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National Institute for Environmental Studies, Tsukuba, Japan

# Studies on Climate Change and Related Activities

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### International Activities

• IPCC SRSDCC

- (Jun. 01, Washington)
- Energy Modeling Forum (Aug. 01, Snowmass)
- Millennium Ecosystem Assessment



- IPCC TGCIA (November, Barbados)
- Global Modeling Forum (Dec. 01, Macao)
- Tyndall Center Workshop

(Feb. 02, Southampton)









## Linkages between Climate Change Mitigation and Sustainable Development



- Environmental & economic policies
- Human and social capital
- Infrastructure
- Innovation and technology



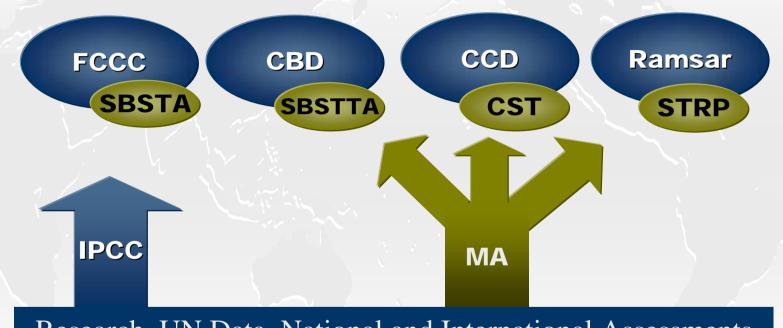
SD

- Avoided CC impacts
- Costs and distribution of costs
- •Ancillary benefits
- •Forestry/agriculture impacts

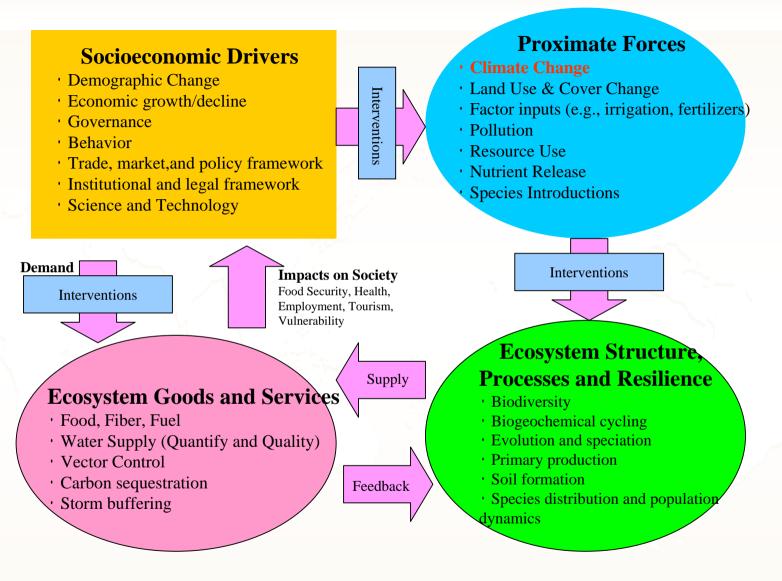
CCM policy



## Multiple Users Among Conventions



Research, UN Data, National and International Assessments



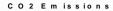
Framework of Ecosystem Assessment

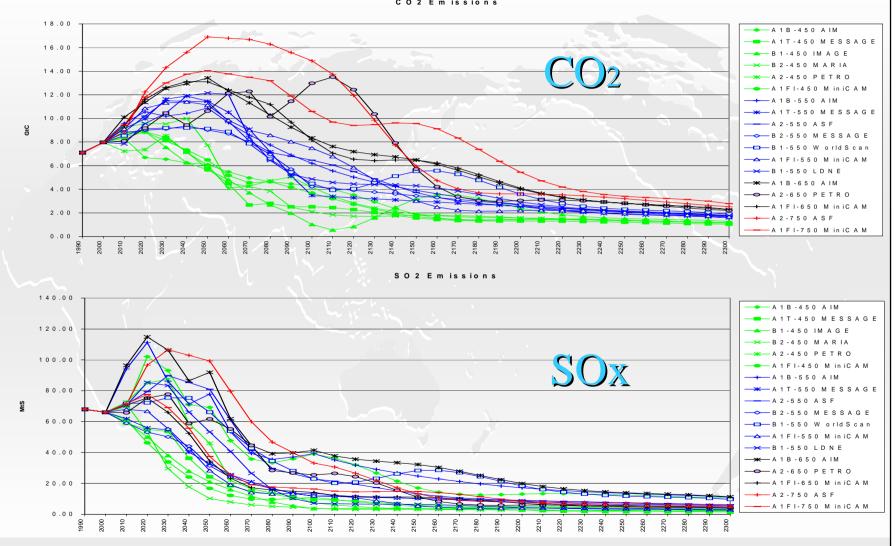
### Assessment Outputs

- Conceptual Framework (2003)
- Assessment Reports (2004)
  - Sub-global Assessment
  - Condition/Trends Assessment
  - Scenario Assessment
  - Response Options Assessment
  - Summary Volume (SPMs of 4 reports)
- Synthesis Reports
  - Biodiversity (2004)
  - Desertification (2005)
  - Wetlands (2005)
  - Private Sector (2005)
  - Human Well-being (2005)



#### Post-SRES scenarios for climate change simulations





#### Recommendation on new IPCC SRES

- Scenarios with a starting year updated from
   1990 to 2000
- More sophisticated socio-economic scenarios with spatial dynamics
- Adding other substances, such as black carbon, organic carbon, nitrate aerosols, mineral dust

#### Necessary improvement of post-SRES analyses

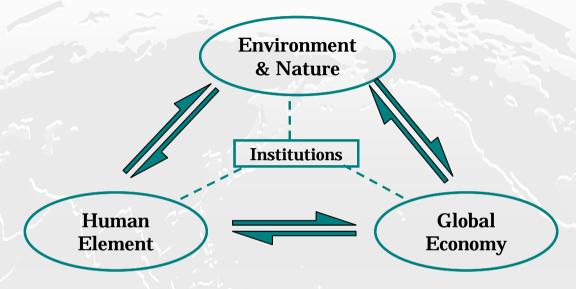
- analyses of costs and benefits of different time paths for stabilization;
- analyses of ancillary benefits and costs, notably those related to local and regional air pollution (ozone, PM, ammonia, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, etc.);
- implications of stabilization of radiative forcing rather than CO2 concentration;
- detailed analyses of land-use policies accounting for biofuel supply in mitigation scenarios and the demand for food, fiber and water resources;
- analyses of different regional emissions distributions based on different equity principles.

## A few proposals for new emission scenario development

- IPCC TGCIA
- Kassel University
- Energy Modelling Forum



Forum for Globally-Integrated Environmental Assessment Modeling



- New Modeling Forum for General Environmental Audiences
- Dutch initiative
- More attention to sustainability rather than innovation
- Less focusing on developing regions
- Qualitative approach want to increase its voice



## Keywords in the Tyndall Workshop

- Ancillary benefits and innovation for the cost reduction of Kyoto
- Adaptation effects for determine the long term stabilization level of global climate, which is close related to the target for the second term commitment

#### Recent trends of IAM research

- From climate change studies to sustainable development studies
- Increased importance of international IA process, especially on North-South platform to create common scientific basis
- More attention to the international interaction between economy and environment
- Greater focus on dynamic spatial economyenvironment interactions as well as ecosystem
- More expectation of innovations such as advanced technology introduction, environmental industry encouragement, consumption shift, and market restructuring
- Necessary response to the policies for Kyoto protocol, the 2<sup>nd</sup> term commitment, and to the new scientific discoveries