Khon Kaen Province: On the Way to Low Carbon Society

Penwadee Cheewapongphan
Sirintornthep Towprayoon
Savitri Garivait

AIM Workshop

NIES, Tsukuba, Japan

13-14 December 2013





Objective

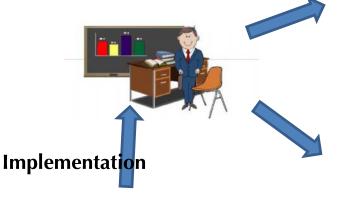
To develop low carbon scenarios for Khon Kaen province to support its vision of Low Carbon Society Model for the Greater Mekong Subregion (GMS)







Scope and Methodology





Action plan



Snap shot of target years

What to do?....

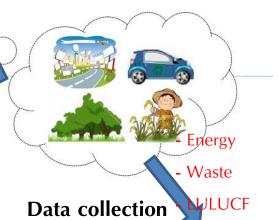


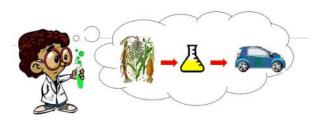
Framework/Survey

Study Boundary



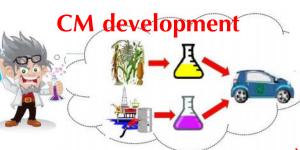
Review



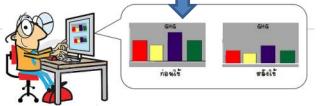


Estimate base year emission

Yr 2005



(Stakeholder Workshop & Site Visit)



Yr 2030, 2050 Projection to targets

Khon Kaen Province (KK-province)

Khon Kaen

Location

Latitudes 15°21'5" N; Longitudes 101°44'45" E

Total Land 10,885.99 km² (Forest land 2,074 km²)

Climate SW monsoon with very dry zones

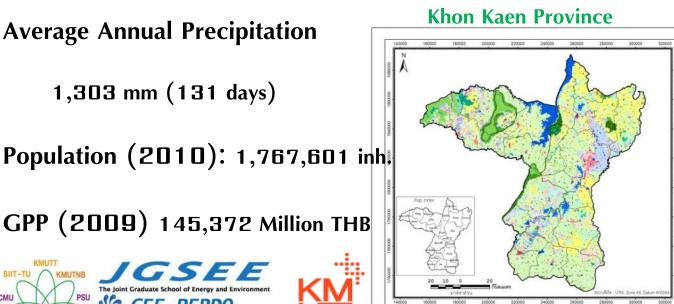
Mean Annual Temperature: 21-38°C

Average Annual Precipitation

1,303 mm (131 days)

GPP (2009) 145,372 Million THB



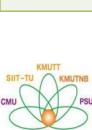




Overall Statistics of KK province - in 2007

	unit	Khon Kaen Province	Thailand	Khon Kaen/ Thailand (%)
Population	PP	1,752,414	66,041,000	2.7%
GPP-GDP-Agriculture	Million B	12,643	848,688	1.5%
GPP-GDP-Non Agriculture	Million B	101,282	8,189,087	1.2%
Energy Consumption	ktoe	955.78	64,886	1.5%
Total Area	km²	10,886	513,115	2.1%
Forest Area	km²	1,406.98	183,446	0.8%

7,562.94



Agriculture Area





 $\,\mathrm{km}^2$

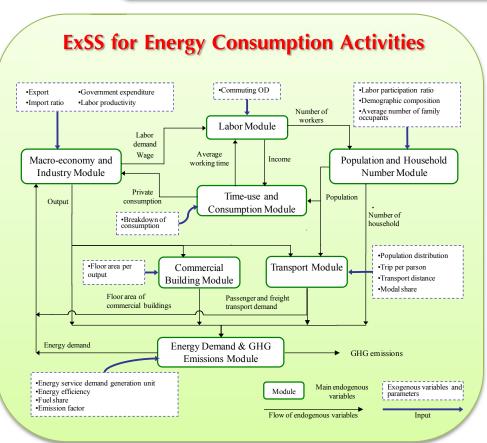
288,545

2.6%

Methodology

Concept of GHG emissions estimation

Emission = Activity data × Emission factor











Data	

Demographic & Economic

- Number of KK-population

- Input-Output Table (I-O)

- Electricity Consumption

- Oil Consumption

- Transport Behavior

- Building Floor Area

- Number of Industry

- Gross KK-Provincial Product

Energy-Consumption Activities

National Statistical Office (NSO)

Provincial Electricity Authority (PEA)

Land Development Department (LDD)

Office of Transport Policy (Khon Kaen master plan)

Department of Energy Business

Department of Industrial Work

Source

National Economic and Social Development Board (NESDB)

National Economic and Social Development Board (NESDB)

J ata	Col	lection	

Data Collection

Data Collection

Data Collection

Source

8

Waste Management Activities	
- Waste Generation Rate	Regional Environmental Office 10 (REO 10)
- Waste Collection Efficiency	Regional Environmental Office 10 (REO 10)
- Waste Composition	Regional Environmental Office 10 (REO 10)

Regional Environmental Office 10 (REO 10)

Office of Agricultural Economic (OAE)

Office of Agricultural Economic (OAE)

Land Development Department (LDD)

Office of Agricultural Economic (OAE)

IPCC GHG 2006

Data

- Waste Recycle Rate

LULUCF Activities

- Number of Livestocks

- Amount of Fertilization

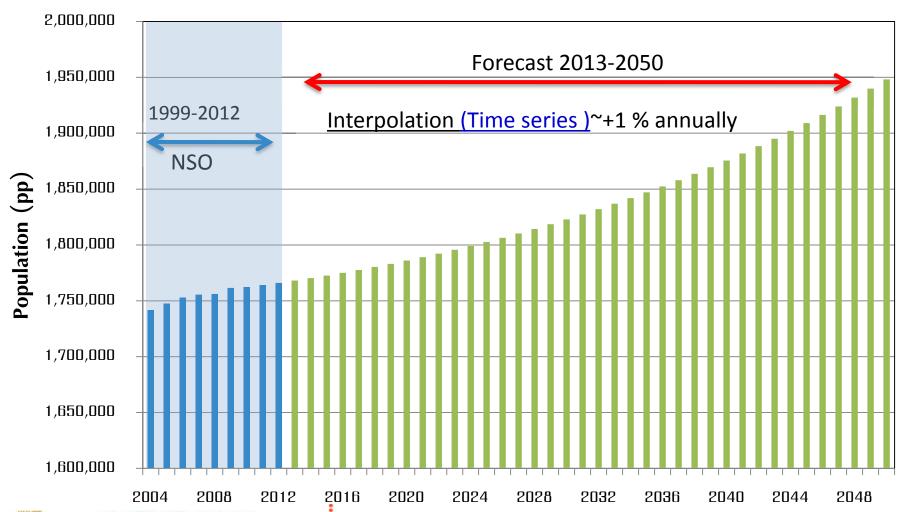
- Crop Land

Forest Land

- Manure Management System

GHG Emission Projection – Population

a) Population Forecast

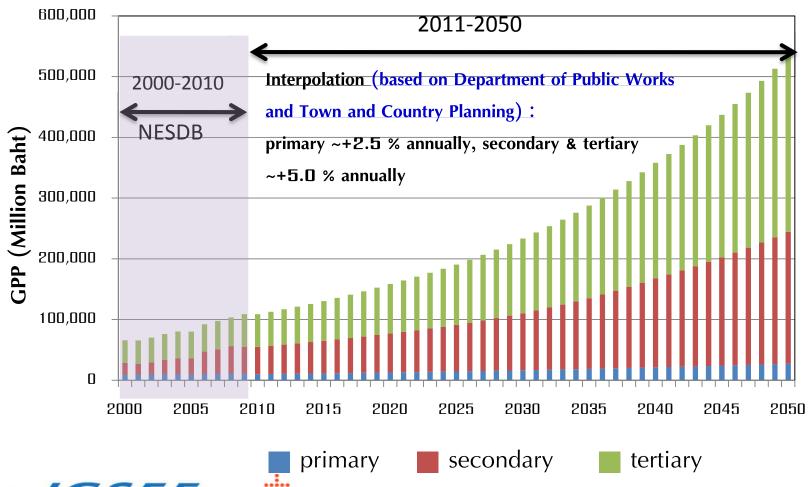






GHG Emission Projection – GPP

b) GPP Forecast



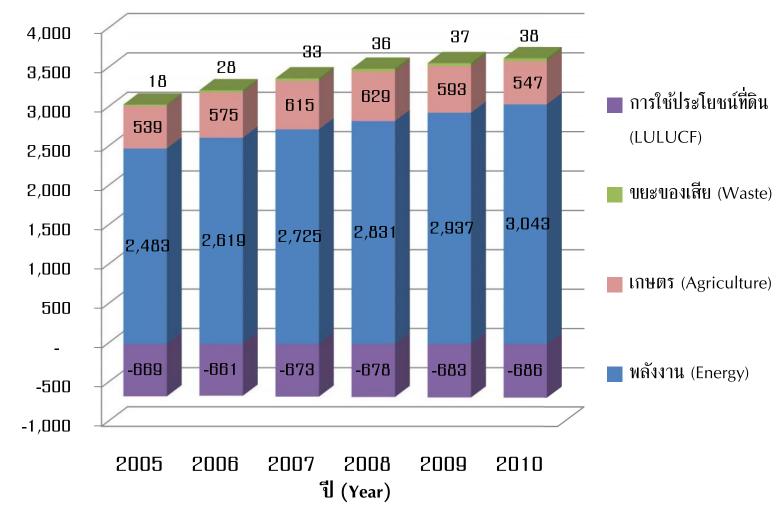






(a) Situation of GHG Emissions and Removal in KK-province



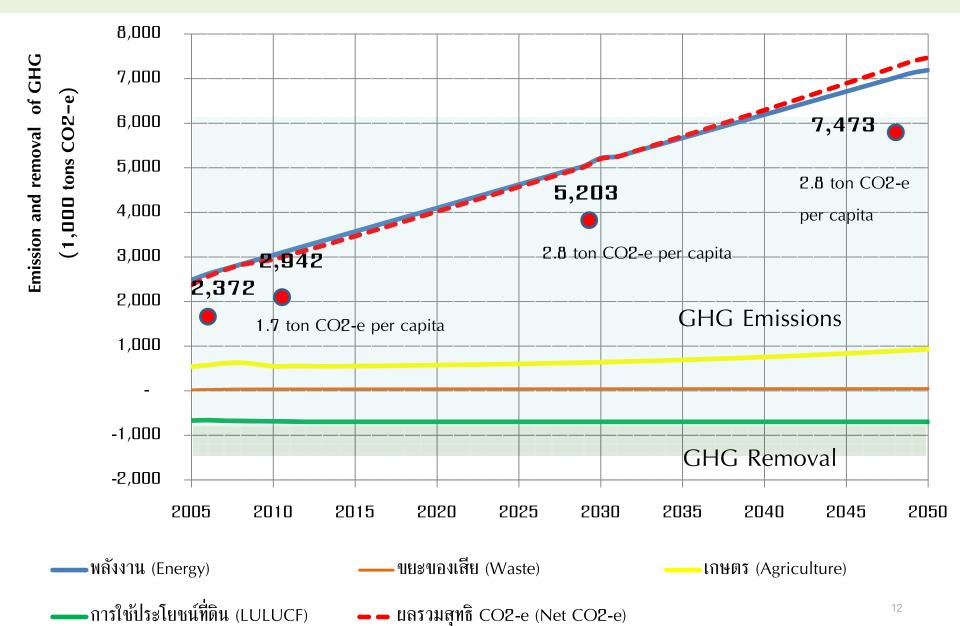




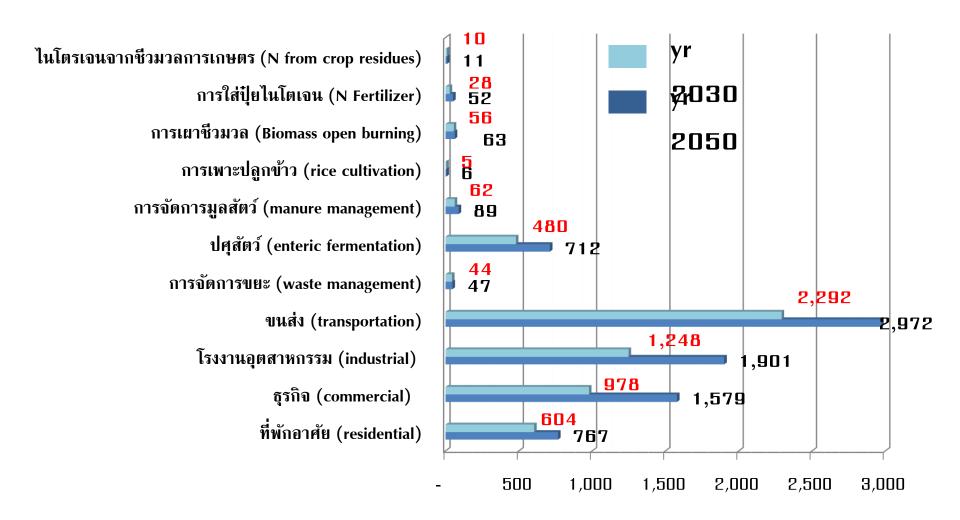




(a) Situation of GHG Emissions and Removal in KK-province



(a) Situation of GHG Emissions and Removal in KK-province









KK – LCS Related Strategies & Activities

4 strategies of KK related on LCC Development

Strategy 1: Green City

Strategy 2: Clean City

Strategy 3: City of Energy Care

Strategy 4: Living Sustainable City







KK - LCS Related Strategies & Activities

Strategy 1: Green City

Target

Increasing Green Space

Activities in Khon Kaen province

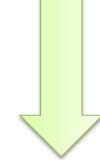


- To plant big tree in 0.5 km² area
- To breed tree in school by student
- To launch green campaign
- To give 9 trees to the newborn baby
- To support the backyard garden in the house
- To support the free tree to the community
- Etc.









GHG emission mitigation analysis

Assumption

- Year 2015: Planting and continuous maintenance of big trees in 50% of degraded forest land (~100 km²)
- Year 2030: Planting & Conservation: Planting and continuous maintenance of big trees in 100% of degraded forest land (~ 200 km²)
- Year 2030-2050: Planting & Conservation: Conservative all of forest land





KK - LCS Related Strategies & Activities

Strategy 2: Clean City

Target

To become a zero waste land

Activities in Khon Kaen province

- To support using e-mail instead of paper
- To use paper-glass instead of plastic-glass for visitor
- To use own-glass for the officer
- To educate waste separation for the officer
- To provide tank separation waste
- To compete the amount of waste reduction in each department in the office
- To create the objects from the waste
- Etc.



GHG emission mitigation analysis



Assumption

- •Year 2015 (Launch of Recycling campaign): increasing the recycling rate to 15% of generated waste
- •Year 2030 Recycling: increasing the recycling rate to **30**% of generated waste
- •Year **2050** Recycling: Keeping the recycling rate at **30**% of generated waste







KK-LCS Related Strategies & Activities

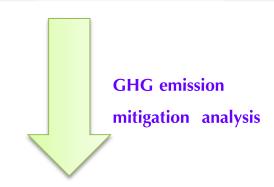
Strategy 3: City of Energy Care



Decreasing the energy consumption

Activities in Khon Kaen province

- To service employee by shuttle bus
- To control air condition operating time and temp.
- To provide the design of energy saving building
- To support using renewable energy
- To purchase frying oil
- Etc.



Assumption

Year 2015 (Launch of the campaign):

- Modal shifting: 10% reduction of private car transportation in KK-municipality
- Fuel Switching: 10% increase of bio-fuel in passenger and freight transportation

Year 2030:

- Modal shifting: 50% reduction of private car transportation in KK-municipality
- Fuel Switching: 50% increase of bio-fuel in passenger and freight transportation

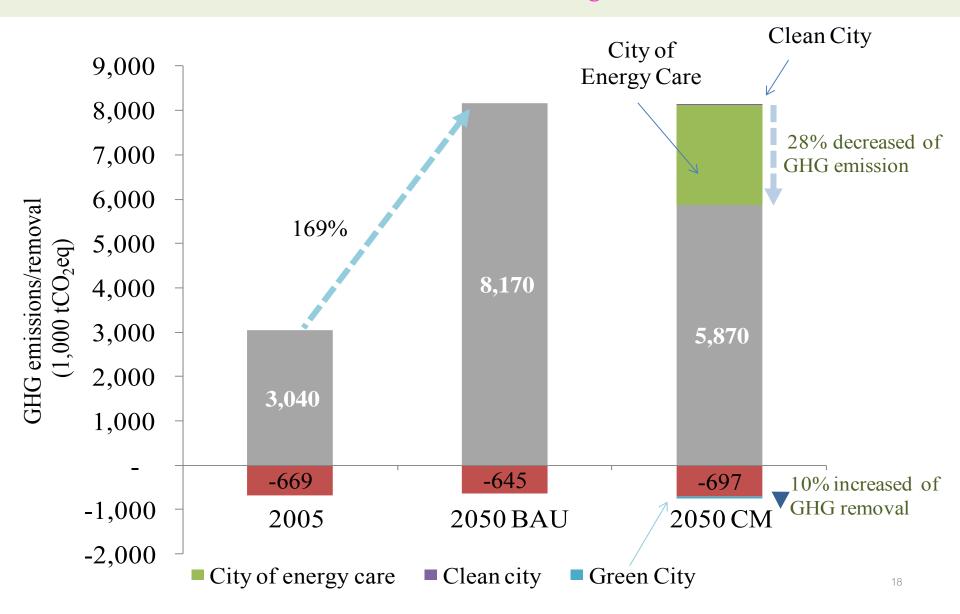
Year 2050:

- Modal shifting: Keeping the share of private car transportation as year 2030
- Fuel Switching: Keeping the share of bio-fuel in passenger and freight transportation as year 2030



(b) GHG emissions and mitigations

based on KK - LCS Related Strategies & Activities



Stakeholder Workshop (18 June 2013)

Objective:

To disseminate and share experience on low carbon scenarios for KK-province with stakeholders to consolidate the scenarios target and to outline possible action plans.

95 Participants including local government officials, local community representatives, academics, industries, and local press-media







Sites Visit (19 June 2013)

To collect observations and feedback from stakeholders on existing KK-LCS related activities

@ school



















Findings from Stakeholders Workshop and Sites

Visits

KK-Strength

- Good co-operation of stakeholders to drive KK-province towards LCS
- Strong political will of both local and central government to make KK a model of LCS for the region

KK-Weakness

Lack of quantitative records/data required for the assessment of emission reduction/mitigation potential of planned/already implemented KK – LCS related activities

KK-Next Step Forward

➤ KK-Municipality is strongly interested in developing a monitoring system enabling to assess the effectiveness of planned/existing KK – LCS related activities

















Regional Environmental Office 10 (REO 10), Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, Thailand



Khon Kaen Municipality, Thailand







