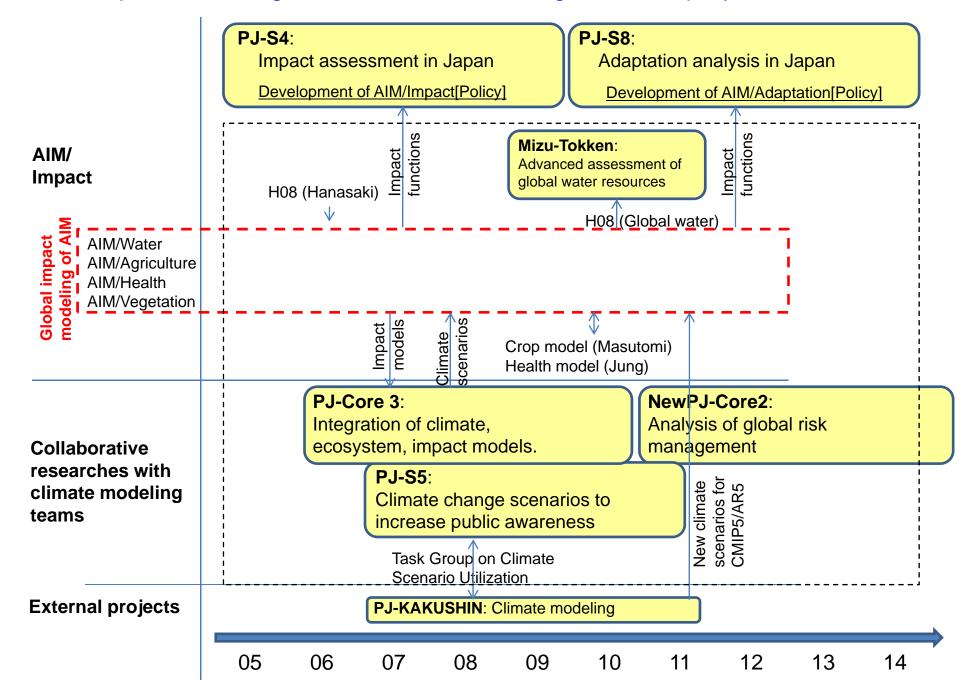
### Global Impact Modeling

Kiyoshi Takahashi, Naota Hanasaki, Yasuaki Hijioka, Takahiro Yamamoto, Yonghee Shin (NIES, Japan)

Yuji Masutomi (CESS, Japan)

Huicheul Jung (KEI, Korea)

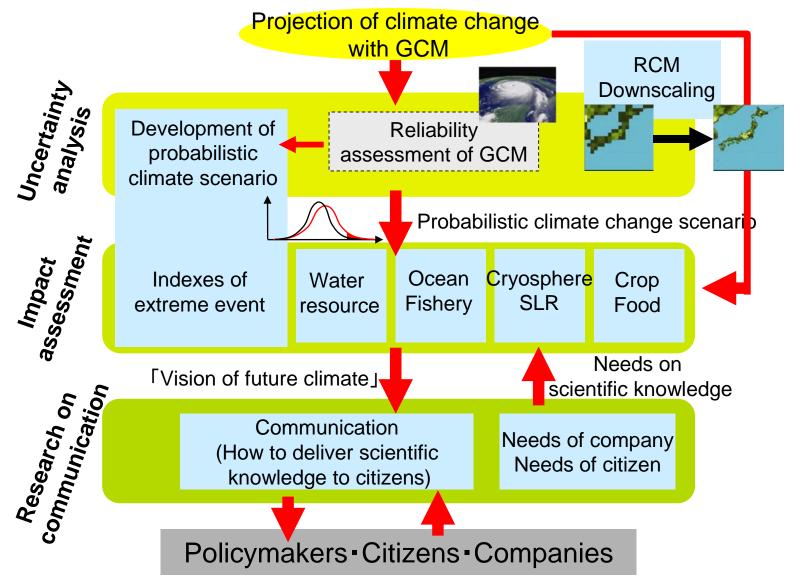
#### Global impact modeling of AIM and surrounding research projects



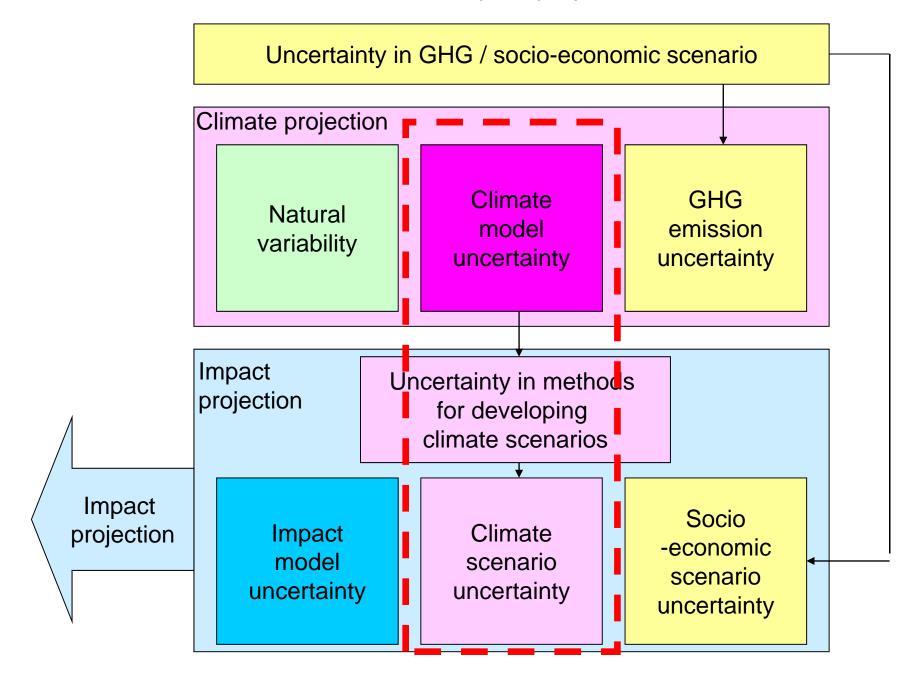
#### Scheme of the S-5 project (2007-2011)

Integrated research on climate change scenarios to increase public awareness and contribute to the policy process (S-5 project)





#### Various uncertainties contained in impact projection



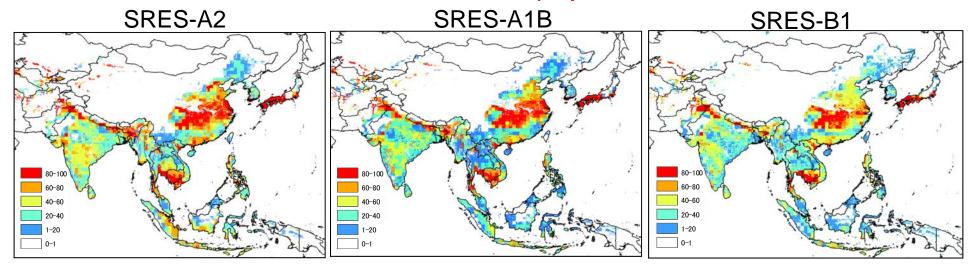
#### Impact sectors covered in the S-5 project

- Hydrology and water resource [Univ. of Tokyo]
  - Risk of water shortage at global scale
- Ocean environment and fishery [Hokkaido Univ.]
  - Ocean ecological environment at global scale and fishery resources
  - Soundness of coral reef
- Polar ice sheet and sea level [Univ. of Tokyo]
  - Ice sheet in Greenland and Antarctica and its contribution to SLR.
- Agriculture and food[Natl. Inst. for Agri. Environ. Inst.]
  - Yield change of serials in east Asian region.
  - Environmental burden caused by agricultural activities (N-load)
  - Yield change of serials at global scale [NIES]
- Terrestrial ecosystem [NIES]
  - Terrestrial vegetation and carbon cycle

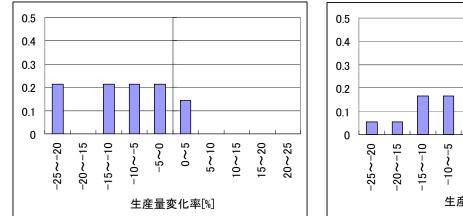
## Example of impact assessment considering uncertainty of climate projection

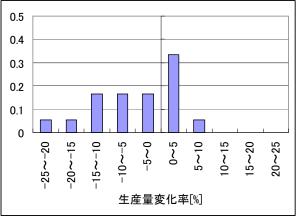
Impact on rice productivity

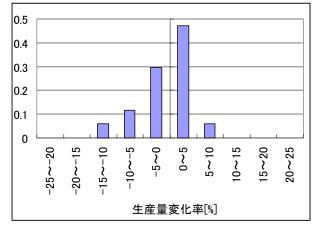
Crop productivity assessments using multi-GCM projections evaluated in IPCC-AR4



Probability of crop productivity decrease [%] (with CO2 fertilization; 2080s-1990s)





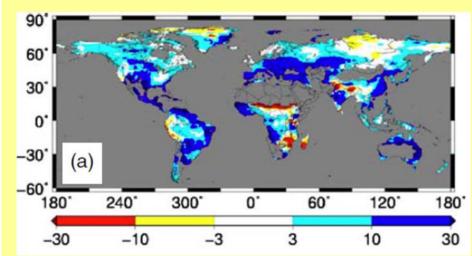


PDFs of estimated productivity change (Asia; with CO2 fertilization; 2080s-1990s)

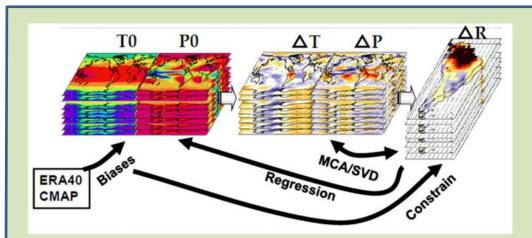
Masutomi et al. (2009) Impact assessment of climate change on rice production in Asia in comprehensive consideration of process/parameter uncertainty in general circulation models. Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment, 131, 281-291

#### Collaborative researches with climate modelers

#### Applicability of pattern scaling

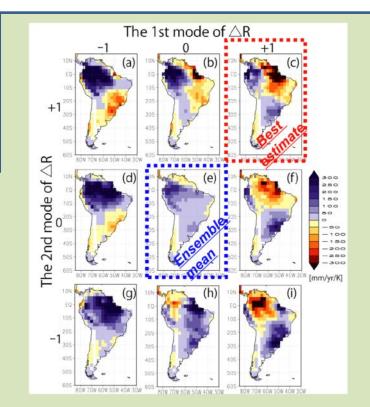


Shiogama et al. (2010) Emission scenario dependencies in climate change assessments of the hydrological cycle. Climatic Change, 99, 321-329.



Constraining climate projection uncertainty

Biases of projected changes in mean annual runoff. (The differences of percent change of mean annual runoff from 1980–1999 to 2080–2099 between R-PS and R-A2 [%].)



Shiogama et al. (2010) Uncertainty propagation from climate change projections to impacts assessments: Water resource assessments in South America. IPCC expert meeting on assessing and combining multi model climate projections, p36-38.

#### **Expected improvement of IAV studies**

Climate risk assessment considering long-term feedback effects such as change in carbon cycle.

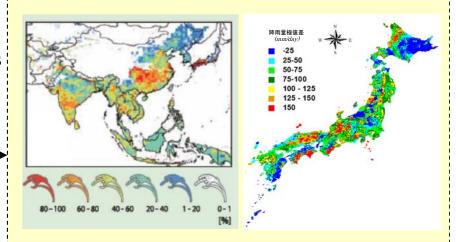
Projection of near-term impacts considering uncertainties on climate change due to natural variability.

More realistic consideration of extreme events in assessments of natural disasters

#### **Provision of new climate projection**

[Long-term] 280km Earth System Model (-2300) [Near-term] 50km AO-GCM (-2030) [Extreme event] 20km time-slice experiments

#### Impact & Vulnerability Assessments



#### **Climate Projections**

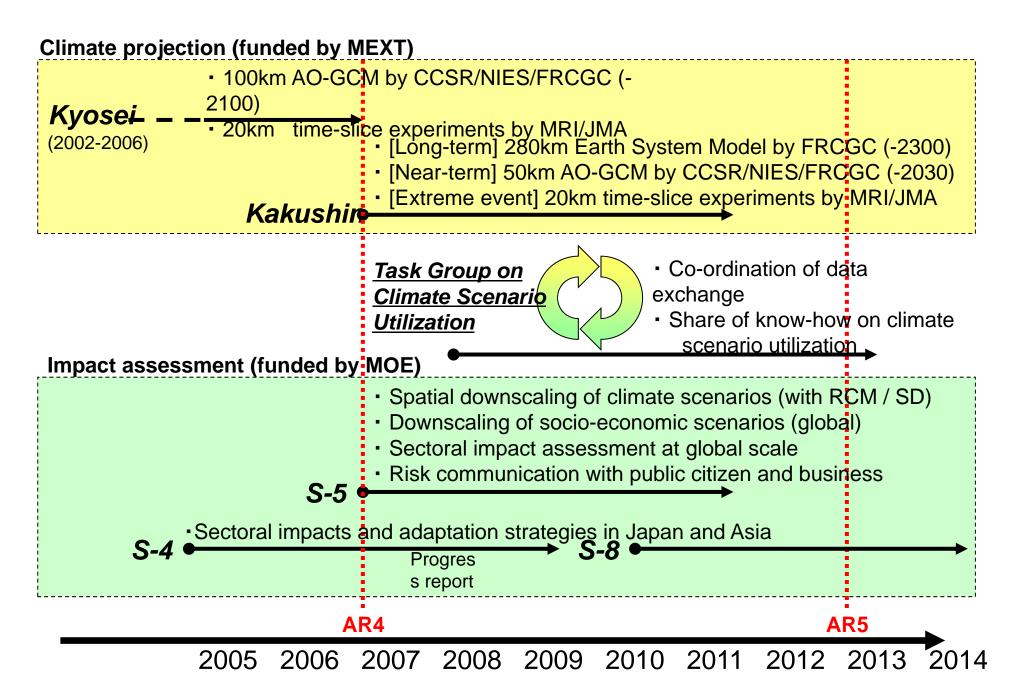


### Task Group on Cl<mark>imate</mark> Scenario Utilization

Co-ordination of data exchange
 Share of know-how on climate
 scenario utilization

http://hydro.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/wiki/tgcs/ [Password] TGCSyomu

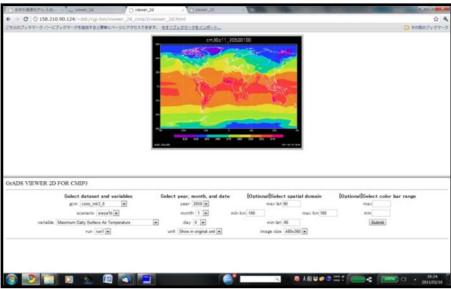
#### Collaborations between research projects

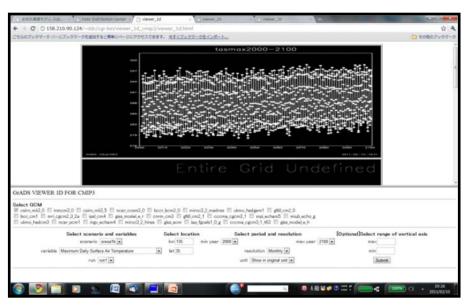


# Development of data sharing server for promoting advanced usage of climate projections



- Observed/Projected climate data archive
- Basic tools for data retrieve, visualization and analysis



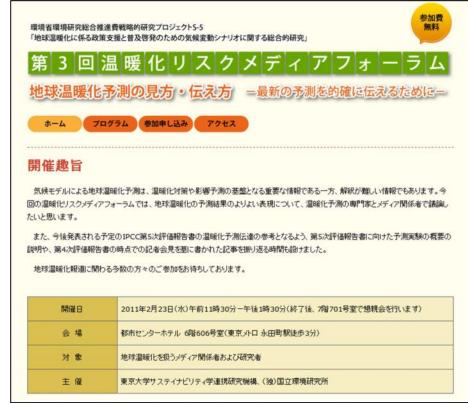


#### Risk communication in S-5 project

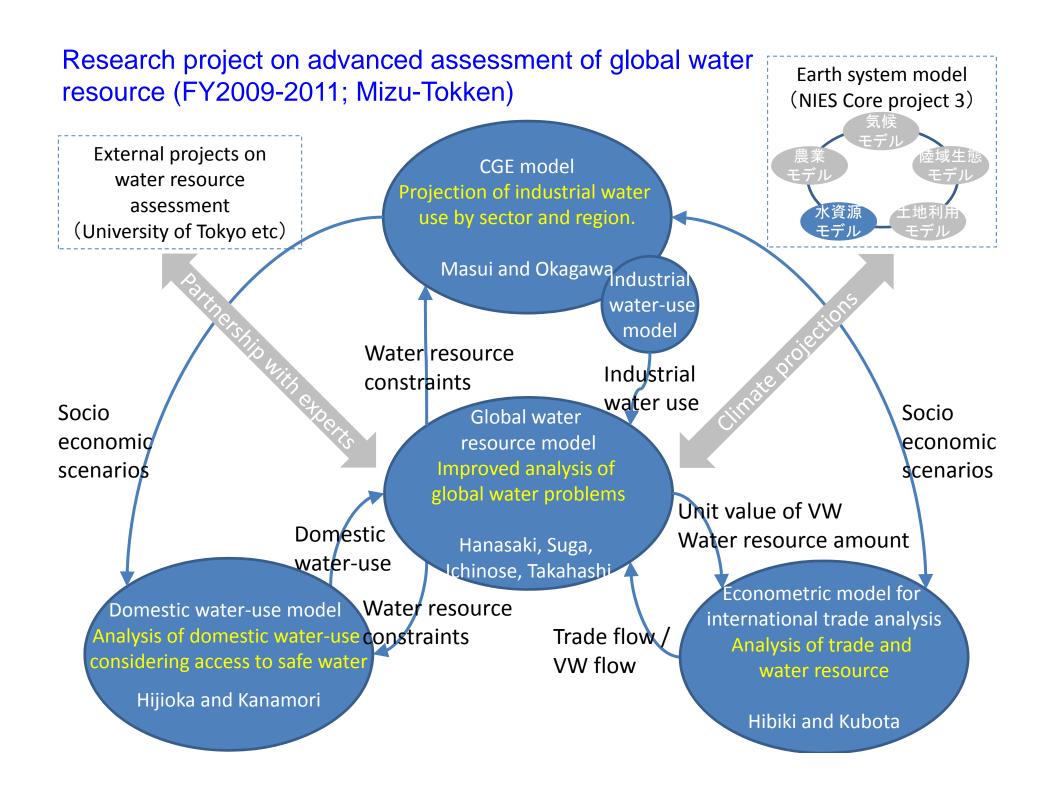
- Annual forum for dialogues between media persons and researchers on climate change risk.
- The 3<sup>rd</sup> forum is due at 23rd February 2011. This year's theme is how to interpret and communicate climate projections.
  - There will be a press release of the new results of KAKUSHIN project's climate simulations for CMIP5/AR5 contribution on the same day just after the forum.



The 2<sup>nd</sup> forum was held in March 2010. The theme was the 2 degree target.

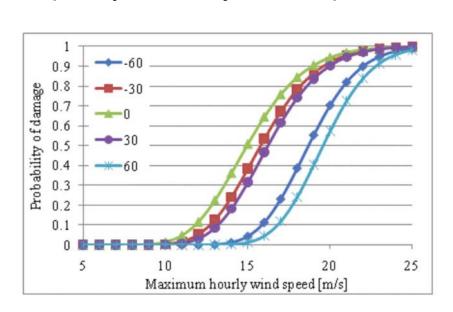


Several reports on this annual forum and its derivatives have been submitted to the special issue of "Japanese Society for Science and Technology Studies" and are expected to be published this year.

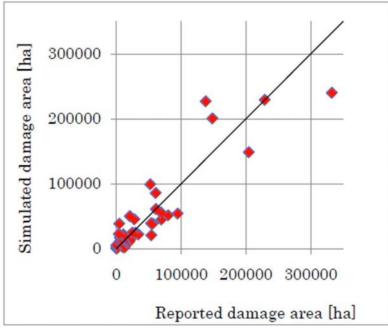


## Collaborative study on crop model improvement -Consideration of extreme events effect (typhoon) -

 Development of a method for estimating paddy rice area damaged due to typhoon (tropical cyclone).



Fragility curves to estimate typhoon damage area for different growth stages.



Comparison between reported and simulated typhoon damage areas.

#### FY2011 and further

- New 5-year research project on global risk assessment and management.
- Contribution to the development of integrated scenarios of climate change.
  - Advanced application of SSPs and CMIP5 experiments based on RCPs.
  - Consideration of feedbacks of climate change impacts to development through the link with core economic model.
- Better estimates of impact and adaptation costs at global scale and application of those estimates for discussing adaptation finance.
- Participation to impact model comparison projects.

