

# Low carbon scenarios in 2050, Korea

*- An Application of Energy Snapshot Tool and Backcasting model-*

Chan, PARK / Seoul National University  
Sun yong, SUNG / Seoul National University

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*Background*

# Why We Concentrate in Two Sectors

## Renewable Energy in Residential Area (Solar Energy)

- Essential Factor for LCS in residential area
- Korean government Request to make roadmap

## Transportation Sector

- Lots of Energy wasted on the road
- *Construct more roads are not a solution*

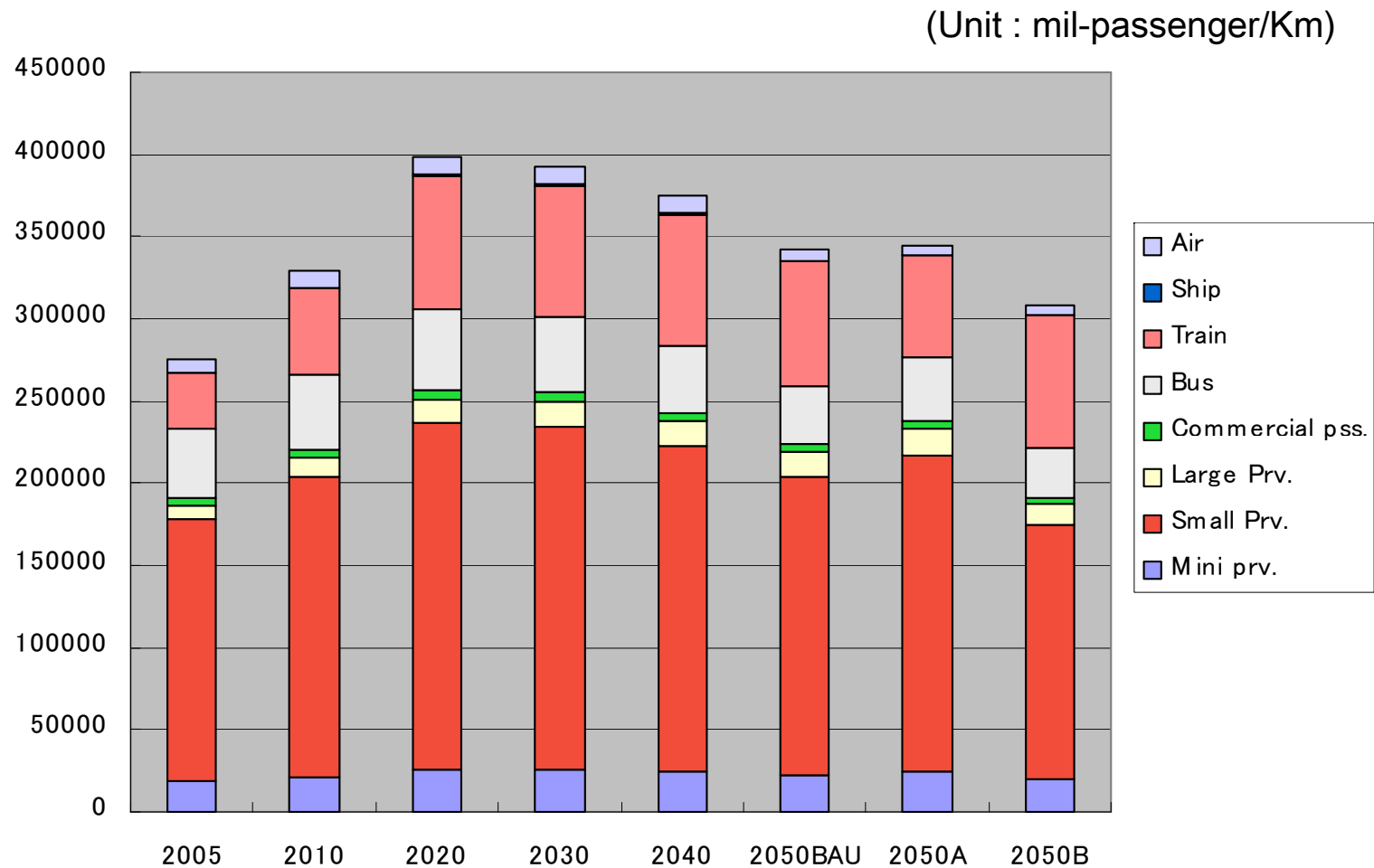


## LCS Scenario Outline

|                        | 2000                   | Scenario (2050)                                     |
|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| GDP (annual)           | 4.20%                  | 2.98%   |
| Population('000)       | 48,183                 | 43,623  |
| Household('000)        | 15,971                 | 18,252  |
| Average family members | 2.89                   | 2.39  |
| Urbanization rate      | 80.8%                  | 88%   |
| Market                 | - Regulations          | - Adequate rules and regulations                    |
| Life style             | - Convenient lifestyle | - Reducing the attraction towards apartment complex |

# Passenger transportation Sector

- Scenario taking demand change into consideration the bike-related policy announced by Ministry of Government Administration and Home Affairs



## Assumption before Start Modeling

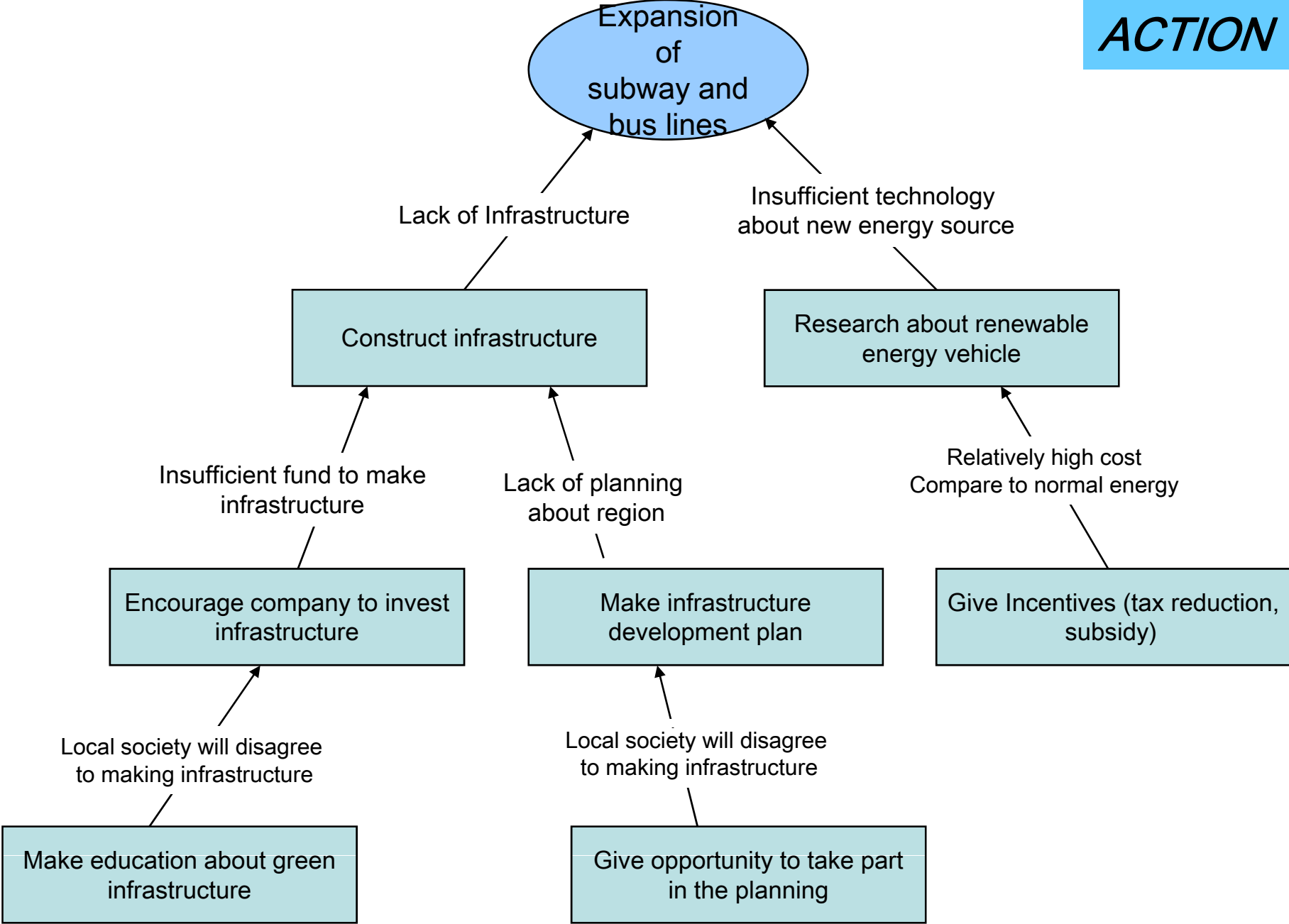
- Demands of each energy source basically follows linear modeling.
- We merely consider about reducing CO2 in the passenger transportation area and residential area.

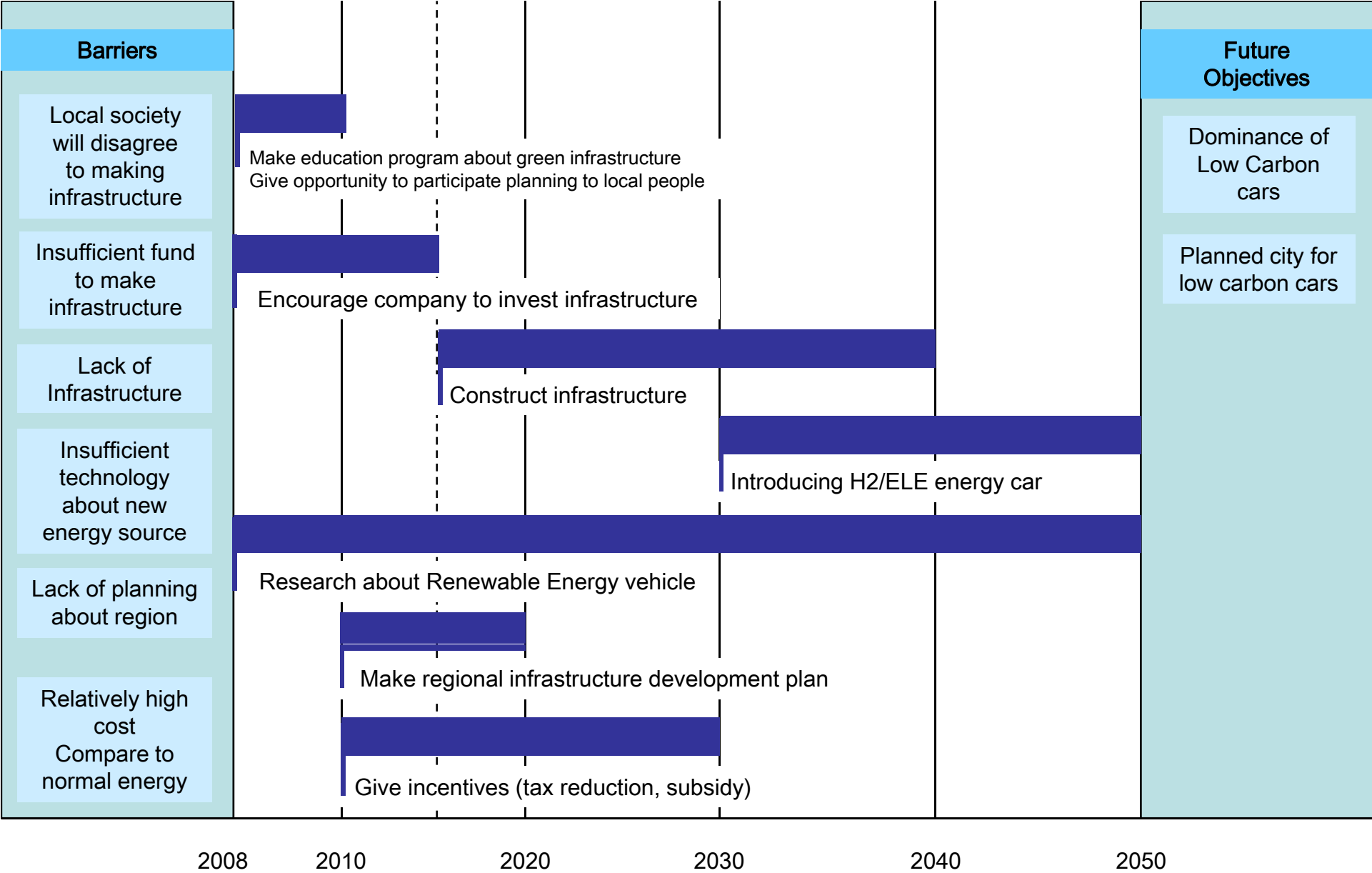
**WE DID NOT COUNT IN FINANCIAL FACTORS IN OUR MODEL AND OTHER FACTORS**

# *Transportation Sector*



***ACTION 1***





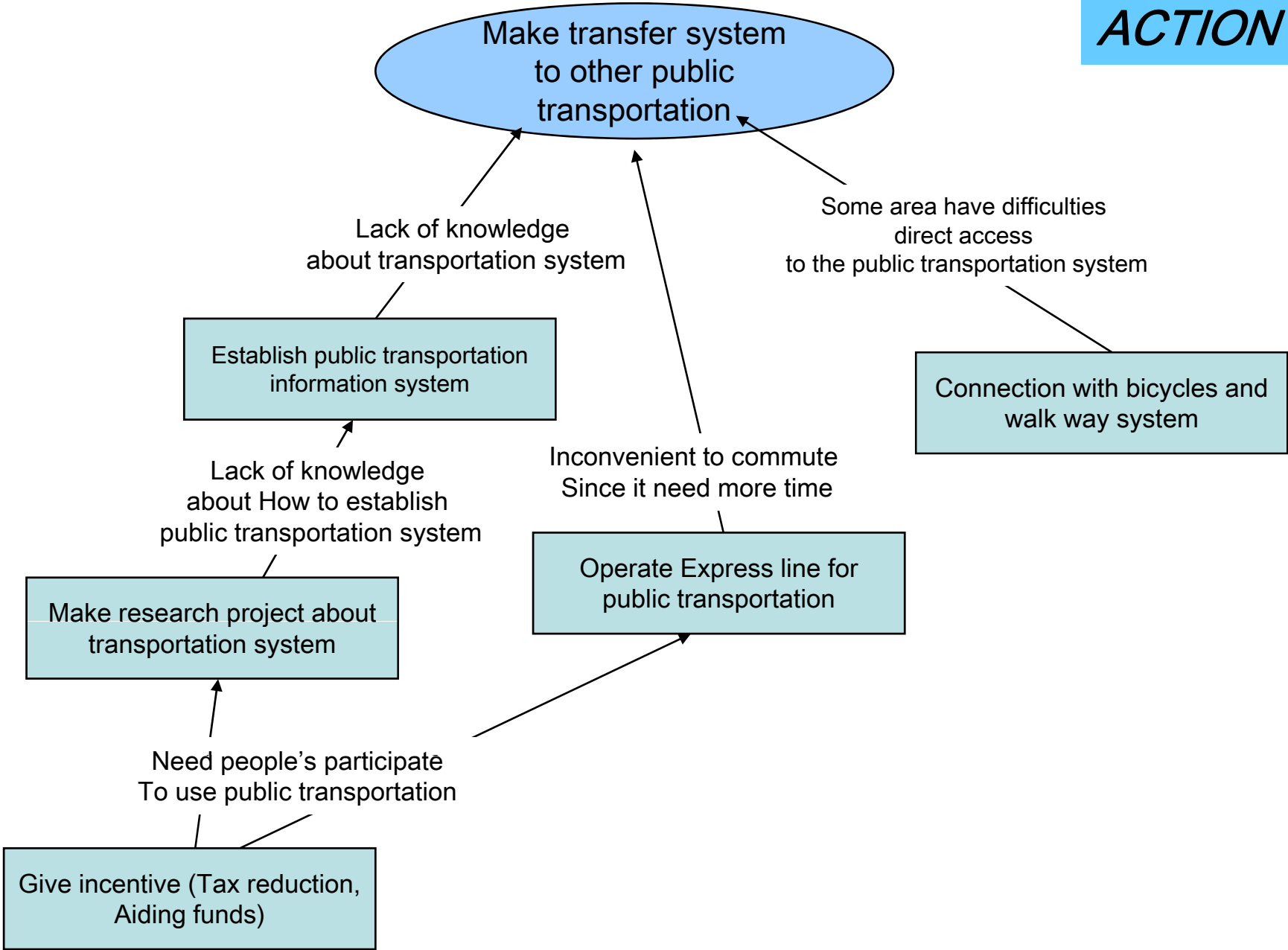
**Dominance of  
Low Carbon  
cars**

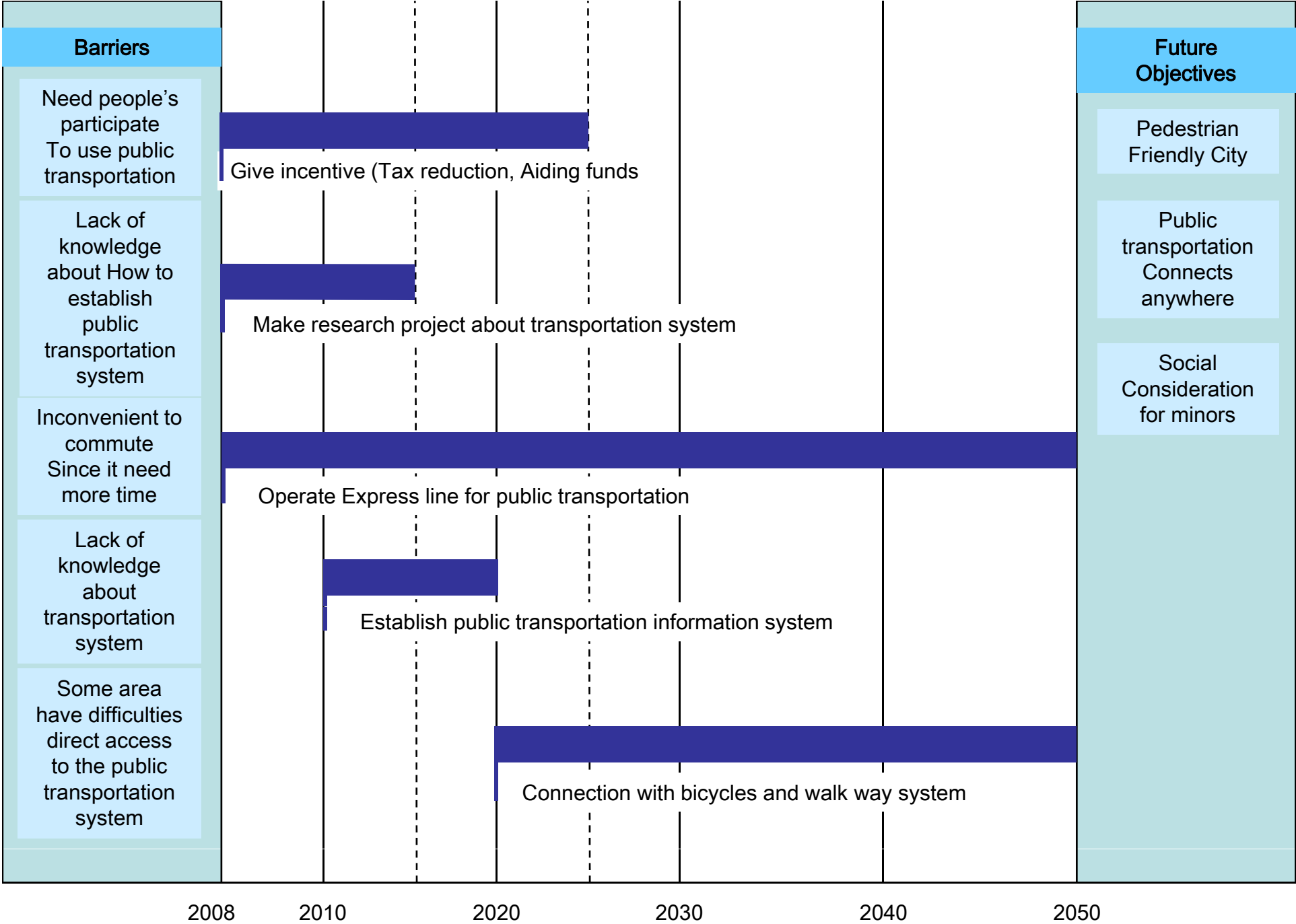
Most of demand for fossil fuel cars will substitute to low carbon car. This causes about 70% reduction of CO2 emission when compared to BAU. Because of changing type of household, it's much reasonable to have smaller car. It could have more CO2 reduction potential

**Planned City  
for Low  
carbon cars**

As low carbon car popular, it would bring many changes. For instance, social infrastructure will be changed that fits to the low carbons cars.

***ACTION 2***





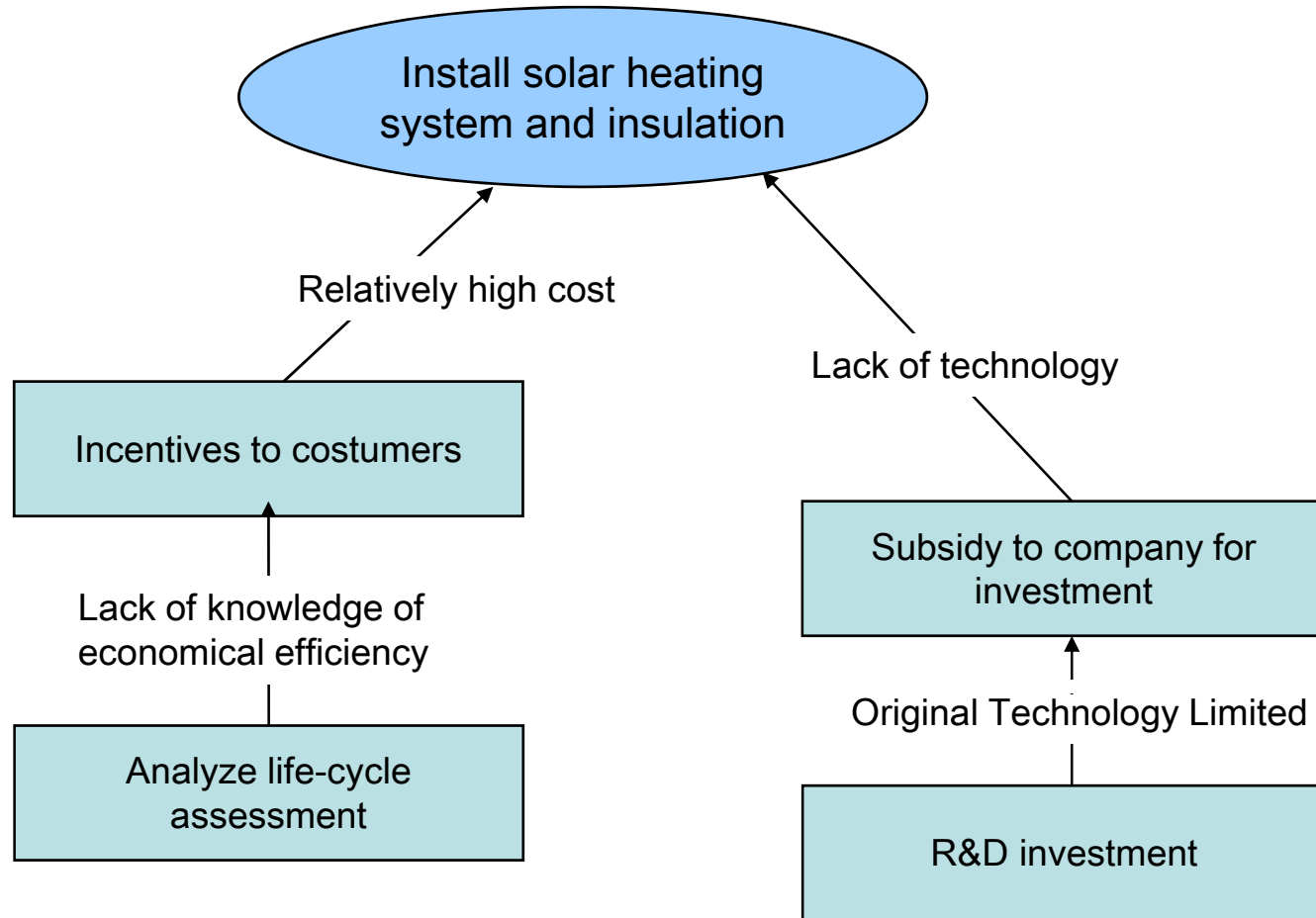
**Expansion of  
subway and  
bus lines**

In the center of urban area, traffic will be restricted. In the center area, walkways and Bicycle will used to connect between public transportation stations such as subway station and bus terminal Instead of car, public transportation system will be used to connect people between urban area and suburban area. For public transportation system transfer center will be built in the outskirts of city.

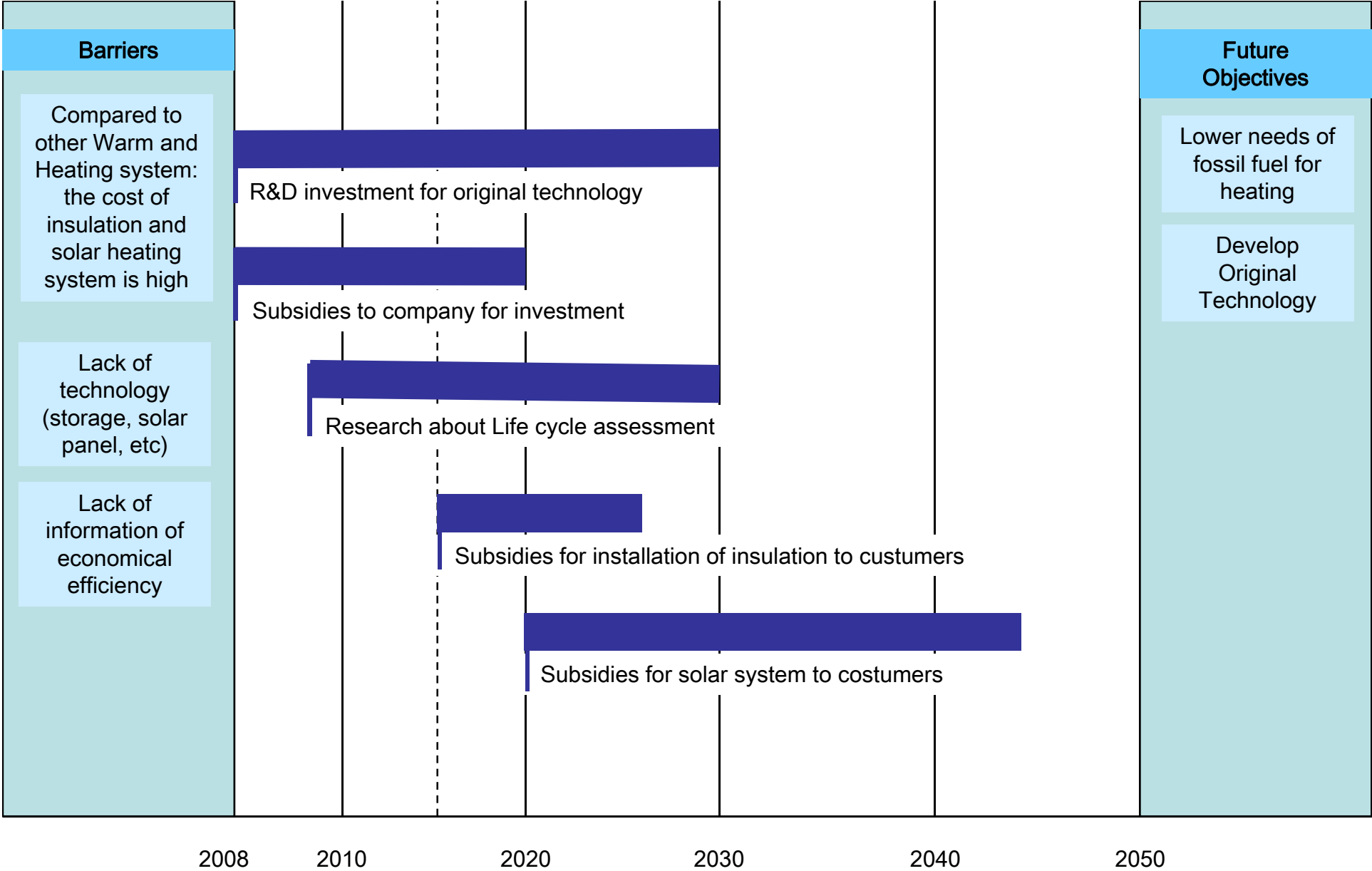
**Establish  
Public  
Transportation  
Information  
System**

This System will provide information about public transportation. For example, this will guide to shortest way to get somewhere people would like to go. It also gives exact time when the bus or subway will get to the station or terminal.

# *Residential Sector*







**Lower needs  
of fossil fuel  
for heating**

In the residential sector, Installation solar energy panel and insulation will decrease the heating demands. It is possible to install them on various parts of buildings including the roof or walls. In many cases, photovoltaic are installed in not only residences and buildings but also in fallow lands for the purpose of selling the generated power

**Develop  
Original  
Technology**

By developing original technology, it's much easier to low prices since we don't need to pay royalties to use technology. It would cause wide spread of houses which uses solar energy. And Through these technology, we could make built-in buildings that has renewable energy technology in it.

# *Applying Backcasting model*

# Input options

|    |          |      |       |     |         |           |           |   |      |      |      |    |    |   |   |   |       |    |
|----|----------|------|-------|-----|---------|-----------|-----------|---|------|------|------|----|----|---|---|---|-------|----|
| 1  | 중형차 감소   | TR_P | LARGE | DRV | -26.226 | Mtoe/unit | 0         | 1 | Mtoe | 2010 | 0    | 40 | 0  | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 2  | 미니-기름기술  | TR_P | MINI  | EEF | OIL     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 3  | 미니-가스    | TR_P | MINI  | EEF | GAS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 4  | 미니-바이오가스 | TR_P | MINI  | EEF | BMS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 5  | 미니-수소    | TR_P | MINI  | EEF | H2      | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 6  | 미니-전기    | TR_P | MINI  | EEF | ELE     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 7  | 스몰-기름    | TR_P | SMALL | EEF | OIL     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 8  | 스몰-가스    | TR_P | SMALL | EEF | GAS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 9  | 스몰-바이오가스 | TR_P | SMALL | EEF | BMS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 10 | 스몰-수소    | TR_P | SMALL | EEF | H2      | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 11 | 스몰-전기    | TR_P | SMALL | EEF | ELE     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 12 | 라지-기름    | TR_P | LARGE | EEF | OIL     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 13 | 라지-가스    | TR_P | LARGE | EEF | GAS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 14 | 라지-바이오가스 | TR_P | LARGE | EEF | BMS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 15 | 라지-수소    | TR_P | LARGE | EEF | H2      | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 16 | 라지-전기    | TR_P | LARGE | EEF | ELE     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 17 | 상업-기름    | TR_P | COM   | EEF | OIL     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 18 | 상업-가스    | TR_P | COM   | EEF | GAS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 19 | 상업-바이오가스 | TR_P | COM   | EEF | BMS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 20 | 상업-수소    | TR_P | COM   | EEF | H2      | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 21 | 상업-전기    | TR_P | COM   | EEF | ELE     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 22 | 버스-기름    | TR_P | BUS   | EEF | OIL     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 23 | 버스-가스    | TR_P | BUS   | EEF | GAS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 24 | 버스-바이오가스 | TR_P | BUS   | EEF | BMS     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 25 | 버스-수소    | TR_P | BUS   | EEF | H2      | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 26 | 버스-전기    | TR_P | BUS   | EEF | ELE     | 200       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 27 | 기차-기름    | TR_P | TRAIN | EEF | OIL     | 50        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 28 | 기차-가스    | TR_P | TRAIN | EEF | GAS     | 50        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 29 | 기차-바이오가스 | TR_P | TRAIN | EEF | BMS     | 50        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 30 | 기차-전기    | TR_P | TRAIN | EEF | ELE     | 100       | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 31 | 배-기름     | TR_P | SHIP  | EEF | OIL     | 33        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 32 | 배-가스     | TR_P | SHIP  | EEF | GAS     | 33        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 33 | 배-바이오가스  | TR_P | SHIP  | EEF | BMS     | 33        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 34 | 배-수소     | TR_P | SHIP  | EEF | H2      | 33        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 35 | 비행기-기름   | TR_P | AIR   | EEF | OIL     | 50        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 36 | 비행기-가스   | TR_P | AIR   | EEF | GAS     | 50        | Point     | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |
| 37 | 미니-연료변화  | TR_P | MINI  | FSH | OIL     | -0.457    | Mtoe/unit | 0 | 1    | Mtoe | 2010 | 0  | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | B-JPY | 0% |

Input 50 options for accurate projection

# Process of Backcasting Model

## Transportation Sector

### 1 Energy service demand

|       | Unit   | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 | 2040 | 2045 | 2050 |
|-------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| PPV_S | B p-km | 18   | 19   | 19   | 20   | 21   | 21   | 22   | 22   | 23   | 23   | 24   |
| PPV_M | B p-km | 159  | 163  | 166  | 170  | 173  | 176  | 180  | 183  | 186  | 190  | 193  |
| PPV_L | B p-km | 9    | 10   | 10   | 11   | 12   | 12   | 13   | 14   | 14   | 15   | 16   |
| CPV   | B p-km | 4    | 4    | 4    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    |
| BUS   | B p-km | 42   | 42   | 42   | 41   | 41   | 40   | 40   | 39   | 39   | 38   | 38   |
| TRN   | B p-km | 33   | 36   | 39   | 42   | 45   | 48   | 51   | 53   | 56   | 59   | 62   |
| SHP   | B p-km | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| AIR   | B p-km | 8    | 8    | 8    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 6    | 6    | 6    |

### CM

| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 | 2040 | 2045 | 2050 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 18   | 19   | 19   | 20   | 21   | 21   | 22   | 22   | 23   | 23   | 24   |
| 159  | 163  | 166  | 170  | 173  | 176  | 180  | 183  | 186  | 190  | 193  |
| 9    | 10   | 9    | 6    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 2    |
| 4    | 4    | 4    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    | 5    |
| 42   | 42   | 42   | 41   | 41   | 40   | 40   | 39   | 39   | 38   | 38   |
| 33   | 36   | 39   | 43   | 46   | 50   | 54   | 57   | 61   | 65   | 68   |
| 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 8    | 8    | 8    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 7    | 6    | 6    | 6    |

## Residential Sector

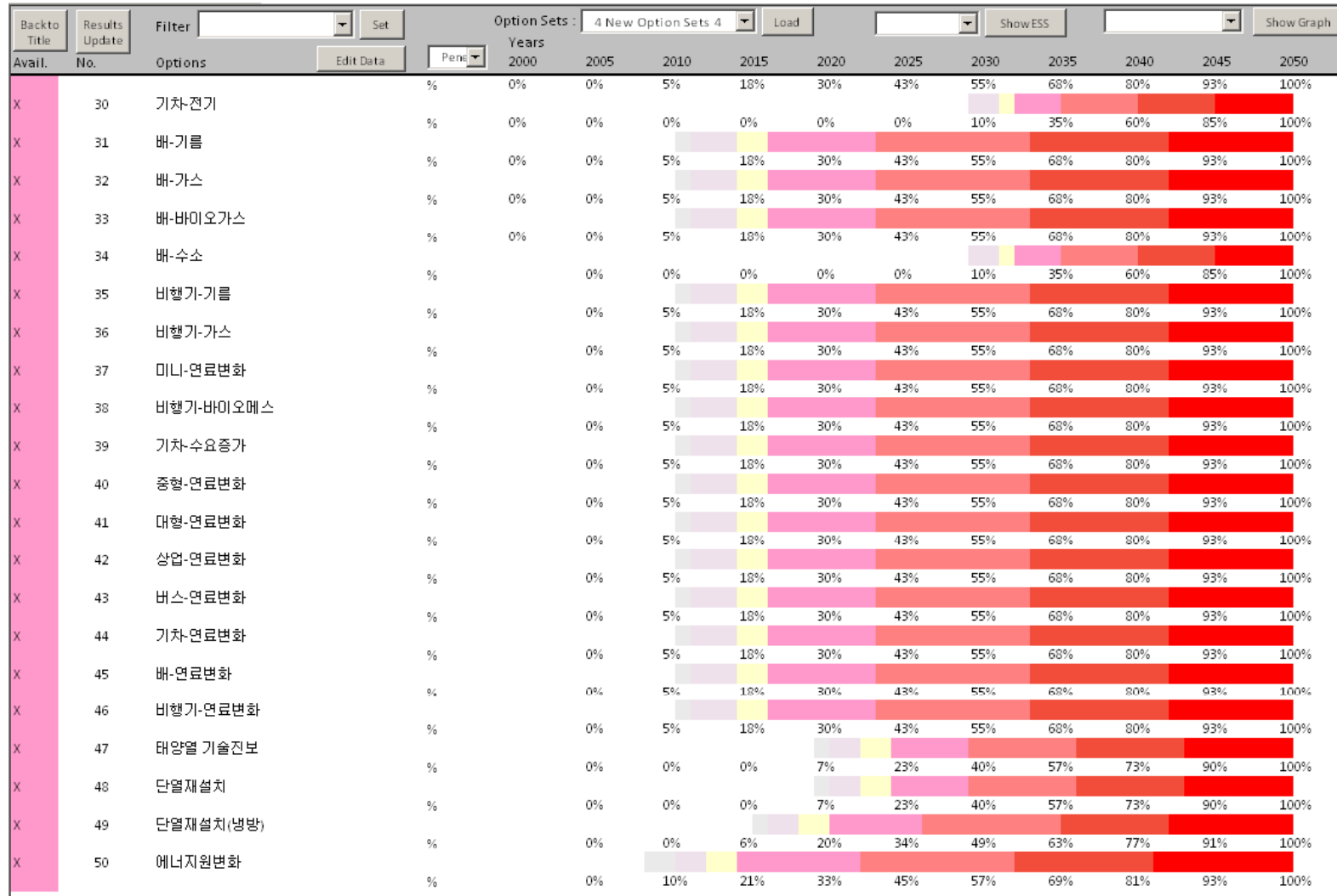
### 1 Energy service demand

|                       | Unit | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 | 2040 | 2045 | 2050 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Space cooling         |      | 1.6  | 2.04 | 2.46 | 2.88 | 3.3  | 3.72 | 4.15 | 4.57 | 4.99 | 5.41 | 5.8  |
| Hot water and heating |      | 10.1 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 12   | 12.7 | 13.3 | 14   | 14.6 | 15.3 | 16   | 16.6 |
| Cooking               |      | 1.6  | 1.66 | 1.69 | 1.71 | 1.73 | 1.76 | 1.78 | 1.81 | 1.83 | 1.86 | 1.9  |
| Lighting              |      | 1.0  | 1.08 | 1.15 | 1.23 | 1.3  | 1.38 | 1.45 | 1.53 | 1.6  | 1.67 | 1.7  |
| Refrigerators         |      | 0.5  | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.9  | 0.95 | 1.0  |
| ICT appliance         |      | 0.7  | 0.91 | 1.1  | 1.3  | 1.49 | 1.69 | 1.88 | 2.07 | 2.27 | 2.46 | 2.7  |
| Cloth washers         |      | 0.2  | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.2  |
| Other Appliance       |      | 1.1  | 1.35 | 1.62 | 1.89 | 2.16 | 2.42 | 2.69 | 2.96 | 3.23 | 3.5  | 3.8  |

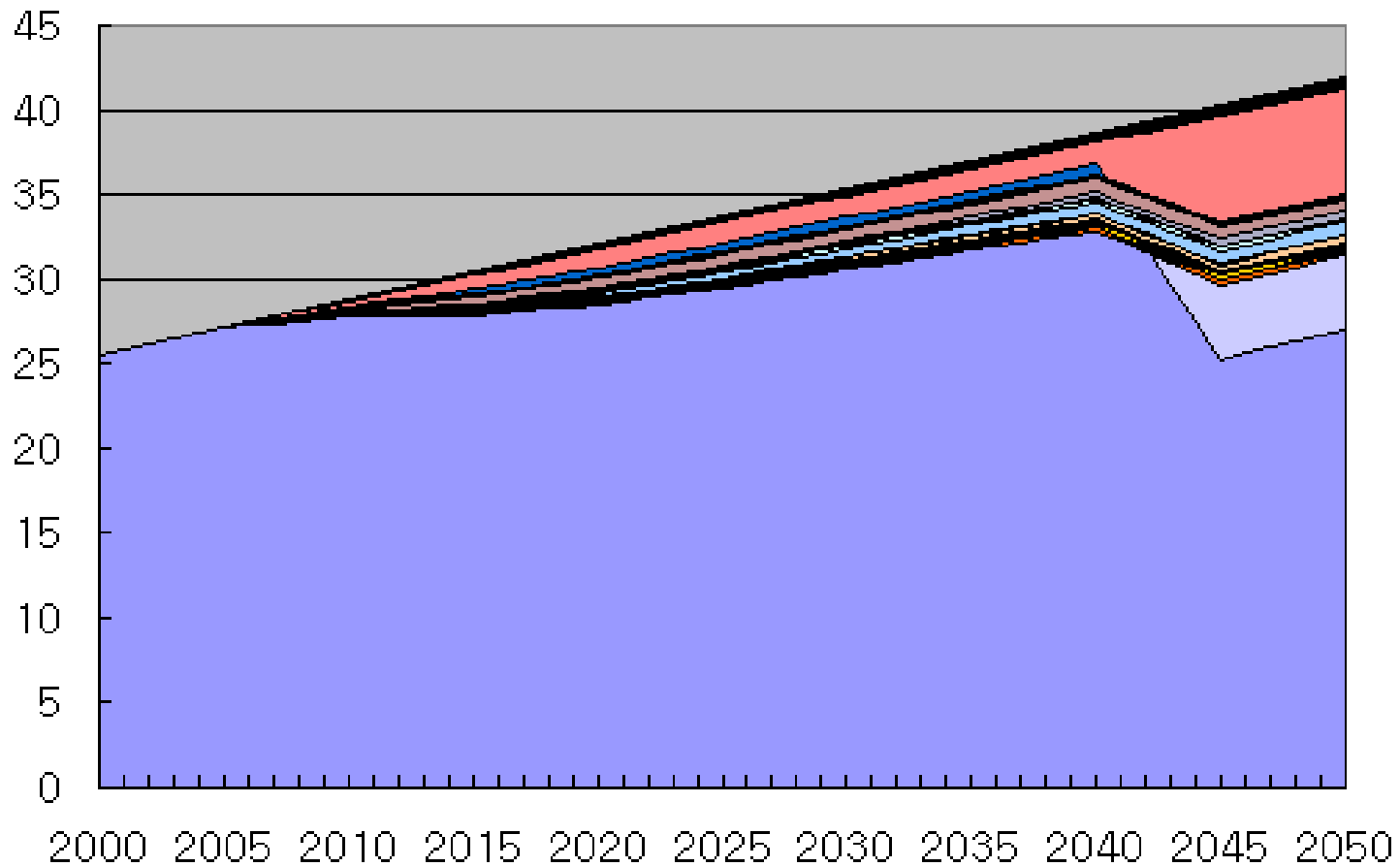
### CM

| 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 | 2040 | 2045 | 2050 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1.6  | 2.04 | 2.46 | 2.83 | 3.11 | 3.38 | 3.64 | 3.88 | 4.11 | 4.33 | 4.6  |
| 10.1 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 12   | 12.6 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 14.7 |
| 1.6  | 1.66 | 1.69 | 1.71 | 1.73 | 1.76 | 1.78 | 1.81 | 1.83 | 1.86 | 1.9  |
| 1.0  | 1.08 | 1.15 | 1.23 | 1.3  | 1.38 | 1.45 | 1.53 | 1.6  | 1.67 | 1.7  |
| 0.5  | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.9  | 0.95 | 1.0  |
| 0.7  | 0.91 | 1.1  | 1.3  | 1.49 | 1.69 | 1.88 | 2.07 | 2.27 | 2.46 | 2.7  |
| 0.2  | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.2  |
| 1.1  | 1.35 | 1.62 | 1.89 | 2.16 | 2.42 | 2.69 | 2.96 | 3.23 | 3.5  | 3.8  |

# Process of Backcasting Model



# Process of Backcasting Model



In 2030 after introducing H2 mini and small car causes drastic decrease emission of CO2

***Conclusion & Discussion point***



## Conclusions

- Korea already have potential options for LCS but they are individually working in different sectors in society
- Backcasting model could very useful to make national roadmap
- To achieve LCS, need cooperation among various Field
- Need more options and actions accurate projection of LCS
- During Preparing backcasting model, some error has occurred.
- Financial option should be included.

**Thank you for your attention**