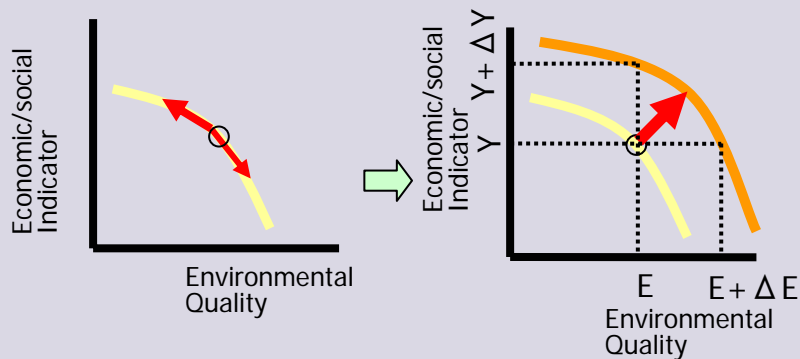


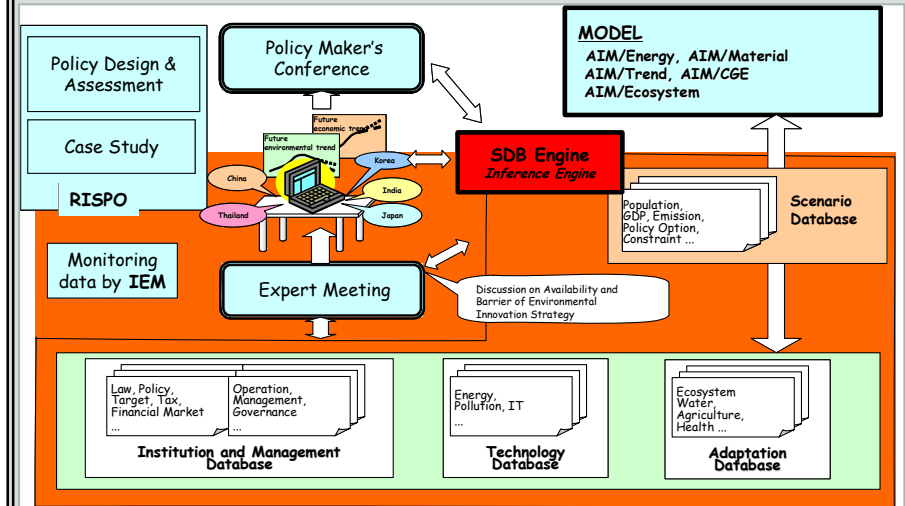
# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database

## Environmental Innovation Strategies



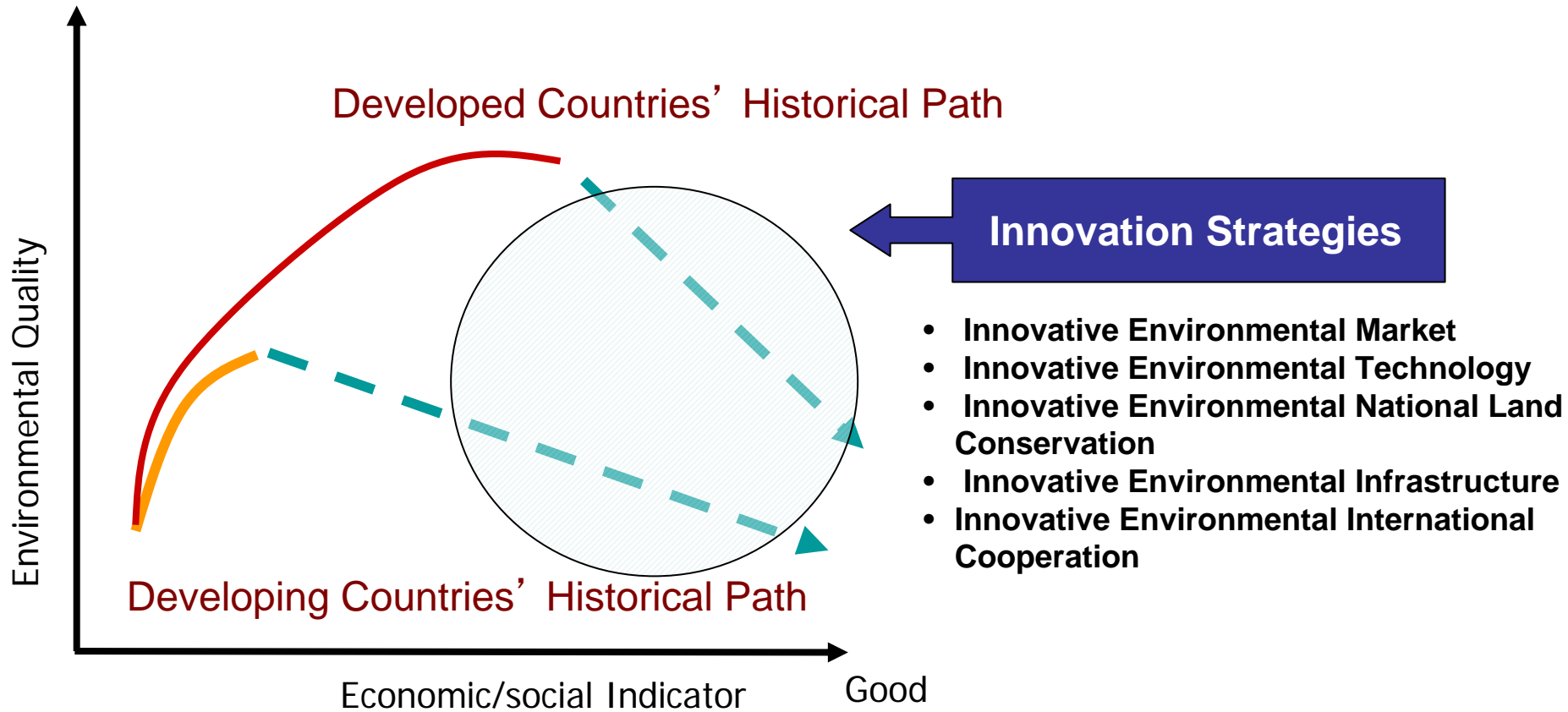
- Incorporate environmental innovation strategies into fundamental policies for Asian countries covering the fields of economy/industries, science/technology, national land utilization, social infrastructure improvement, and international cooperation, among other areas

## Strategic DataBase (SDB)



- Strategic database for the environmental policy decision is composed of tables of technologies, management institutions, and scenarios, etc. and an integrated module part (Inference Engine, SDBE) where this information are integrated and analyzed.

# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database



# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database

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## A: Activation of New Environmental Markets

= Introduction of new vitality through markets and changes to economic systems

## B: Research and Development of New Environmental Technologies

= Fund and brain investment in the new technology paradigm

## C: Introduction of National Land Conservation Strategies

= More efficient national land conservation and globalization of national land policies

## D: Development of New Environmental Infrastructures

= Development of new infrastructures for shift to environment-friendly social systems

## E: Establishment of New International Cooperation System

= Establishment of an Asia-Pacific environmental community and enhancement of international cooperation in innovation

# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database

## A: Activation of New Environmental Markets

- A1: Development of Environmental Industries
- A2: Shifts to Sustainable Consumption
- A3: Creation of Environmental Financial Markets
- A4: Greening of Markets

## B: Research and Development of New Environmental Technologies

- B1: Development of Zero emissions technologies
- B2: Development of Resource/Energy Saving Technologies
- B3: Development of Environment-friendly Information Technologies
- B4: Development of Environment-friendly Biotechnology
- B5: Development of Environment-preserving Nanotechnology

## C: Introduction of National Land Conservation Strategies

- C1: Comprehensive Control of Ecosystems
- C2: New Investments in Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries
- C3: Development of New Combined Transportation Systems
- C4: Compact cities and decentralization

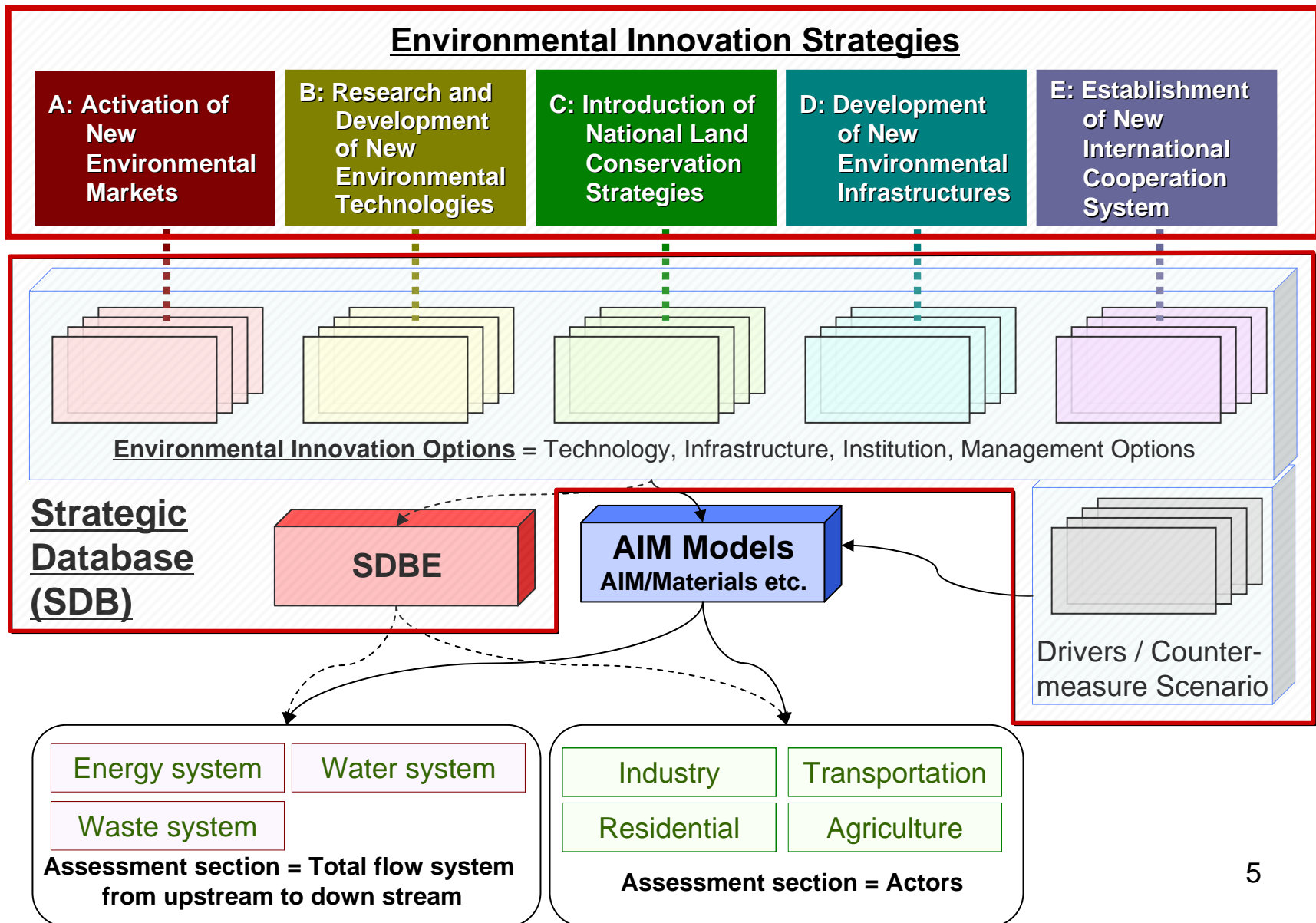
## D: Development of New Environmental Infrastructures

- D1: Development of Cross-enterprise Infrastructures
- D2: Development of Cross-area Infrastructures
- D3: Development of Cross-country Infrastructures

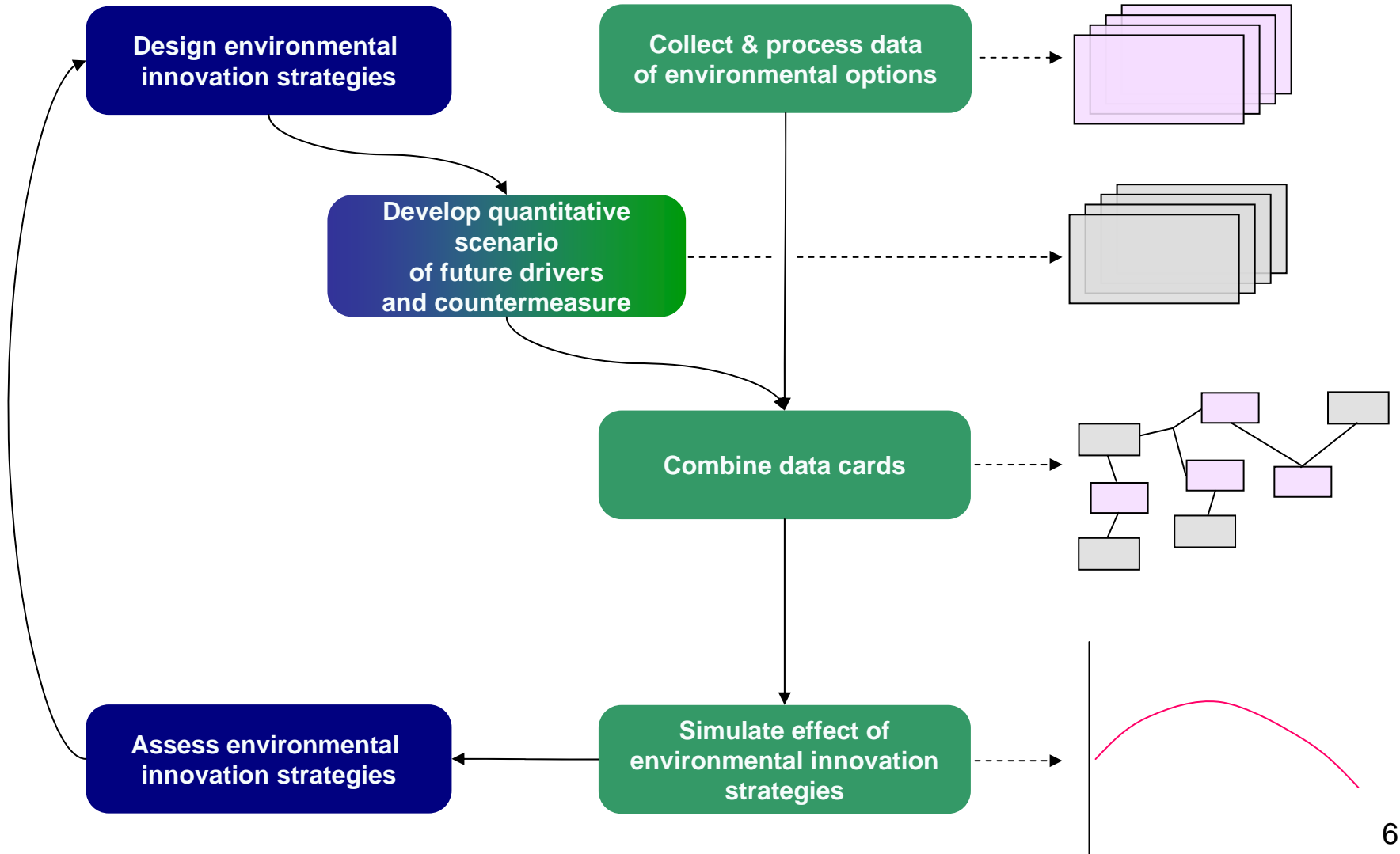
## E: Establishment of New International Cooperation System

- E1: Crystallization of Asia-Pacific Environmental Community Concept
- E2: Implementation of International Joint Promotion Project for Environmental Innovation Strategies
- E3: Promotion of International Joint Research on Environmental Innovation Strategies

# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database



# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database



# Assessment of Environmental Innovation Strategies by SDB

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## Scope

### Country/Region

- ▶ Individual countries of, and whole of Asia-Pacific region
- ▶ Priority countries: China, India, Japan, Korea, Thailand

### Environment issues

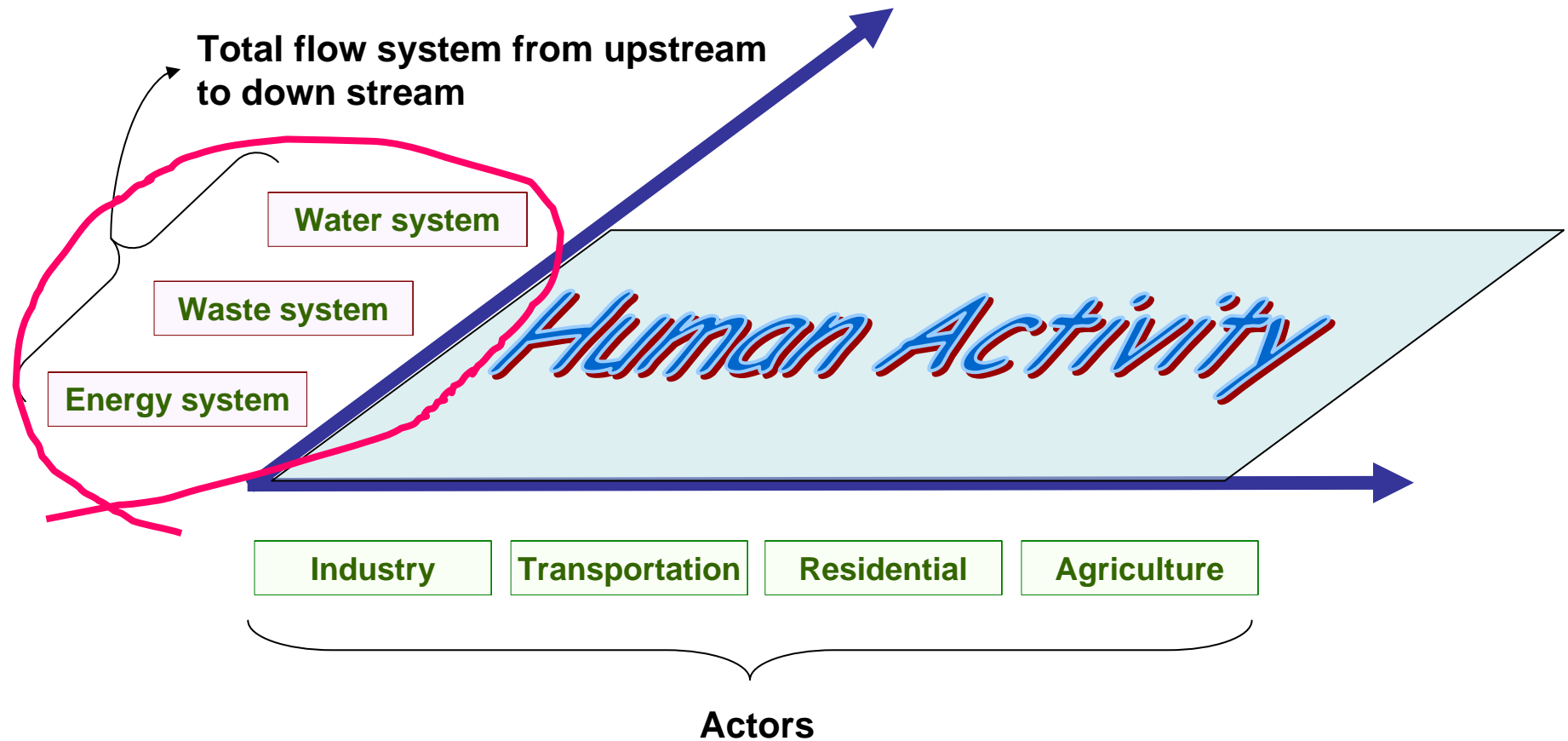
- ▶ Global environment and domestic environment issues
- ▶ Priority countermeasure:
  - Reduction of GHG emissions,
  - Reduction of air pollutant emissions
  - Improvement of energy efficiency
  - Securing of safe water
  - Waste management

### Term

- ▶ Present ~ 2030

# Assessment of Environmental Innovation Strategies by SDB

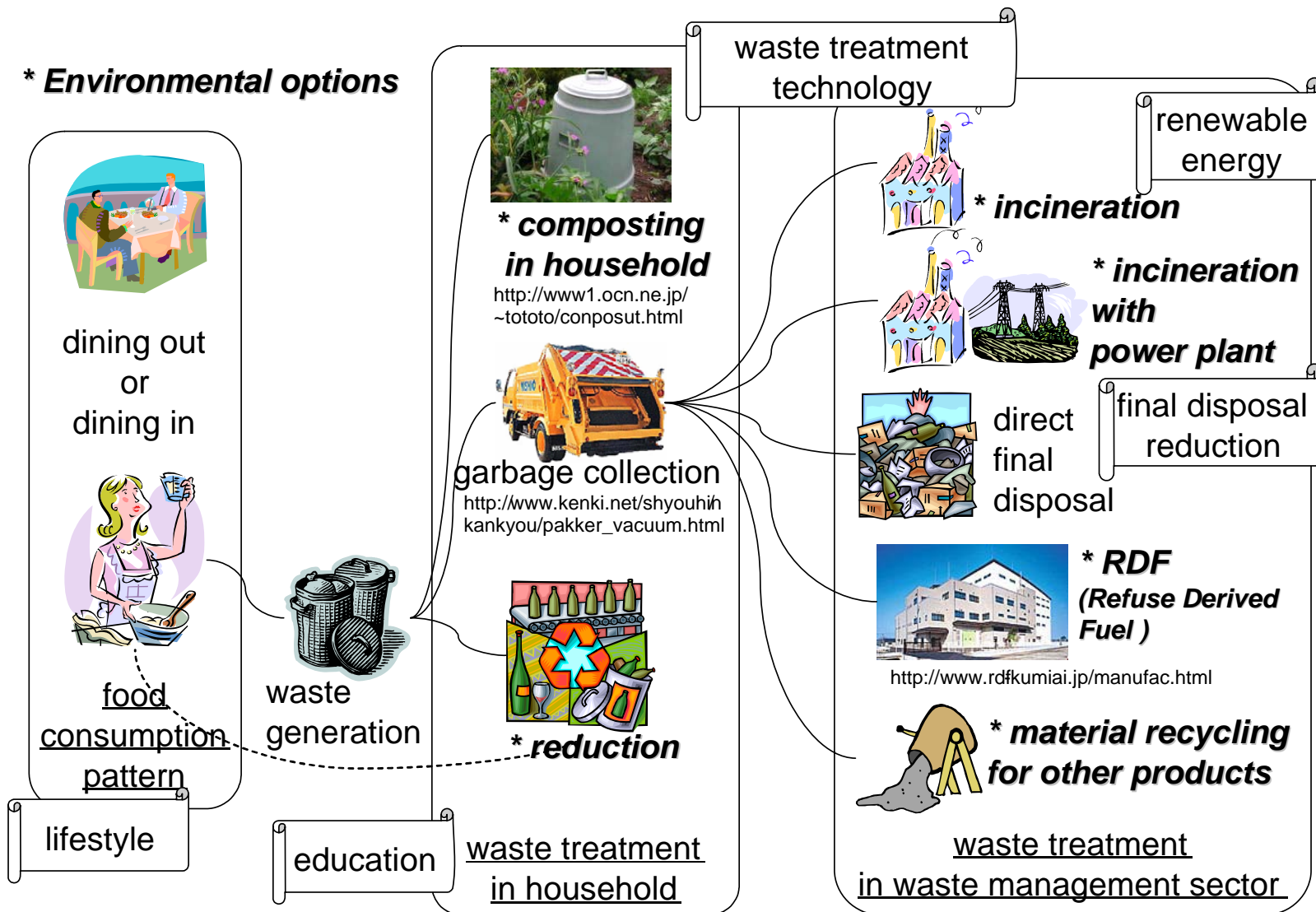
## Assessment section



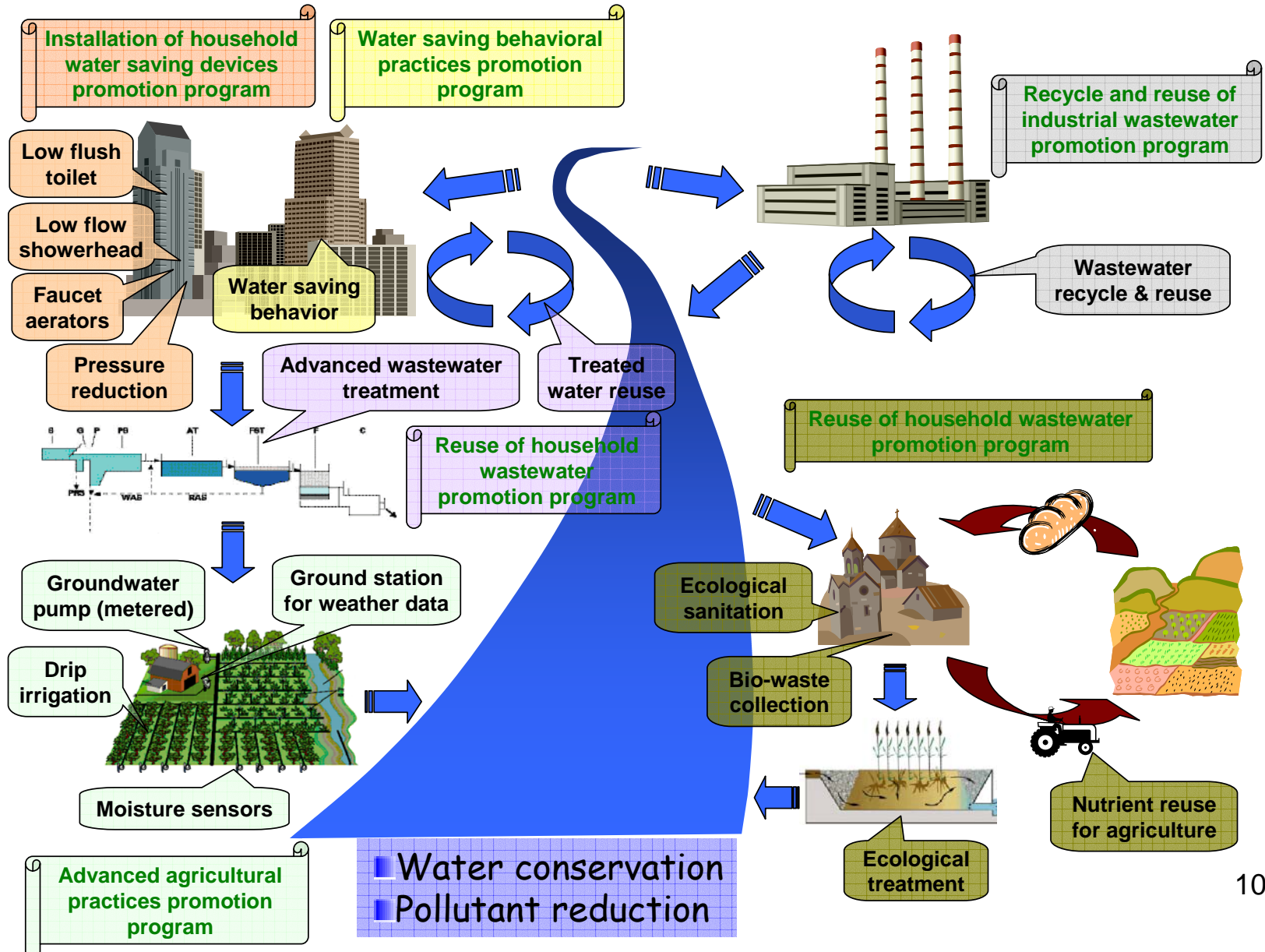


# Ex. Illustration of Strategies - **Waste System**

## Program for managing garbage from household food consumptions/cooking



# Ex. Illustration of Strategies - **Water** System (1/2)



## Ex. Illustration of Strategies - **Water** System (2/2)

### Installation of household water saving devices promotion program (<http://www.epa.gov/water/you/chap3.html>)

#### Faucet aerator



- Break of the flowing water into fine droplets and entrain air while maintaining wetting effectiveness
- Installation in sinks to reduce water use

#### Low flush toilet



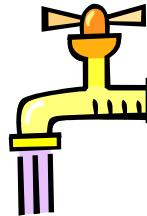
- Conventional toilets use 3.5 to 5 gallons or more of water per flush, but low-flush toilets use only 1.6 gallons of water or less
- Low-flush toilets use less water and reduce the volume of wastewater

#### Low flow showerhead

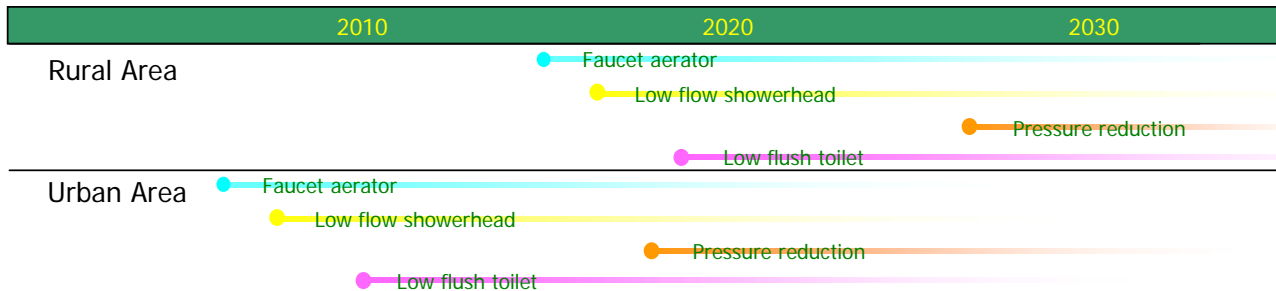


- By replacing standard 4.5-gallon-per-minute showerheads with 2.5-gallon-per-minute heads, which cost less than \$5 each, a family of four can save approximately 20,000 gallons of water per year

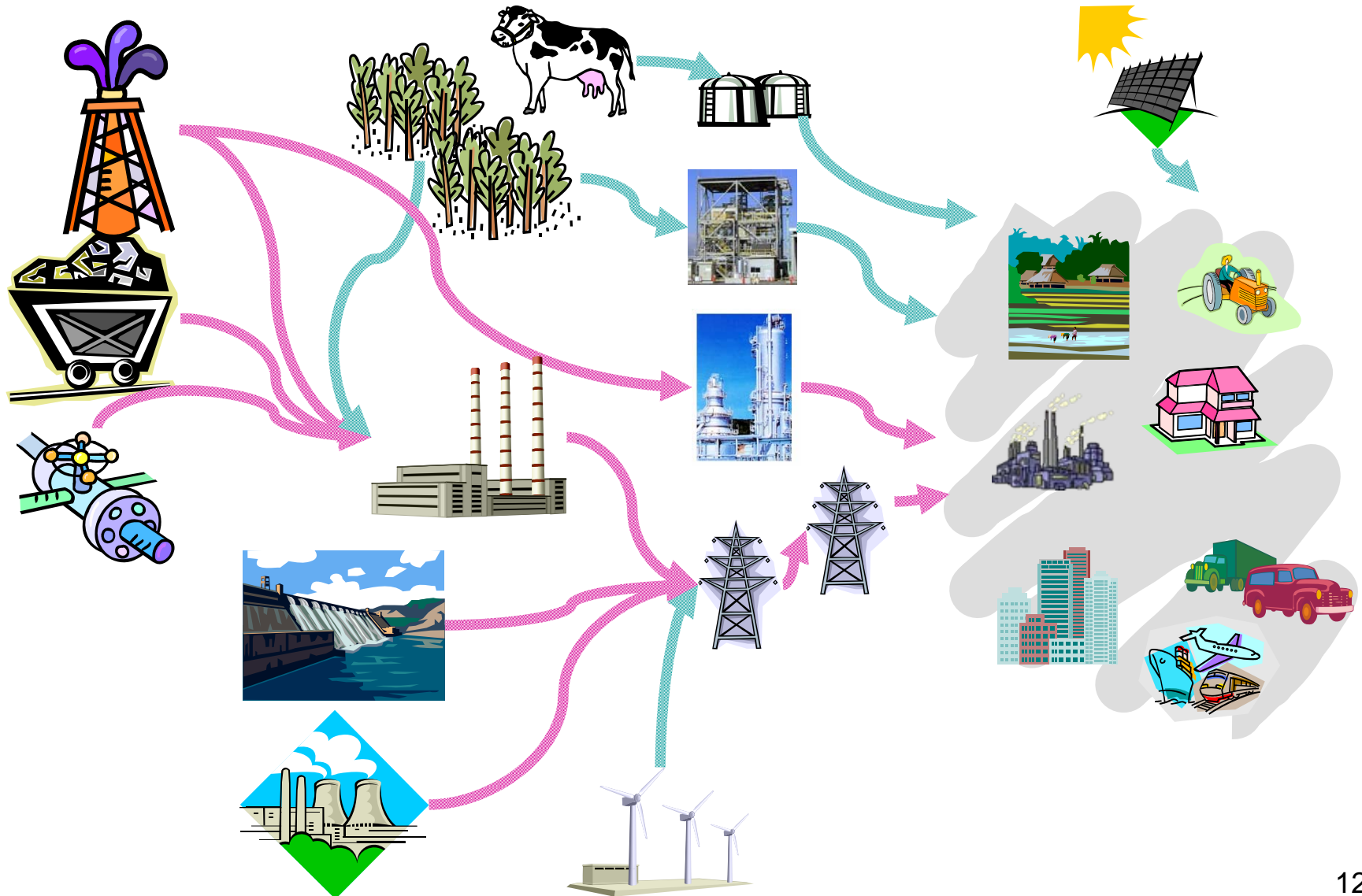
#### Pressure reduction



- Flow rate is reduced if the water pressure is reduced
- A reduction in pressure from 100 pounds per square inch to 50 psi at an outlet can result in a water flow reduction of about one-third

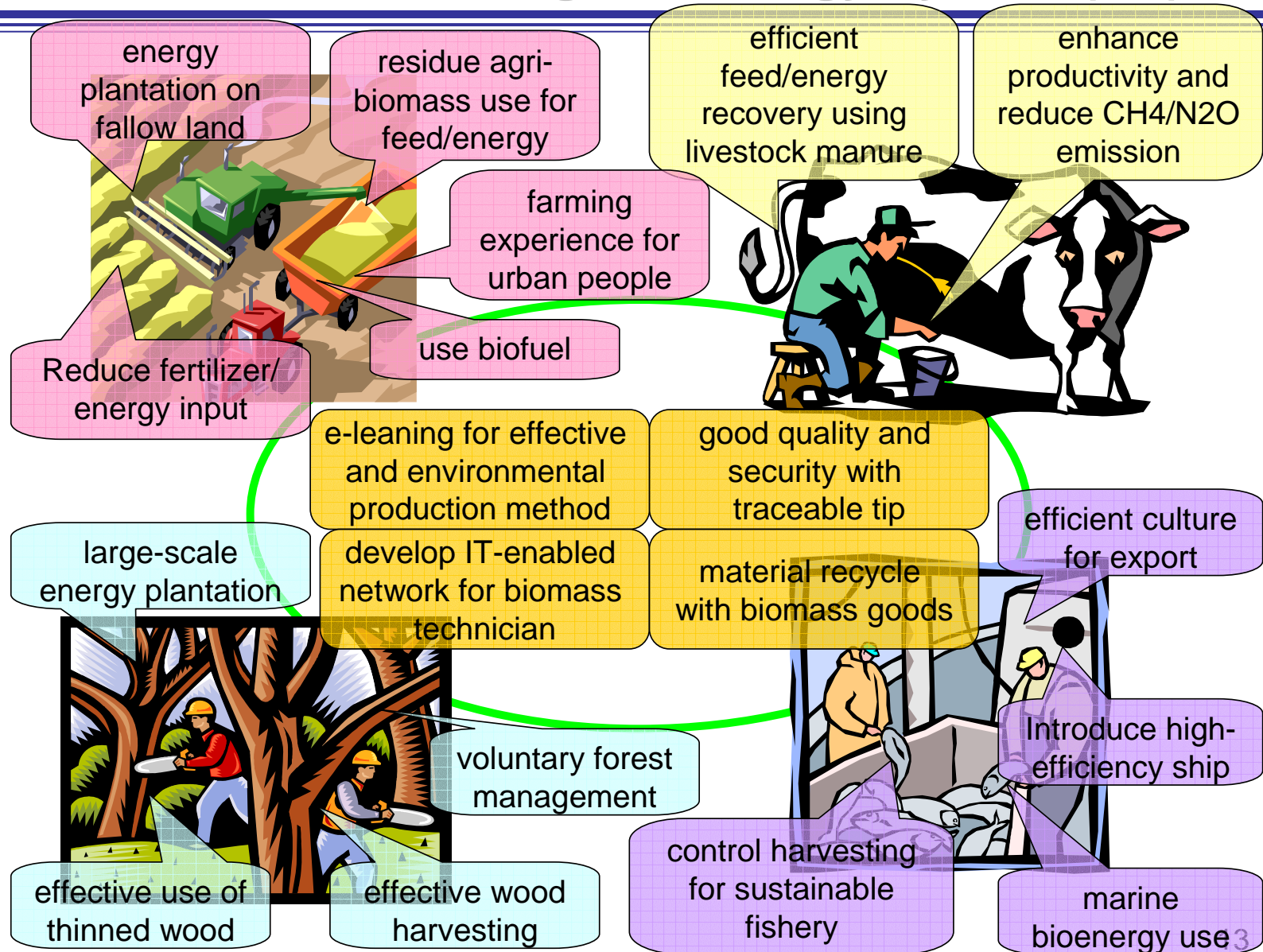


# Ex. Illustration of Strategies - **Energy** System (1/3)

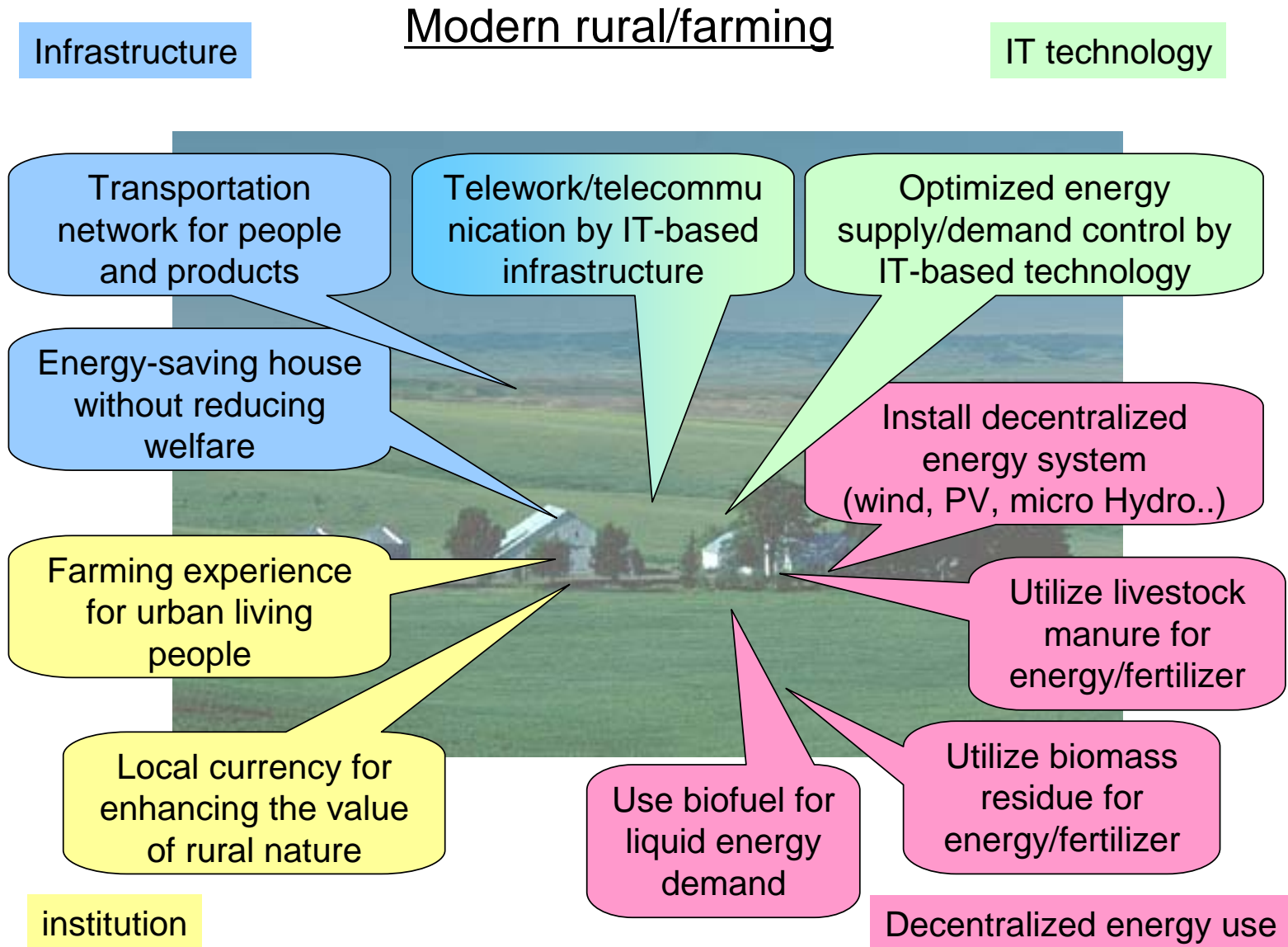




# Ex. Illustration of Strategies - Energy System (2/3)

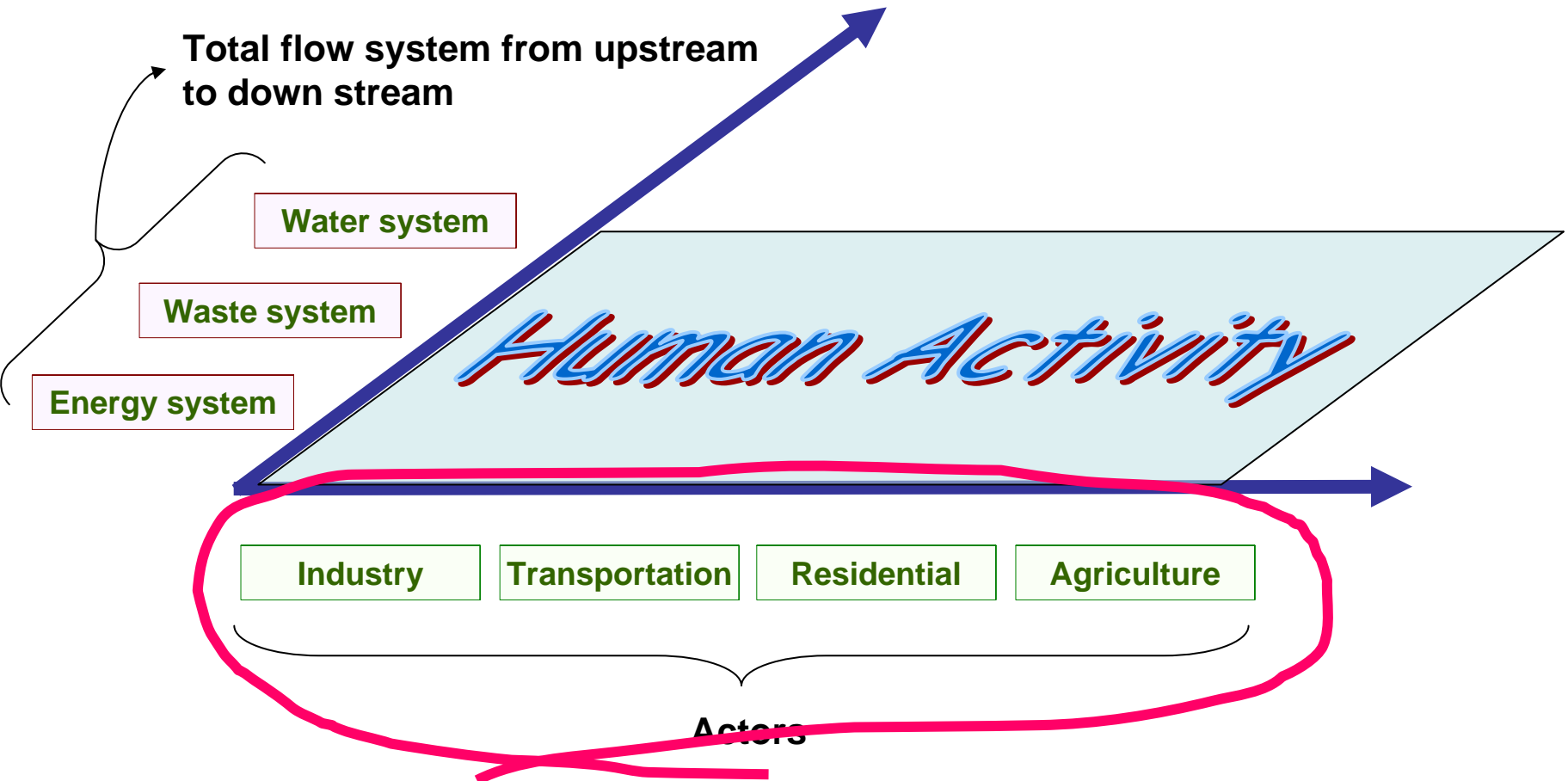


# Ex. Illustration of Strategies - Energy System (3/3)



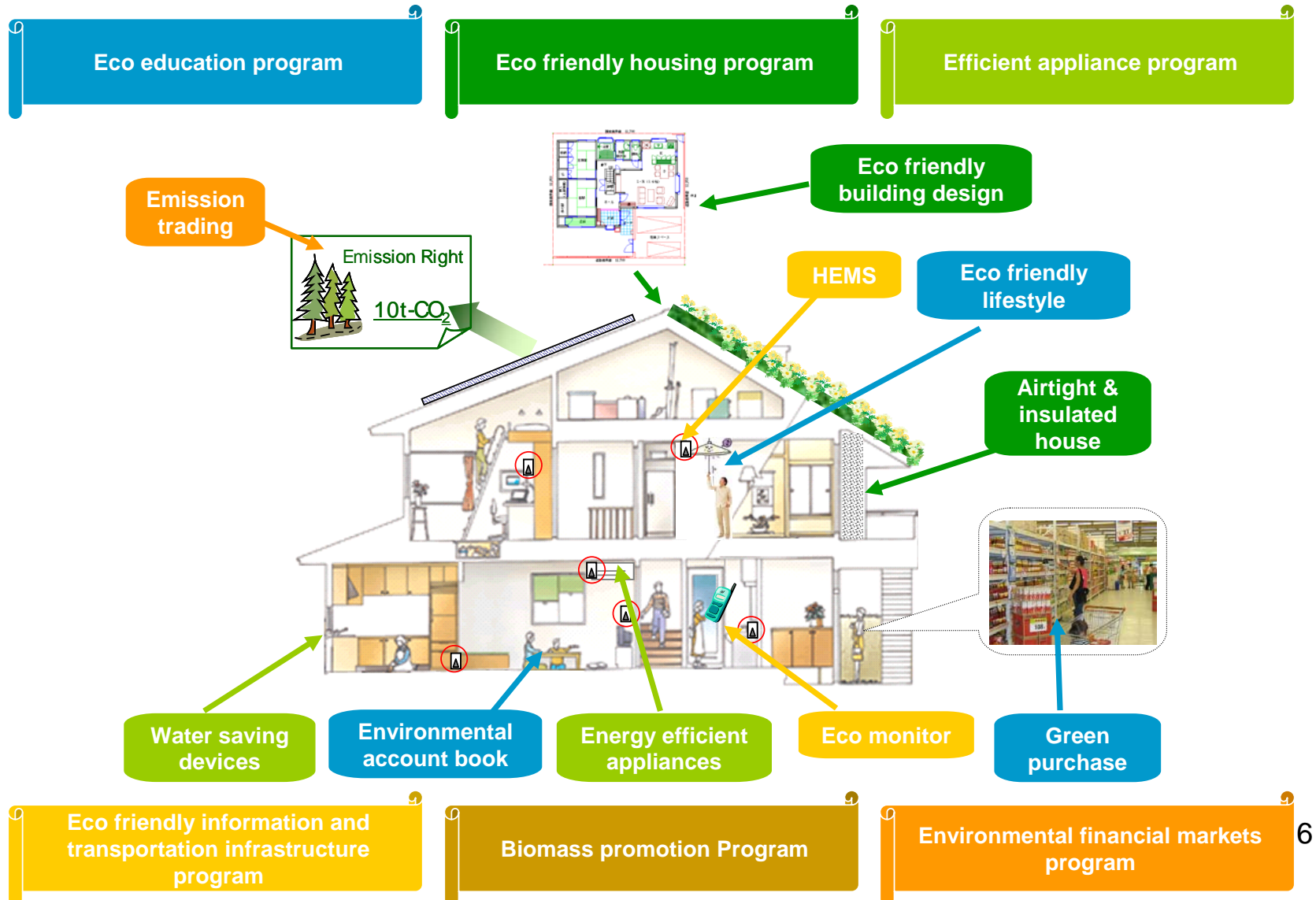
# Assessment of Environmental Innovation Strategies by SDB

## Assessment section



# Ex. Illustration of Strategies – Residential (1/3)

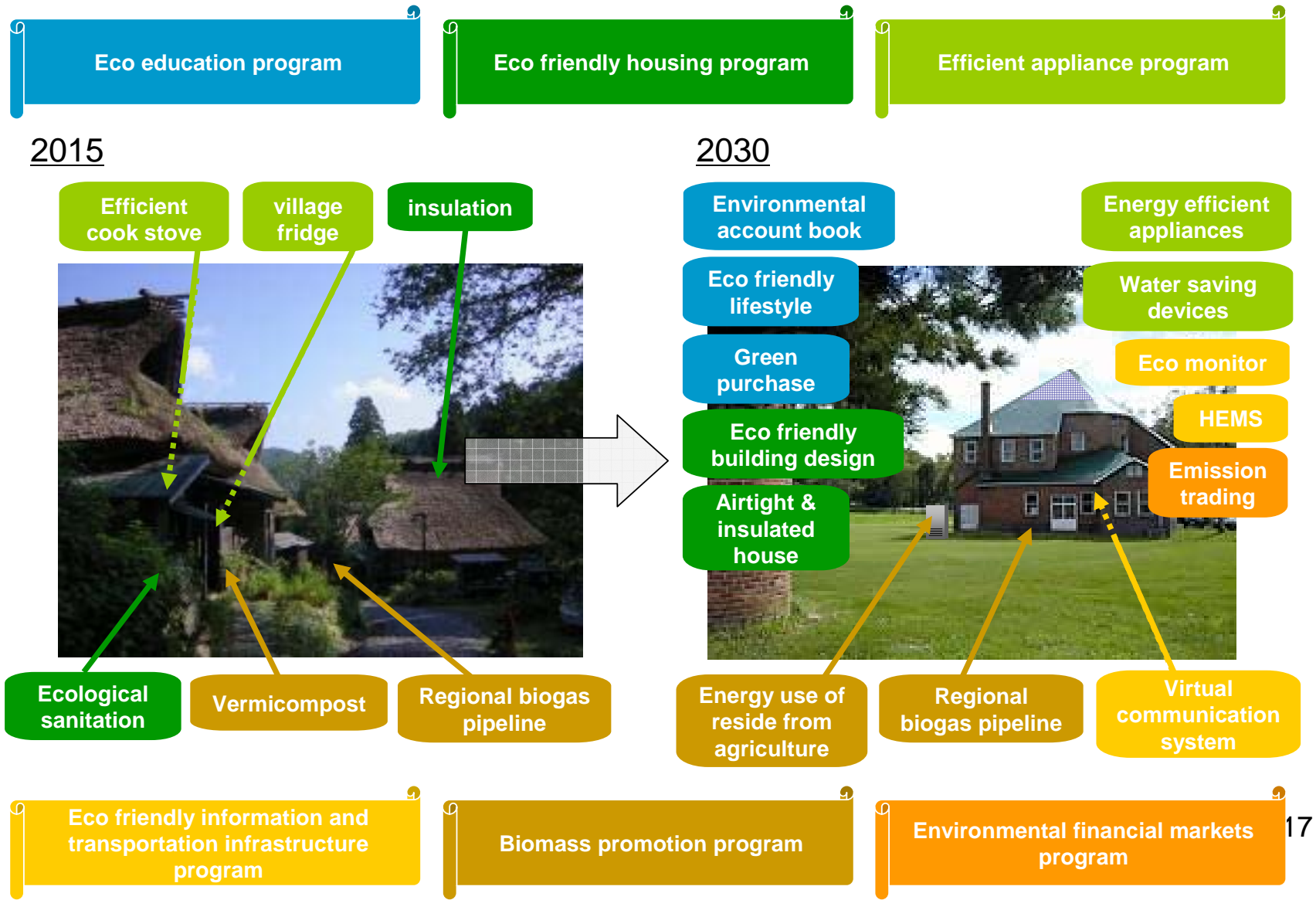
## Programs for promoting innovational strategies in household (Urban area)





# Ex. Illustration of Strategies – Residential (2/3)

## Programs for promoting innovational strategies in household (Rural area)



## Ex. Illustration of Strategies – Residential (3/3)

Eco education program

Eco friendly housing program

Efficient appliance program

	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030
Eco education program				Green purchase	Eco friendly lifestyle Environmental account book
Eco friendly housing program		Ecological sanitation	Insulation	Air tight house	Eco friendly building design
Efficient appliance program		Efficient cook stove	Village fridge	Energy efficient appliances	Water saving dev ices
Eco friendly Information and transportation infrastructure program				Virtual communication system	HEMS Eco monitor
Biomass promotion program		Vemicompost	Regional biogass pipeline		Energy use of residue from agriculture
Environmental financial marlets program					Emission trading

Eco friendly information and transportation infrastructure program

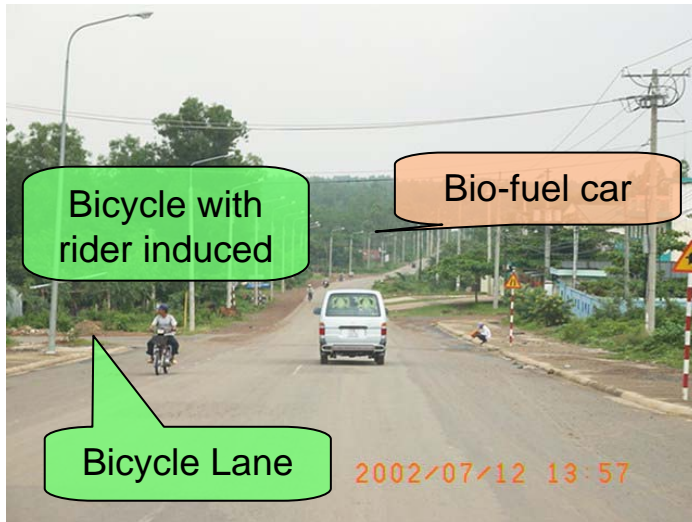
Biomass promotion program

Environmental financial markets program

# Ex. Illustration of Strategies – **Transportation**

**Biomass energy  
promotion program**

**Low emission vehicle  
Promotion program**



**Hybrid  
engine car**

**Battery operated  
motor cycle**

**Traffic signal  
management**

**Public Trns.  
management**

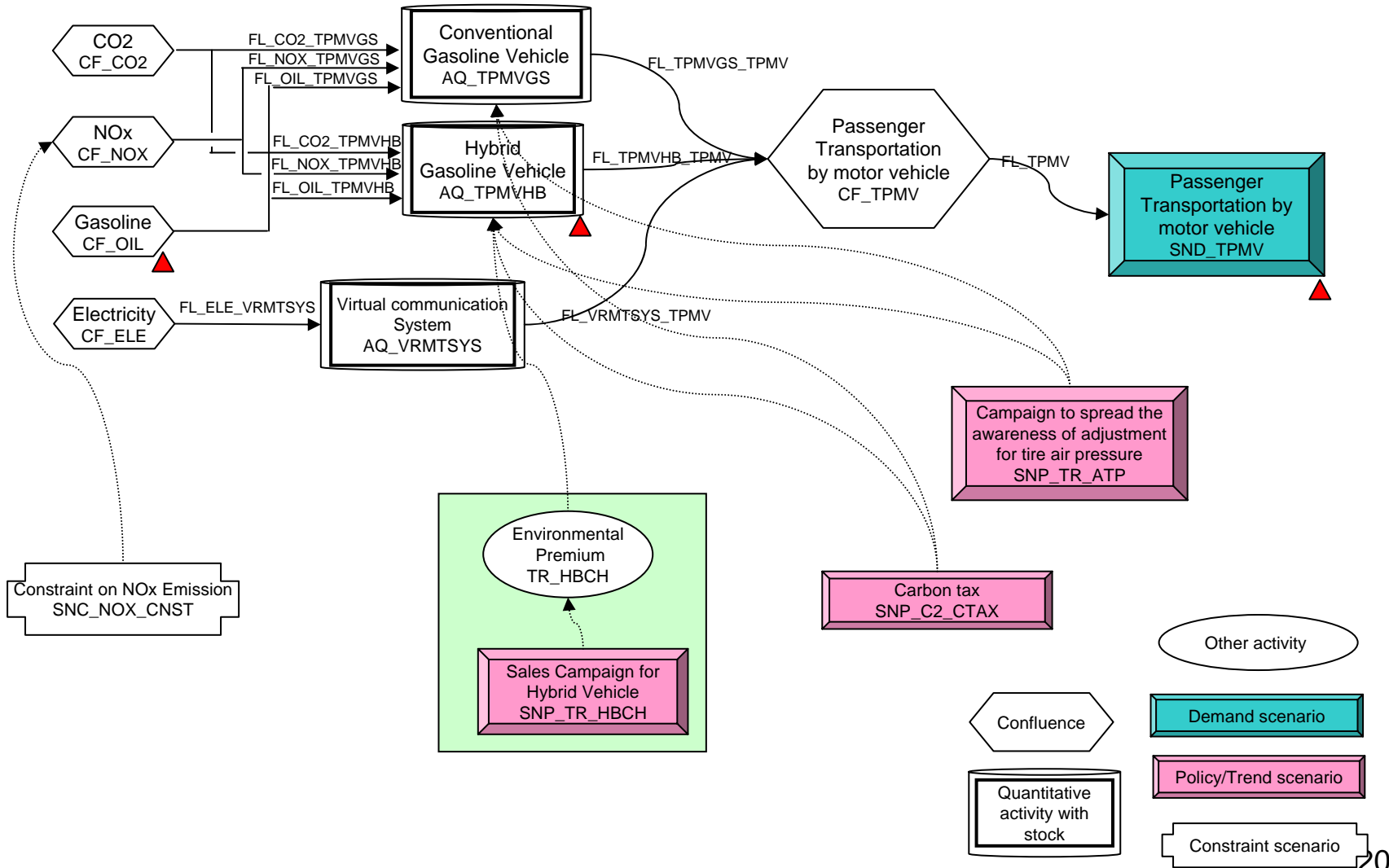
**Eco-driving  
License**

**Bicycle  
promotion program**

**Eco-friendly ITS  
Promotion program**

**Eco-education  
program**

## Ex. Illustration of Strategies – **Transportation**



# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database

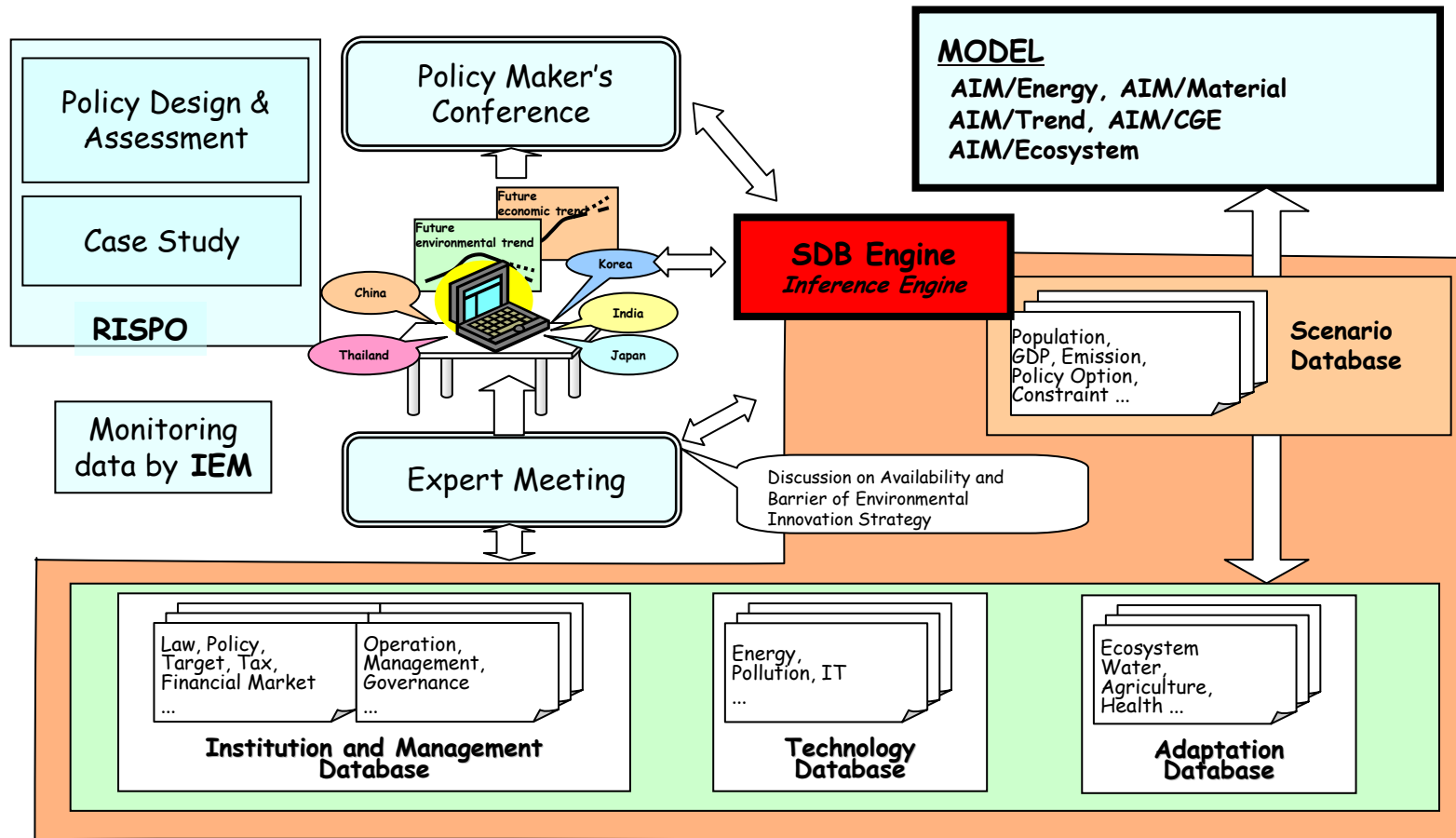
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Environmental Strategic Database Engine

# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database



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# Environmental Innovation Strategies & Strategic Database

## Sales Campaign for Hybrid Vehicle

### Hybrid type gasoline vehicle

*The hybrid system proven in Toyota's "PRIUS", the world's first mass-produced hybrid car, achieves its highly efficient operation through sophisticated energy management of a gasoline engine and secondary battery.*

*When the car stops, the gasoline engine stops too, instead of just idling and wasting energy. During start-up and at low speed, gasoline engine efficiency is low, so the car runs on its electric motor, which draws electricity from the secondary battery. At faster speeds, the gasoline engine propels the vehicle. But the system gives priority to operating the engine only within its most efficient rpm range, so engine power may not be sufficient when the car accelerates. At such times, therefore, the motor provides assistance to make up for the shortage, drawing electricity from the secondary battery. If, on the other hand, the car cruises at a steady speed, the engine, which operates with priority placed on efficiency, may produce more energy than is needed. In this case, such excess energy is used to generate electricity, which is stored in the secondary battery. If the accelerator is let up on to slow down, the engine stops automatically to avoid wasting energy. And during deceleration through braking and other means, the car's forward momentum is used to generate electricity, which is stored in the secondary battery.*

*Price is 2,150,000 yen and higher by 300,000 yen than conventional type. Fuel efficiency is 30km/l.....*

Item	Content	Format	Code	Value	Memo
Name of activity	Code of activity	(AN16)	AQ*	AQ_TPMVHB	Hybrid gasoline vehicle
Subject of activity	Code of subject	(AN16)	OBJECT	RES_TRMV	Family budget
Unit of activity	Code of unit	(AN16)	UNIT	KPKM	1000 person-km
Activity in reference year	Activity	(F)	QACT0	0	
Price per activity	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	PACT	0	
Tax on activity	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	TAX	0	
Start year of activity	Start year of activity	(I)	YSTAC	2000	
End year of activity	End year of activity	(I)	YEDAC	9999	
Inflow/Outflow (1)					
Name	Code of flow	(AN16)	FL*	FL_TPMVHB_TPMV	Passenger transportation
Confluence of In/Outflow ahead	Code of confluence	(AN16)	CF*	CF_TPMV	
Input/Output	IN/OUT	(I/O)	FLDIR	O	Output
Conductance in Reference Year	Conductance	(F)	FLCD0	15	
Conductance	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	CDCHG		
Tax on flow	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	TAX		
Inflow/Outflow (2)					
Name	Code of flow	(AN16)	FL*	FL_OIL_TPMVHB	Gasoline (toe)
Confluence of In/Outflow ahead	Code of confluence	(AN16)	CF*	CF_OIL	
Input/Output	IN/OUT	(I/O)	FLDIR	I	Input
Conductance in Reference Year	Conductance	(F)	FLCD0	-0.48	(25km/L)
Conductance	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	CDCHG	1+ TR_ATP	
Tax on flow	Function of accompanying variables	(GAMS)	TAX		

