New Activities of CGE Model Development

21th Feb. 2010 Kyoto University

Shinichiro Fujimori, Toshihiko Masui and Yuzuru Matsuoka

Presentation outline

- Current issues in CGE modeling activities
 - Original data issues
 - Model structures

Identification of the issues

• Proposition of solutions to those issues

Climate change and CGE model

- CGE model simulation contributed to the climate change issue
 - GHG, Mitigation cost and Economic impact
- A lot types of / similar models have been developed

- AIM/CGE, SGM

CGE models participated in EMF21

Model	Model Type
AIM	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
AMIGA	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
GTEM	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
GEMINI-E.	3 Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
EU-PACE	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
EDGE	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
EPPA	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
IPAC	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
SGM	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium
WIAGEM	Multi-Sector General Equilibrium

Purpose of this presentation

- Answer to those questions
 - What is needed to the CGE modeling activities?
 - Original data issues
 - Model structures

Validate the results with the historical statistics

– How can we overcome the issues?

Original data issues



US industry energy consumption (IEA Energy balance)

Purpose of this presentation

- Answer to those questions
 - What is needed to the CGE modeling activities?
 - Original data issues
 - Model structures

Validate CGE simulation results historical statistics

– How can we overcome the issues?

Frameworks and key assumption

- Regions; 3 (OECD, BRICs, non-OECD)
- Period; 2005 \rightarrow 1971 (1 year step)
- Exogenous parameters
 - GDP
 - Saving propensity
 - Government consumption
 - OECD's CPI
 - Differences of factor prices among sectors (agr, fossil fuel mining, industry, service sectors)



Industrial structure in OECD



- CGE : non-change industrial structure
- Statistics : change industrial structure

Results(1) CO2 emissions



- CGE < Statistics
- OECD is the most different

CO2 emissions and energy consumption



CO2 emission

Energy consumption

- Energy consumption and CO2 emissions show similar trajectories
- Energy consumption is the key issue

Discussions

What makes the difference between statistics and CGE?

Production function

- How can production functions be modified?
 Productivity, Energy efficiency
- Does it make any improvements to the forecasting simulation?
 Empirical evidences for changing the model assumptions
- Are there any other functions need to be modified? Trade and consumption function

Purpose of this presentation

- Answer to those questions
 - What is needed to the CGE modeling activities?
 - Original data issues
 - Model structures

– How can we overcome the issues?

Overview of the model development



Model characteristics

- Based on IFPRI's model (Lofgren, 2002)
- Expansion
 - Regions; [World (30-40 regions)] / [Country]
 - Period; 1971-2050
 - Productive activities; 25-30 (multi-power sectors)
 - Institutional sectors; Household, Government, Enterprise
 - Dynamic Recursive
 - World market for each goods



Data management and reconciliation

- Main purposes
 - Supplement missing data
 - Reconcile the inconsistent data
- Data management platform
 - GAMS code
 - EXCEL and GDX file
- Using Historical statistics

 International and country statistics
- Easy to control sector and region classifications





Japan Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

China Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Korea Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

India Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Indonesia Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Malaysia Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Thailand Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Viet Nam Industrial energy consumption



- Non-specified industry
- Construction
- Wood and Wood Products
- Textile an Leather
- Paper, Pulp and Print
- Food and Tobacco
- Mining and Quarrying
- Machinery
- Transport Equipment
- Non-Ferrous Metals
- Non-Metallic Minerals
- Chemical and Petrochemical
- Iron and Steel

IEA Energy balances

Brazil Industrial energy consumption



IEA Energy balances

Overview of the model development



Dynamic calibration (1)

• CGE model - Backward running



• Two main objectives

- Identify the functions and parameters in CGE

– Assist historical data reconciliation

Dynamic calibration (2)



Final remarks

- Current issues in CGE modeling activities and the identification of them
 - Original data issues
 - Model structures

- 2 key solutions to those issues
 - Data management and reconciliation system
 - Dynamic calibration system