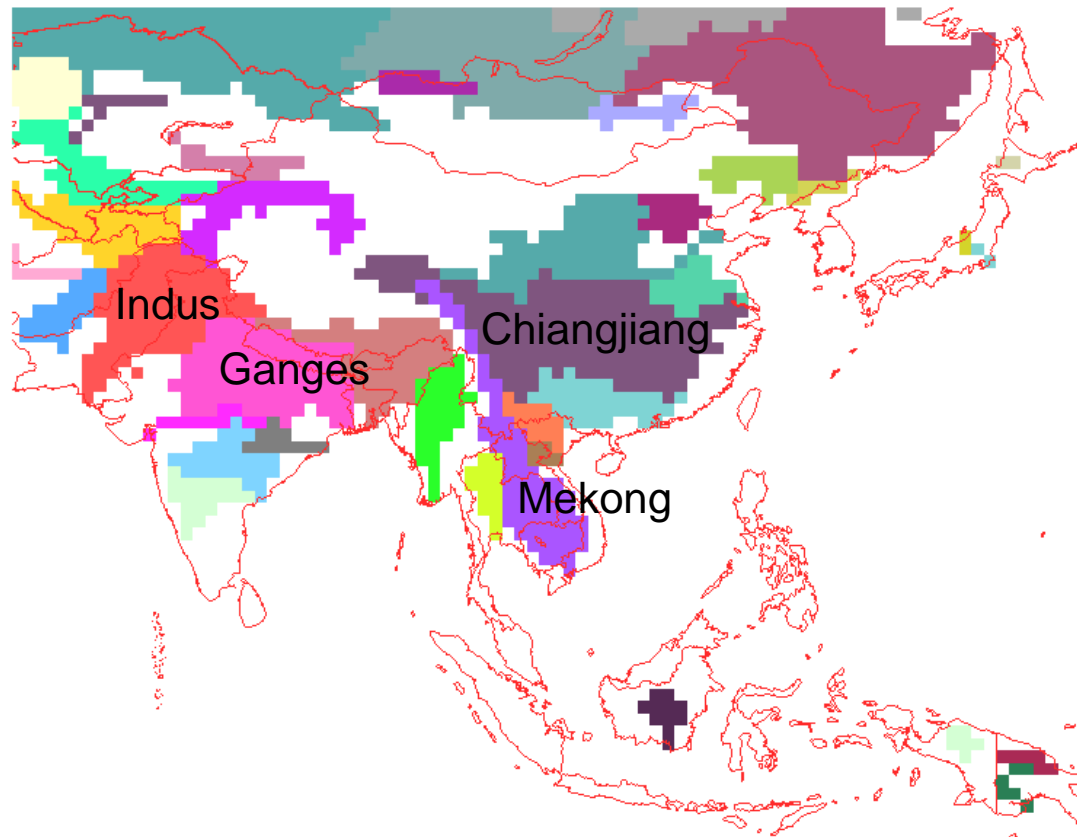
Change of water consumption from 1995 to 2032
(Domestic + Agriculture + Industry)



Surface runoff as Water supply

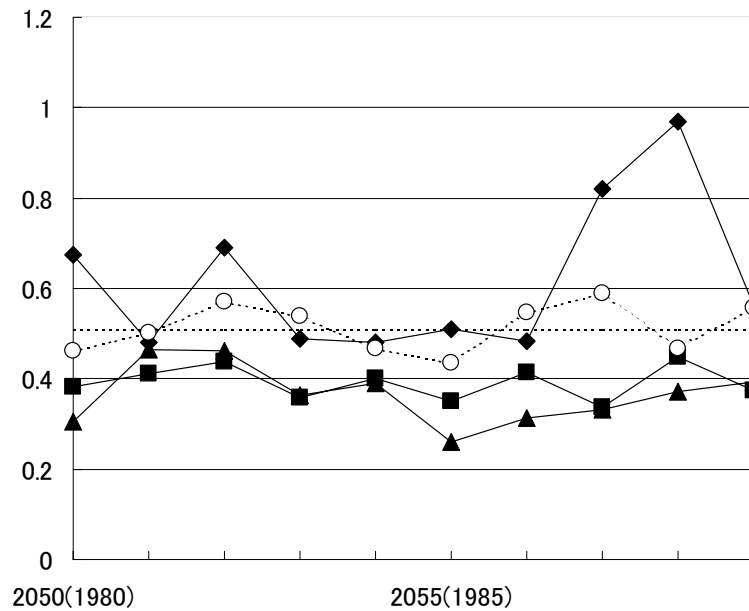


River basin for water scarcity assessment

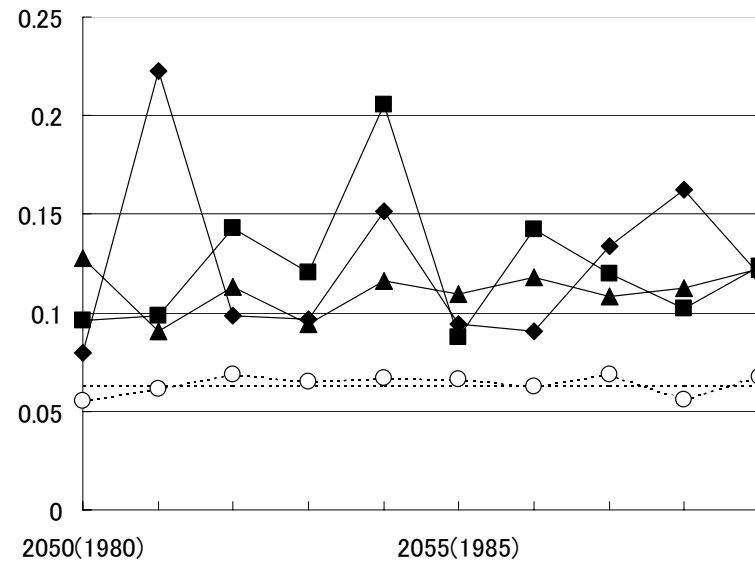


Water scarcity

$$\text{Scarcity index} = \frac{\text{Withdrawal}}{\text{Surface runoff}}$$



Ganges

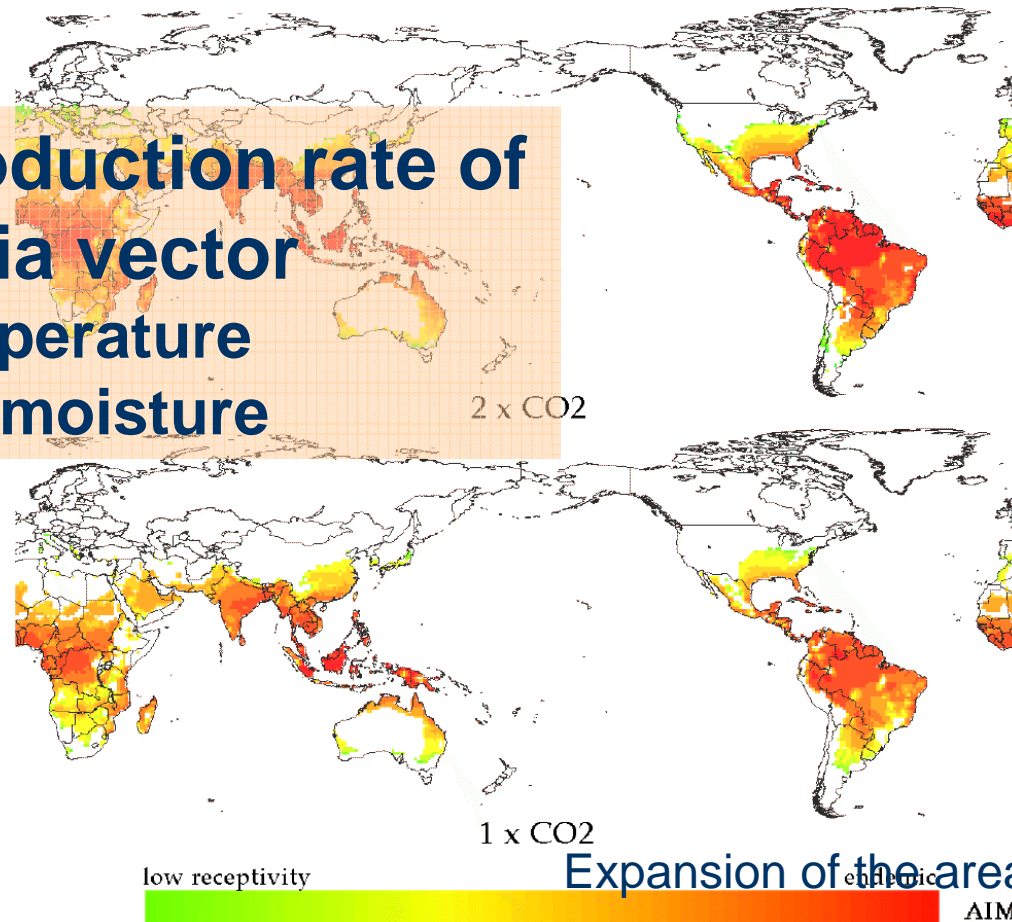


Mekong

- CCC
- ▲ ECHAM4
- ◆ CCSR/NIES
- ⊙ LINK (1980-89)
- ⋯ Ten-year average (1980-89)

Malaria

**Reproduction rate of
malaria vector**
Temperature
Soil moisture



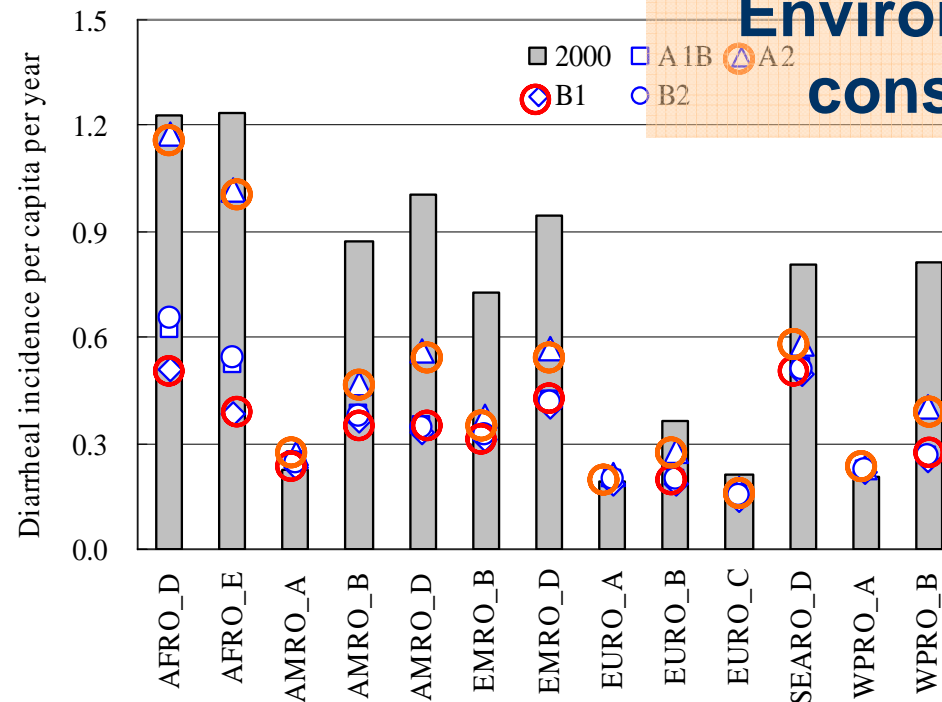
Expansion of the area affected by malaria

Diarrhea

Diarrhea / capita
Water supply coverage
Temperature

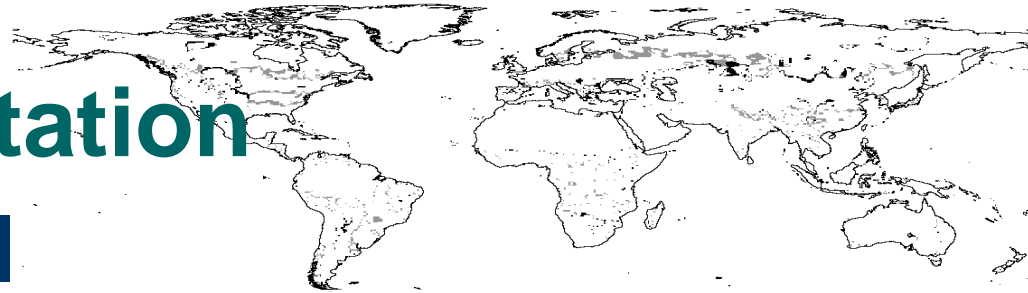
Water supply coverage
GDP/capita

Environmental
consideration



Diarrhea incidence per capita per year in 2000 (bar graph) and in 2055 for 4 SRES scenarios (□A1B,△A2,◇B1,○ B2).

Forest vegetation



IS92c scenario with low climate sensitivity

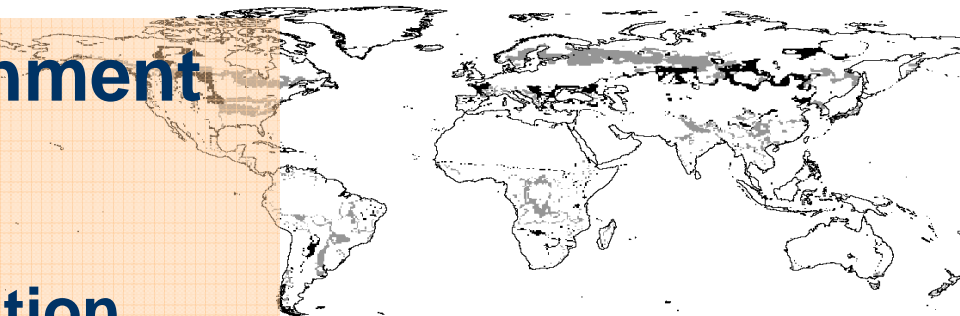
Forest diminishment

Temperature

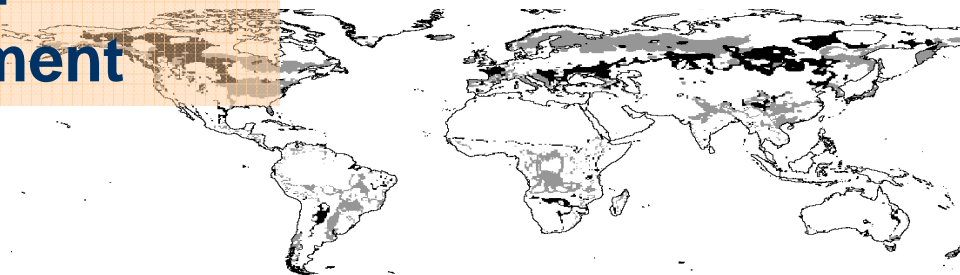
Precipitation

Evapotranspiration

Max. velocity of
forest movement



IS92a scenario with medium climate sensitivity



IS92e scenario with high climate sensitivity



Diminishment of forest



Replacement of forest type
with the risk of diminishment

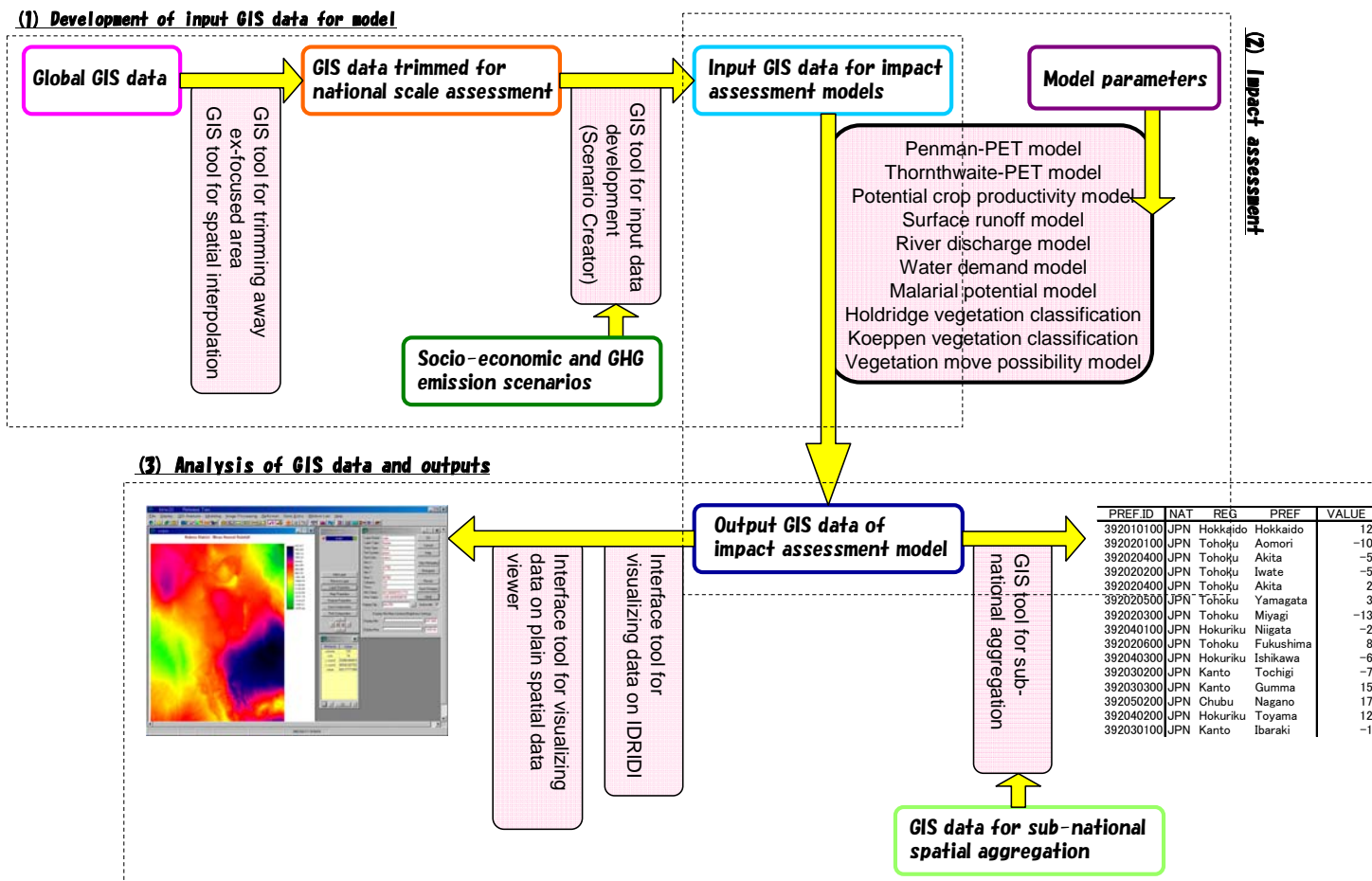
From global scale to national scale

- Increasing attention to national-scale impact studies.
 - AIACC (Assessment of the Impact of and Adaptation to Climate Change Project)
 - National Communication
- Concrete adaptation measures can be evaluated only on an appropriate spatial scale which corresponds the stakeholders.

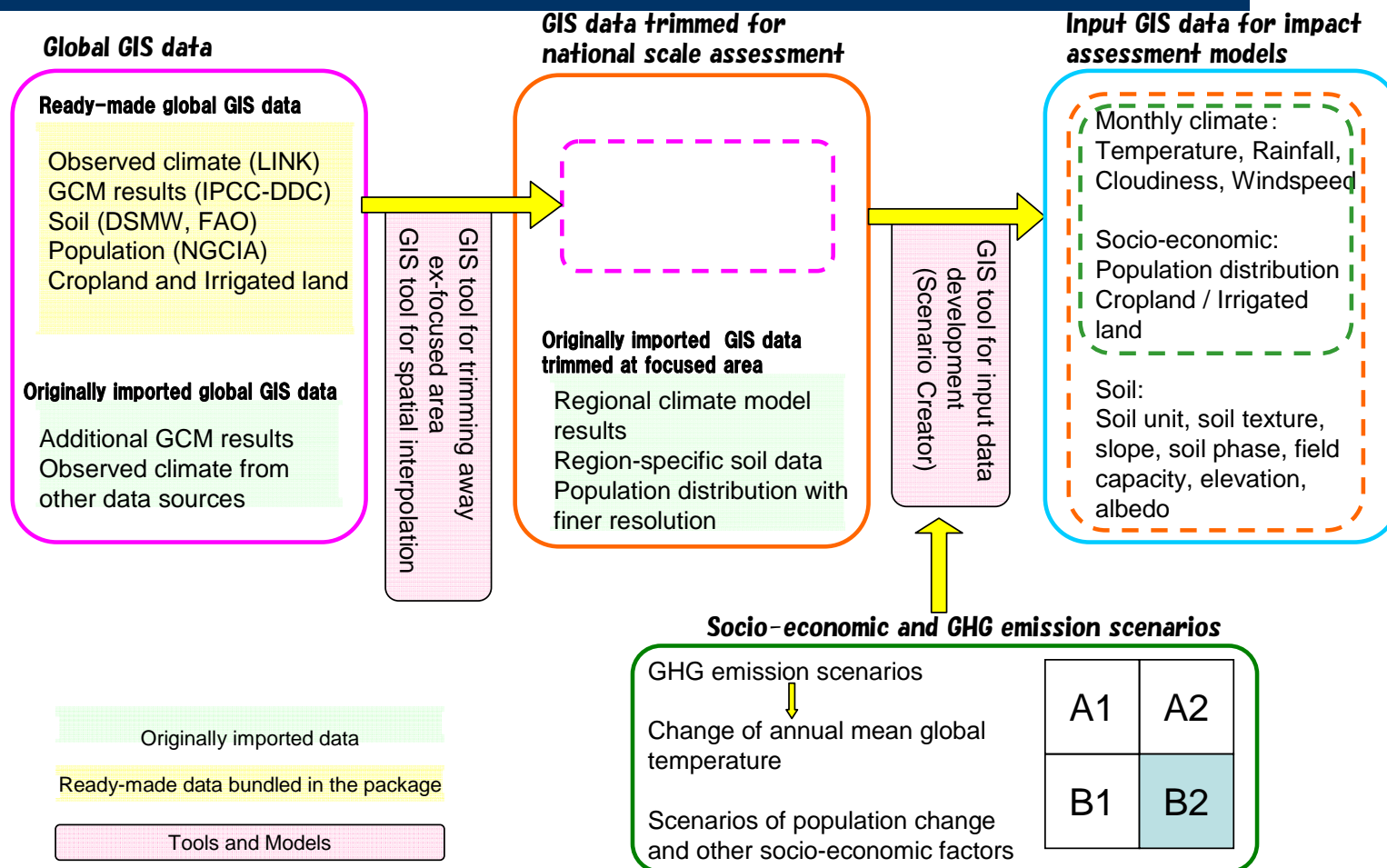
Features of AIM/Impact [Country]

- Package of models, tools and data for scenario analysis of national-scale climate change impact assessment.
- Executable on PC-Windows (no need to learn UNIX & GRASS)
- Bundled datasets for basic assessment.
- Readily achievement of spatial analysis.
- Detailed manual documents.

Framework of AIM/Impact [Country]



Development of input GIS data for impact assessment models



Impact assessment models

Input GIS data for impact assessment models

Monthly climate:
Temperature, Rainfall,
Cloudiness, Windspeed

Socio-economic:
Population distribution
Cropland / Irrigated
land

Soil:
Soil unit, soil texture,
slope, soil phase, field
capacity, elevation,
albedo

Penman-PET model
Thornthwaite-PET model
Potential crop productivity model
Surface runoff model
River discharge model
Water demand model
Malarial potential model
Holdridge vegetation classification
Koeppen vegetation classification
Vegetation move possibility model

Output GIS data of impact assessment model

Penman-PET
Thornthwaite-PET
Potential crop productivity
Surface runoff
River discharge
Water demand
Malarial potential
Holdridge vegetation classification
Koeppen vegetation classification
Vegetation move possibility

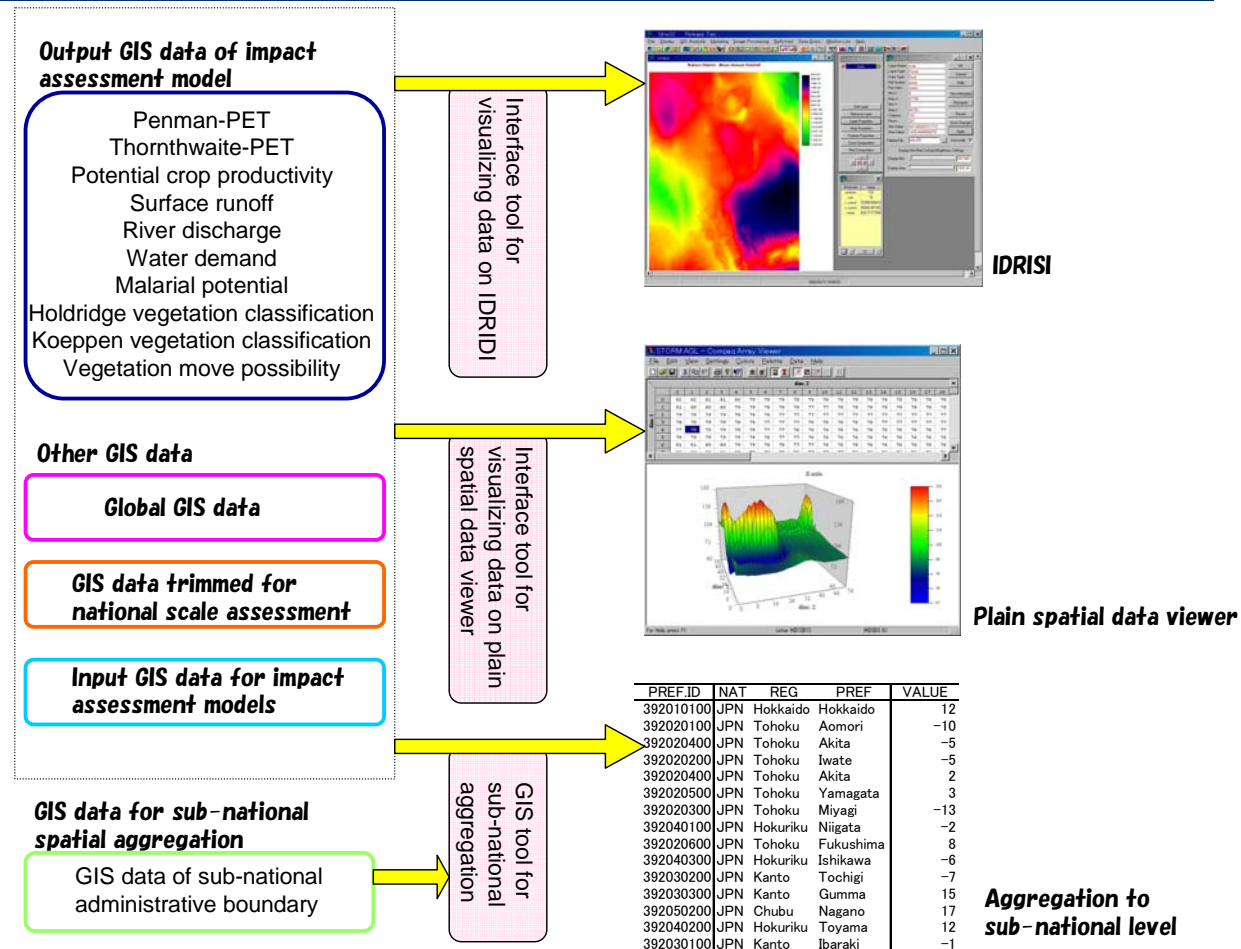
Model parameters

Characteristics of crop growth
Soil constraints on crop production
Snow melt temperature
Rate of water discharge in river
Potential rate of vegetation move

Ready-made

Originally imported

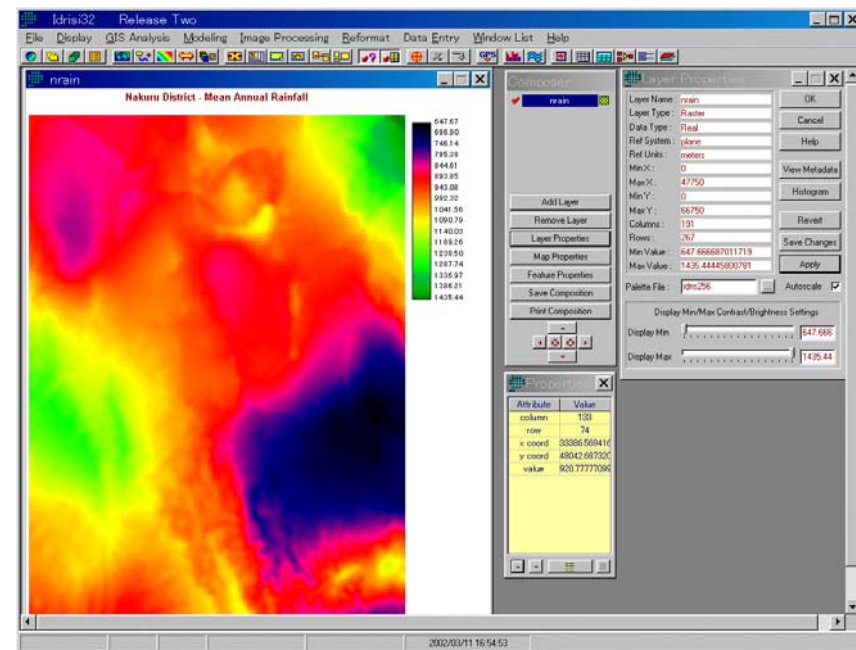
Analysis of GIS data and outputs



Analysis of GIS data and outputs

- Visualization -

- For IDRISI user
 - GIS data in AIM/Impact [Local] will have genuine IDRISI format, and AIM/Impact [country] visualize the data with starting up IDRISI through IDRISI-API functions.
 - Full IDRISI functions can be used to process and analyze the GIS data in AIM/Impact [Local].
- For Non IDRISI user
 - Plain spatial data viewer software (COMPAC FORTRAN Array Visualizer) is included in the package, and user can see and print out the results visually.



Analysis of GIS data and outputs

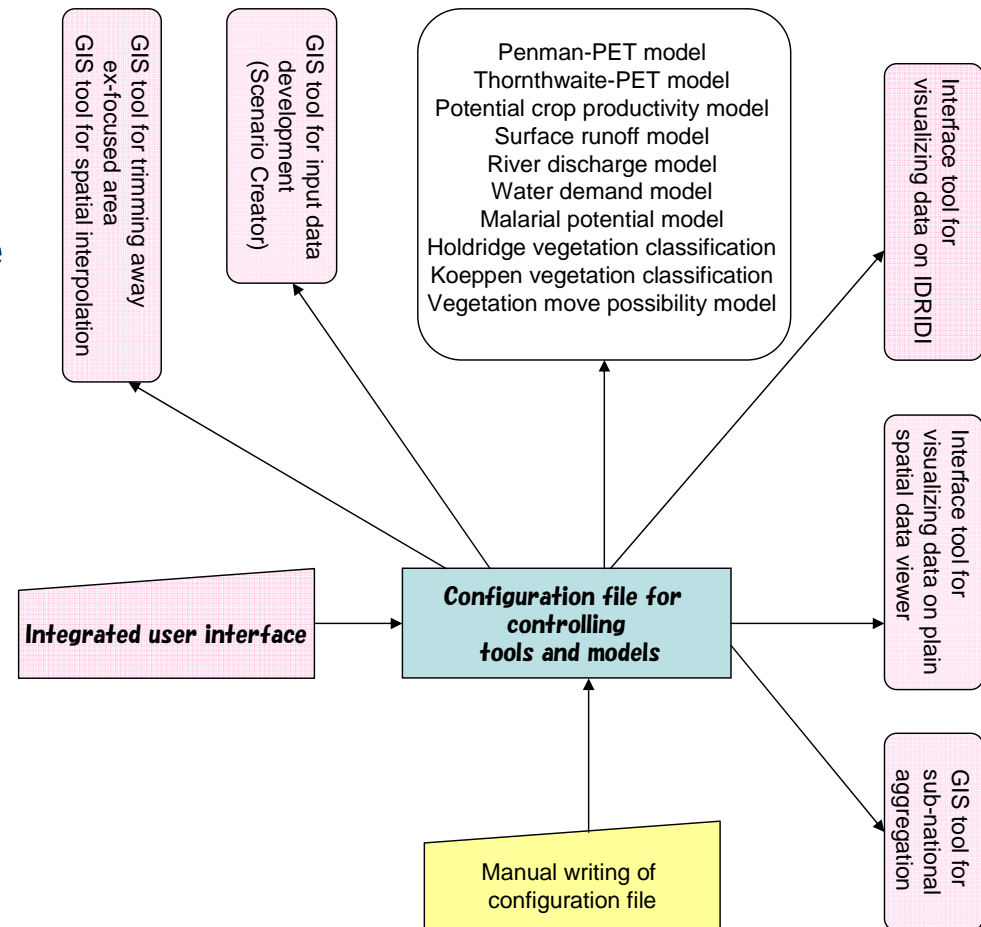
- Regional aggregation -

- Numerical grasp of the result with representative values is also important and useful.
- Input GIS data and assessed results of impacts are aggregated spatially and mean values for sub-national divisions are tabulated.
- Ready-made GIS data of sub-national divisions incorporated in the package.

PREF.ID	NAT	REG	PREF	VALUE
392010100	JPN	Hokkaido	Hokkaido	12
392020100	JPN	Tohoku	Aomori	-10
392020400	JPN	Tohoku	Akita	-5
392020200	JPN	Tohoku	Iwate	-5
392020400	JPN	Tohoku	Akita	2
392020500	JPN	Tohoku	Yamagata	3
392020300	JPN	Tohoku	Miyagi	-13
392040100	JPN	Hokuriku	Niigata	-2
392020600	JPN	Tohoku	Fukushima	8
392040300	JPN	Hokuriku	Ishikawa	-6
392030200	JPN	Kanto	Tochigi	-7
392030300	JPN	Kanto	Gumma	15
392050200	JPN	Chubu	Nagano	17
392040200	JPN	Hokuriku	Toyama	12
392030100	JPN	Kanto	Ibaraki	-1

Integrated user interface of AIM/Impact-country

- User-friendly MS Visual Basic form similar to the AIM-Trend.
- The interface is used to complete a configuration file controlling data management tools, models, visualization tool.
- Configuration file can be edited manually, which enables complicated model simulation with batch programming by expert users.



Potential usage of AIM/Impact[Country]

- Outside AIM project.
 - Researchers, governmental officers or others who want to assess future national impact of climate change.
 - Interactive user interface and ready-made datasets are provided for instant achievement of scenario analysis.
 - Spatial visualization is achieved with a plain spatial data viewer controlled from AIM/Impact [Country] interface.
- Inside AIM project.
 - Model is improved by replacing parameters or using more detailed data for specific countries.
 - Use of IDRISI-GIS is recommended.
 - Source code and the latest databases are shared among the teams for flexibility and further refinement.

Development schedule

- First version :End of this year.
- Presentation of preliminary assessments using AIM/Impact [Country] is expected at the AIM Workshop in March 2003.
- Public distribution: End of next year
 - After the review process by the collaborative researchers.