New land emissions scenarios and modeling innovations

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Subgroup goals

- Support overall scenarios analyses mitigation, climate, (impacts)
 - Generate new scenarios
 - Improve underlying biophysical and economic modeling
 - Understand model differences

Subgroup Agenda

- Part A: Scenarios from a coordination experiment and other new scenarios
 - Culminates tomorrow with a discussion of lessons learned and prospects for broad coordination

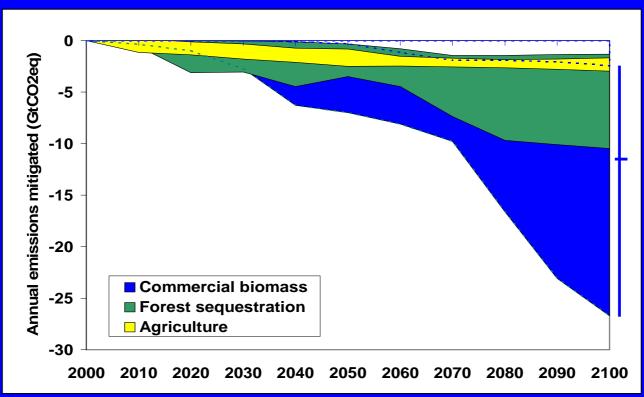
Part B: Methodological advances and future prospects

Since Washington

- New literature
 - EMF-21 papers, van Vuuren et al. (2006), Riahi et al. (2006), Rokitansky et al. (2006)
 - EMF report on the land in stabilization forthcoming
- Significant room for improvement. Tremendous development effort, e.g.,
 - Land-use competition
 - Mitigation competition
 - Forest dynamics
 - Non-co2 inventory data, mitigation cost estimates, and modeling
 - Avoided deforestation
 - Spatial modeling
 - Biofuels
 - Food demand
 - Climate feedbacks

Poised for subgroup scale scenarios modeling exercise!!

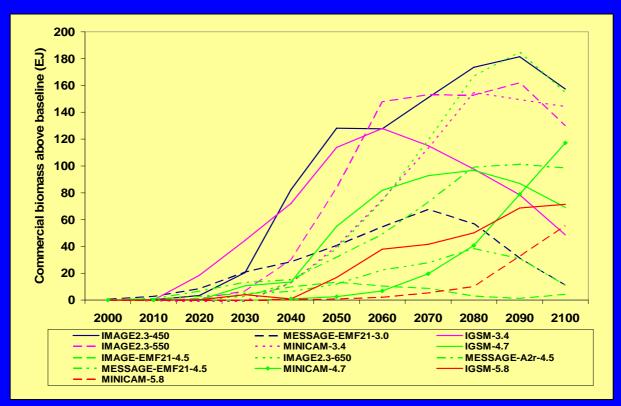
Land in stabilization



Source: Derived from EMF report

- Significant stabilization role: 20-40% of cumulative 2000-2100 abatement (457-1259 GtCO2eq)
 - Agriculture and forestry early and growing
 - Biofuels dominate land strategy later and overall

Biofuels in stabilization



Sources: EMF report, USCCSP (2006)

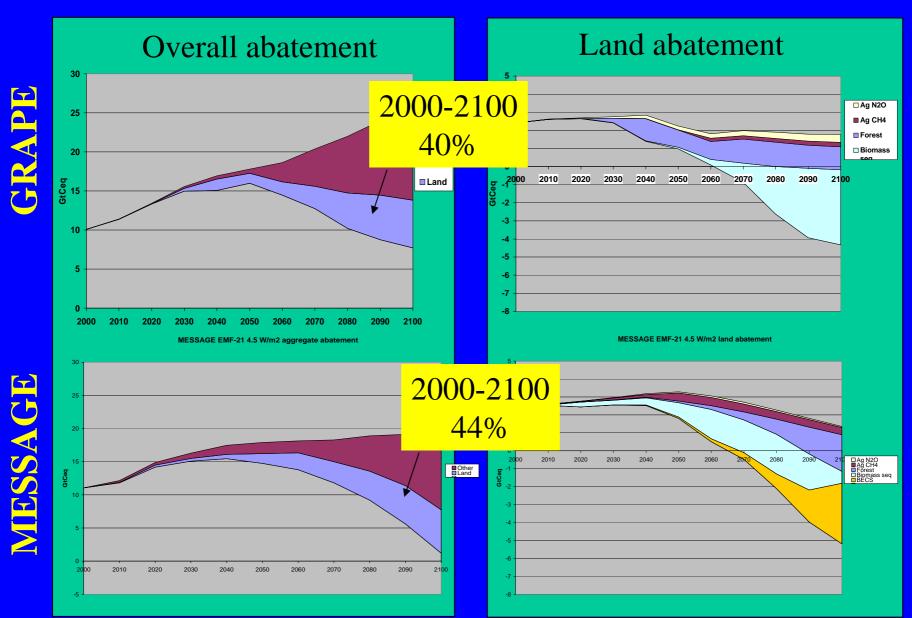
Abatement:

- Up to 7 GtCO2 in 2050 and 27 GtCO2 in 2100
- 4 to 30 % of cumulative abatement over the century

Energy:

- 51 to 88 EJ in 2050 for 4-5 W/m2 scenarios (7-14% of total TPES)
- 93 to 150 EJ in 2050 for 3.25-4 W/m2 scenarios (14-28 %)
- 8 to 23 % of cumulative total primary energy 2000-2100

Sample 4.5 W/m2 scenarios



Source: EMF report

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Part A: Coordinated scenarios

- Broad subgroup agreement on value of coordination and desire to participate
- However,
 - Coordination design questions many model structures
 - Some models completing development
- Therefore, initial coordination experiment proposed and developed "Give it a try"
 - Guinea pigs: IMAGE, DIMA/MESSAGE, GRAPE, GFAM, GCOMAP, and FASOMGHG2
 - Goal: inform design of a "full" subgroup coordination exercise

Initial coordination guidelines

- Feel free to run your <u>own baseline scenario</u> in juxtaposition to the coordinated baseline scenario
- As for the coordinated data, only use what makes sense.
 - (1) do not force your model to mimic variables it solves for
 - Interesting to compare the endogenous and exogenous scenario results.
 - (2) if you cannot use the data as is, feel free to be creative (e.g, use growth rates instead of levels).
- Each model has unique data requirements. Please ask if you require additional input data that you would like to be consistent with the data already provided (e.g., acreage).
- Request to report particular results

Coordinated baseline scenarios

- Sensitivities on your own baseline scenario
 - Reduce your food/feed crop technological change rates by 50%
 - Increase your food/feed crop technological change rates by 50%
- Coordination scenario <u>without climate/atmospheric feedbacks</u>
 - Variables
 - Population regional and global (millions)
 - GDP (at MER) regional and global (billions 1990 US\$)
 - Agricultural technological change (average annual growth, %) crop and livestock
 - Source: Millennium Ecosystem Assessment Adapting Mosaic scenario (MA-AM) – storyline comparable to SRES B2
 - Technological change for other sectors modeler's discretion.
 - Could consider SRES B2 tech change assumptions
 - Climate policy assume no climate policies
- Coordination scenario with climate/atmospheric feedbacks
 - "Turn on" the climate/atmospheric feedbacks with the MA-AM baseline

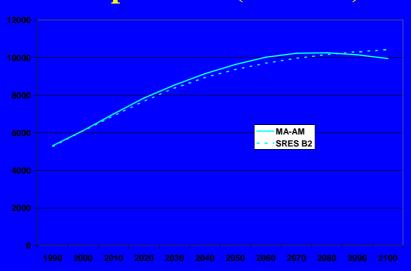
Coordinated mitigation scenarios "If you run, please consider..."

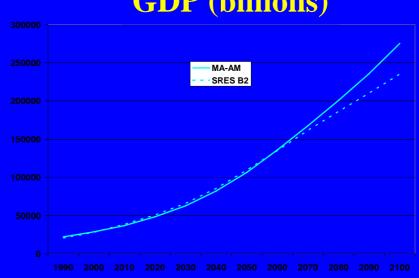
- Use MA-AM baseline
 - Modeler's choice with or without climate/atmospheric feedbacks
- For IAMs, 650 ppm CO2eq stabilization with multigas and sinks mitigation options
- For CGE and PE models, two carbon price paths produced from EMF-21 4.5 W/m2 runs
 - In the future, provide carbon prices produced from the IAM's stabilization scenarios with a coordinated baseline

Data overview - Global

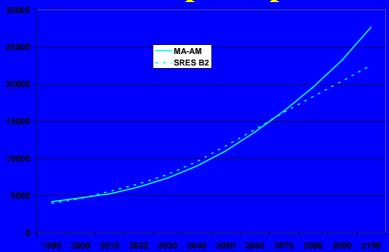
Population (millions)







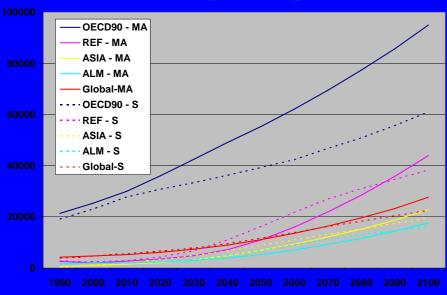
GDP per capita

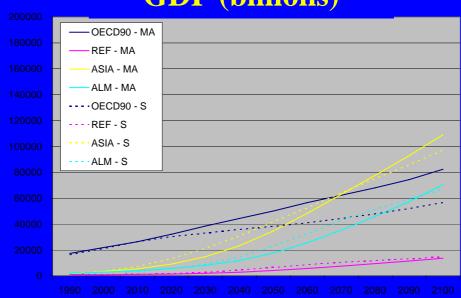


Data overview – Regional

GDP (billions)

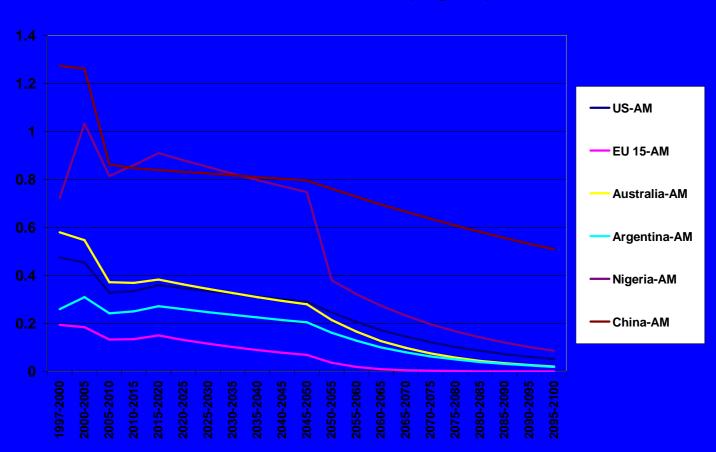
GDP per capita





Data overview – Ag. tech. change e.g., Beef annual yield growth (%kg/head)

Beef Annual Yield Growth (% kg/head)



Next: The Experimenters