Roadmap to Low Carbon THAILAND towards 2050

18th AIM International Workshop 14–16 December 2012 NIES, Tsukuba, Japan



Bundit Limmeechokchai¹, Ram M. Shrestha² Pornphimol Winyuchakrit¹, Kamphol Promjiraprawat¹, Sujeetha Selvakkumaran¹

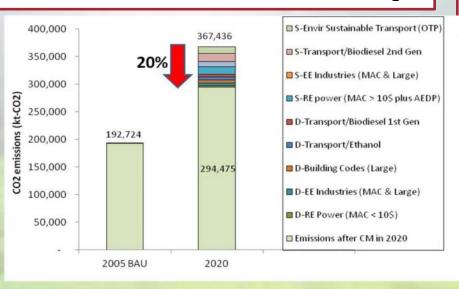
¹Sirindhorn International Institute of Technology, Thammasat University ²Asian Institute of Technology

LCS Activities in Thailand -2012

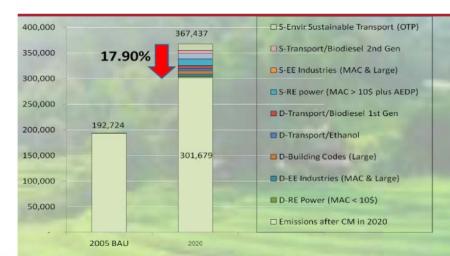
Appropriate (min) CO₂ reduction target in 2020
LCS Roadmap to Low Carbon Thailand 2050

One of 3 scenarios going to be selected to

High potential scenario : Potentials of CO₂ Countermeasures in 2020 at 20% (73 Mt-CO₂)

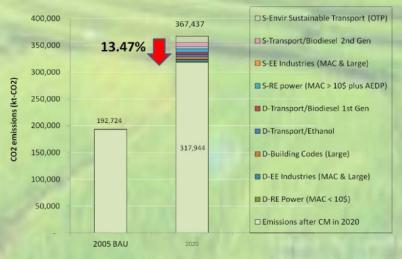


Countermeasures in 2020 at 17.90% (66 Mt-CO₂)

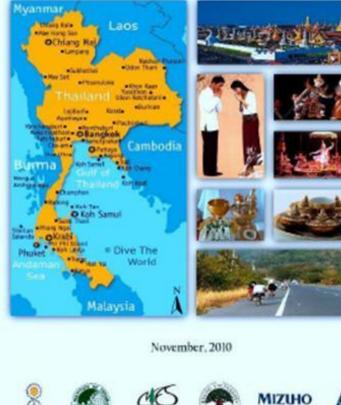


Low potential scenario : Potentials of CO_2 Countermeasures in 2020 at 13.47% (42 Mt-CO₂)





Low-Carbon Society Vision 2030 Thailand

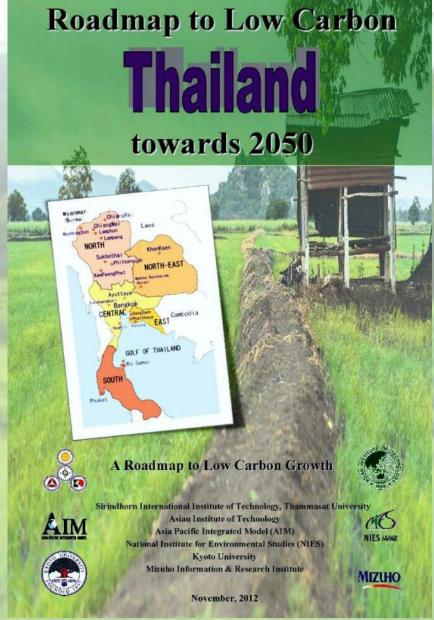






Strindtom International Institute of Technology, Thanmasat University Asian Institute of Technology National Institute for Environmental Studies Kycla University Muzuko Information & Research Institute Inia-Bacilly Informated Model

1st LCS Scenario by AIM/ExSS



2nd LCS Roadmap by AIM/Enduse

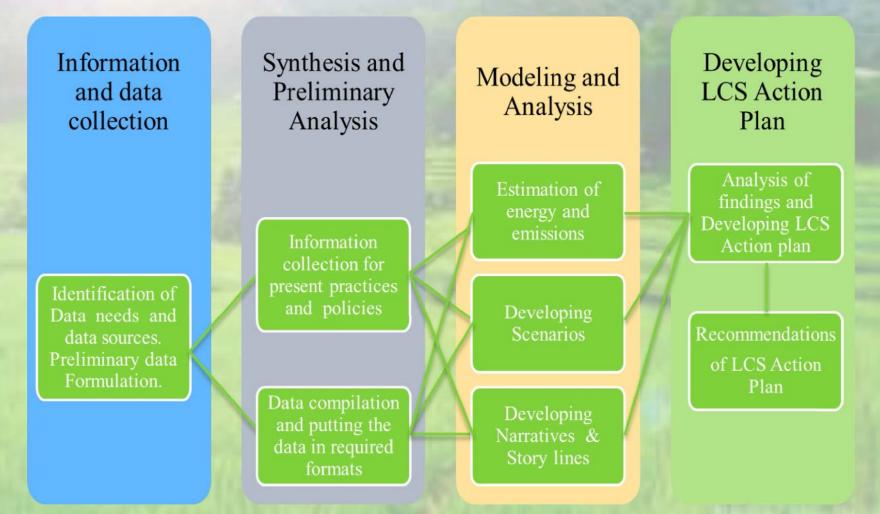
18th AIM International Workshop, NIES

AIM

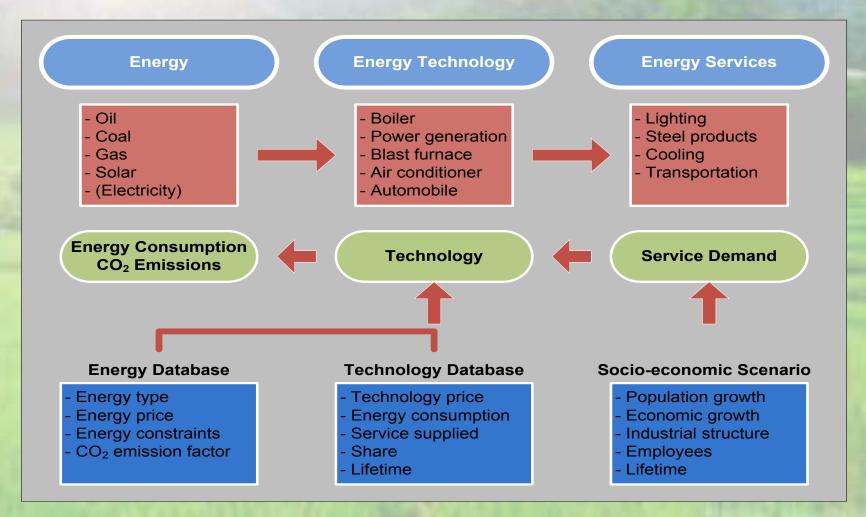
LCS Roadmap Objectives

- To construct a roadmap to low-carbon Thailand towards 2050 on the basis of low carbon scenarios by using AIM/Enduse.
- To create awareness among Thailand's authorities, government, stakeholders and communities for discussion on decisive actions to be taken to realize a robust growth and low-carbon Thailand.

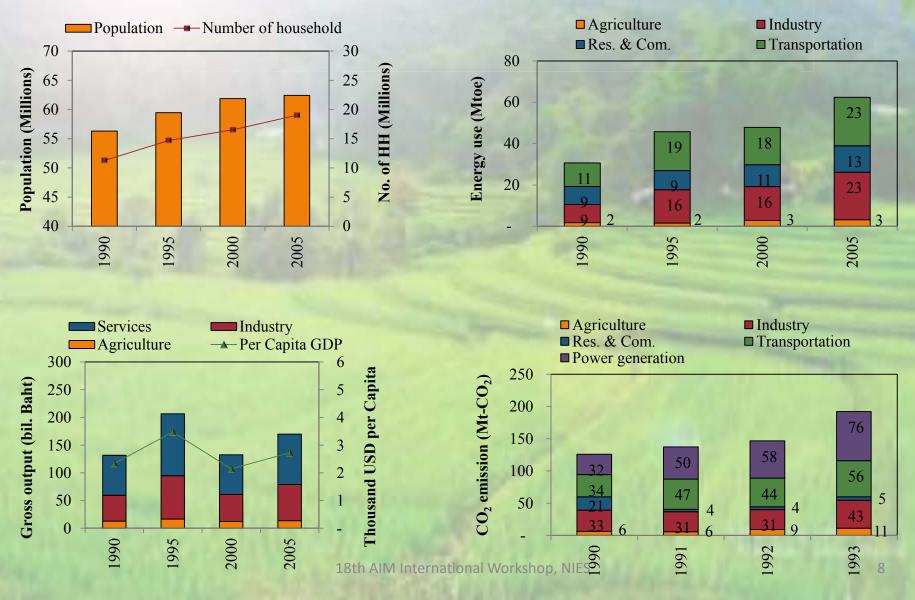
Methodology (LCS Action Plan)



Methodology (AIM/Enduse)



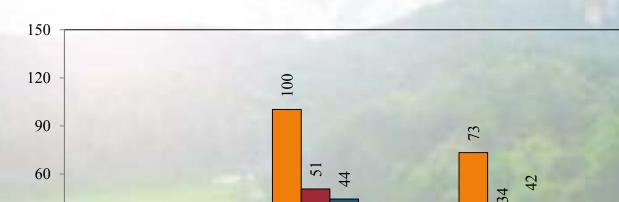
National Circumstance



Demographic and Economic Assumptions

Average population growth	Historical data (2006–2011)		
	0.51% p.a. increase (2012–2050)		
Number of household	Historical data (2006–2011)		
	2.89% p.a. increase (2012–2050)		
Floor space	4.02% p.a. increase		
Gross Domestic Products (GDP)	Historical data (2006–2010)		
	Follows PDP2010 (2011–2023)		
	3.92 p.a. increase (2024–2050)		
GDP share by industry	Primary industry (9.68%)		
	Secondary industry (37.37%)		
	Tertiary industry (52.95%)		
Modal share of passenger transport	Road (97.69%), Rail (0.25%), Air (2.06%)		
Modal share of freight transport	Road (6.39%), Rail (0.01%), Water (91.85%), Air (1.76%)		

Socio-economic indicators	2005	2050	2050/2005
Population (Person)	62,418,054	78,071,984	1.25
No. of Households	19,016,784	67,478,570	3.55
GDP (Million USD)	169,870	1,247,449	7.34
Gross output (Million USD)	407,157	2,939,643	7.23
Primary industry	43,286	284,499	6.57
Secondary industry	146,182	1,098,631	7.52
Tertiary industry	217,689	1,556,506	7.15
Per capita GDP (USD/Capita)	2,721	15,978	5.87
Floor space for commercial (Million m ²)	88	519	5.90
Passenger transport demand (Million passenger-km)	361,819	1,201,951	3.32
Freight transport demand (Million tone-km)	1,826,631	9,701,505	5.31



23

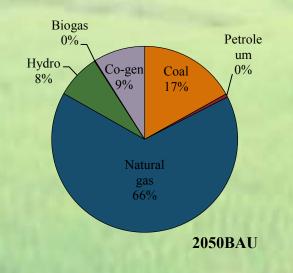
20

2050BAU

■ Passenger Transport ■ Freight Transport ■ Residential

Final Energy Demand

Primary Energy Demand by fuel type in 2050



23

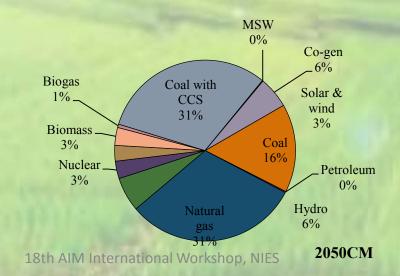
6

2005

0

30

0



■ Commercial

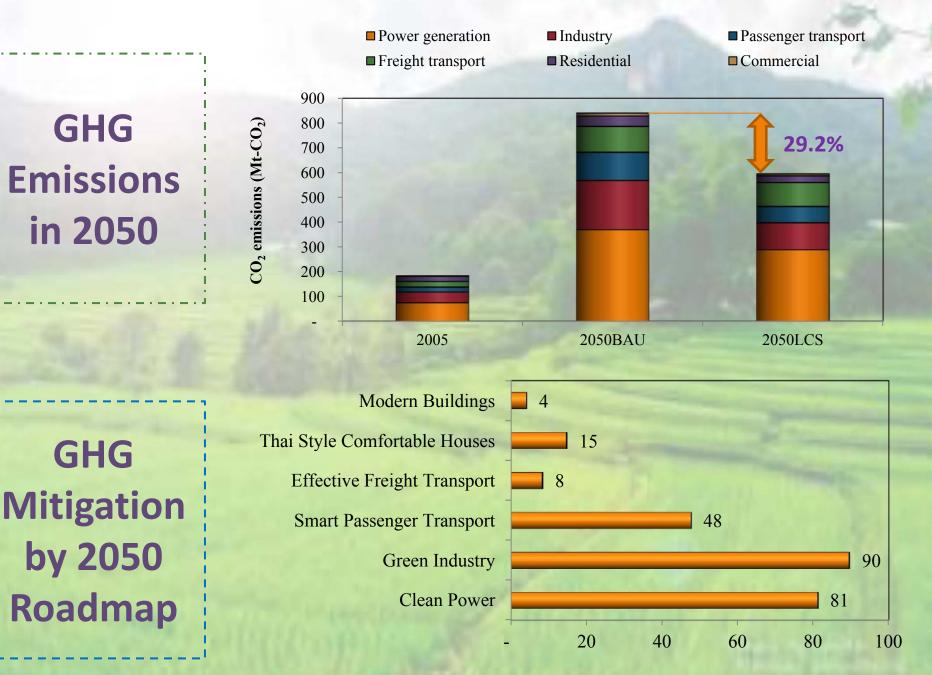
2

2050LCS

2

Energy consumption (Mtoe)

■ Industry



18th AIM International Workshop, NIES CO₂ Reduction (Mt-CO₂)

11

GHG Emissions/Reductions

■ Power generation ■ Industry ■ Passenger transport ■ Freight transport ■ Residential ■ Commercial



Policy Package for Roadmap to **"LOW CARBON** THAILAND"

POWER GENERATION

Implementation of energy efficiency improvement Promotion of technology transfer Reduce own usage and transmission loss Promotion of alternative energy Promotion of renewable energy

PASSENGER TRANSPORT

Implementation of energy efficiency improvement Promotion of technology transfer Promotion of alternative and renewable energy Promotion of mass transit system Promotion of new technology

RESIDENTIAL

Building insulation Energy efficiency labeling Energy performance standard of equipment Promotion of new technology

INDUSTRY

Implementation of energy efficiency improvement Promotion of technology transfer Promotion of alternative and renewable energy

FREIGHT TRANSPORT

Implementation of energy efficiency improvement Promotion of new technology Promotion of alternative and renewable energy Promotion of mass transit system

COMMERCIAL

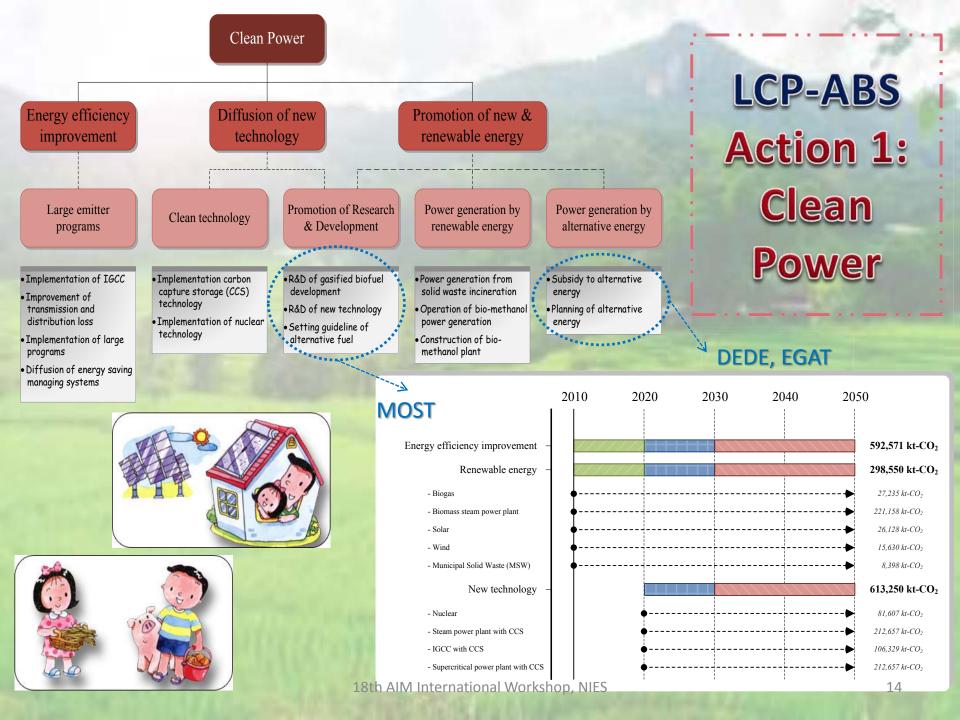
Building codes Building insulation Energy efficiency labeling Energy performance standard of equipment Promotion of new technology

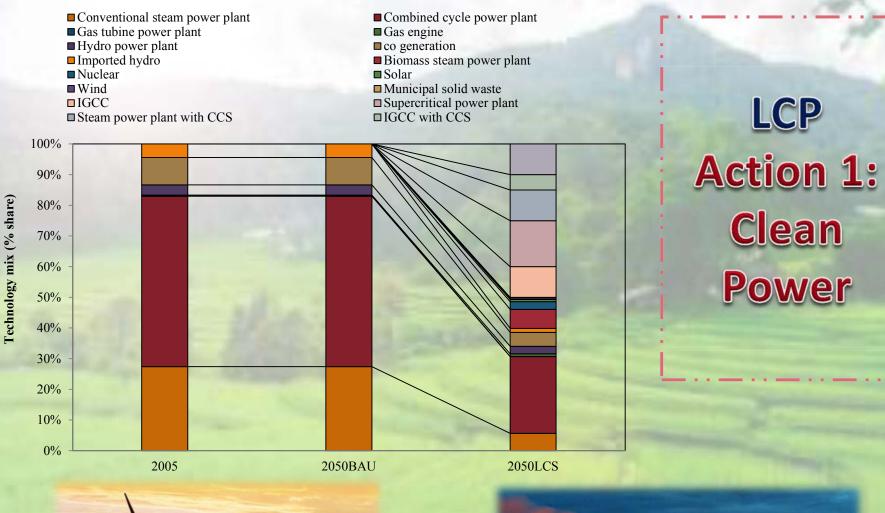
Incentive to introduce energy efficiency improvement and advanced technology



Mitigation of GHG emissions

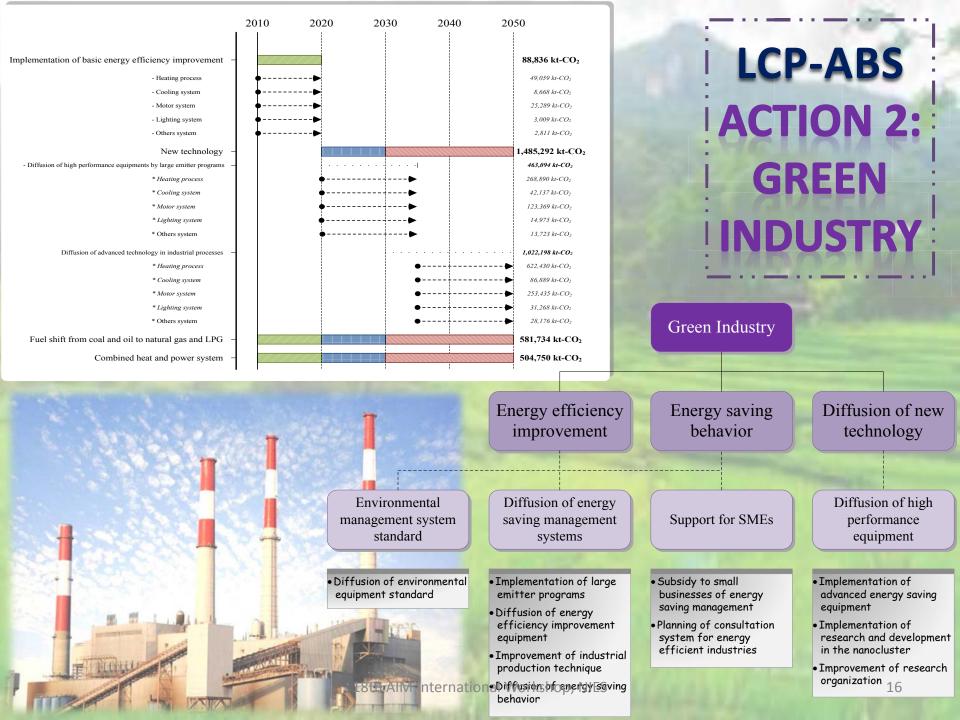
18th AIM International Workshop, NIES

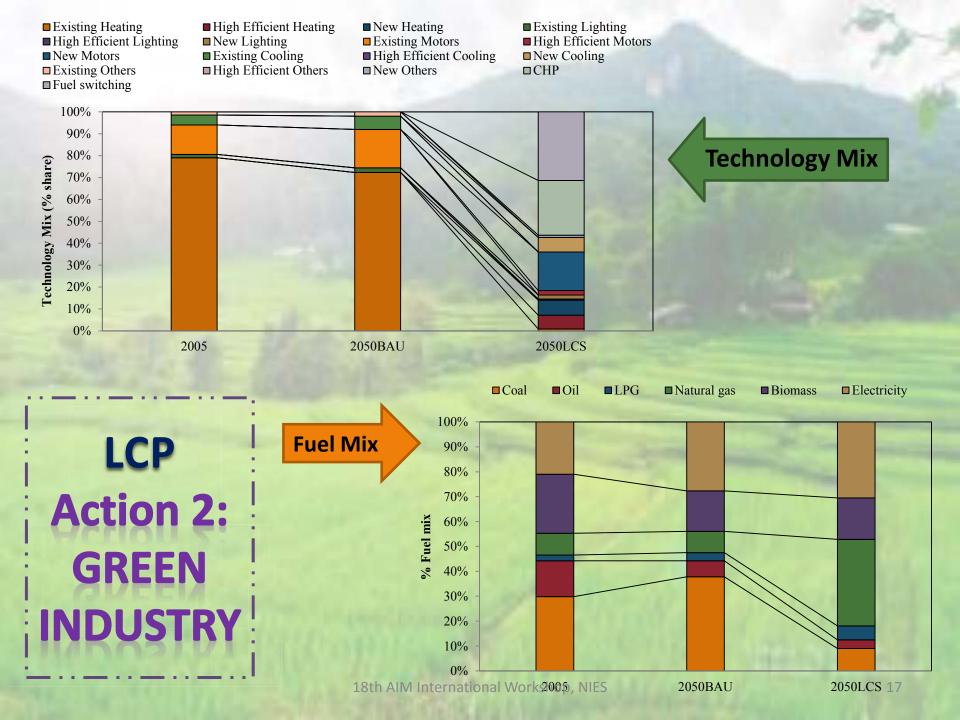


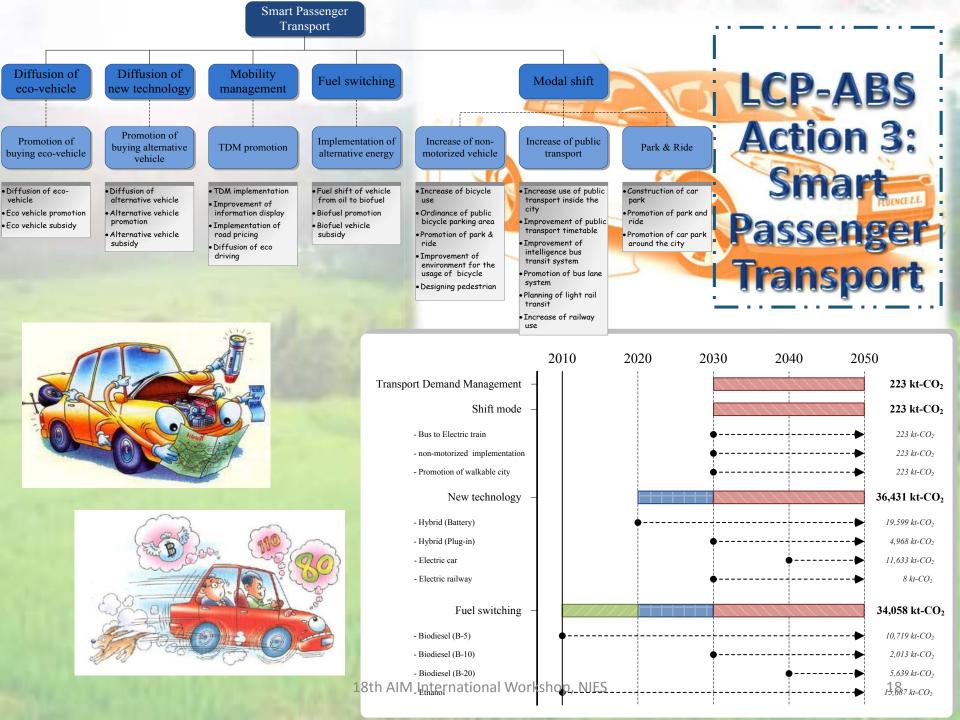


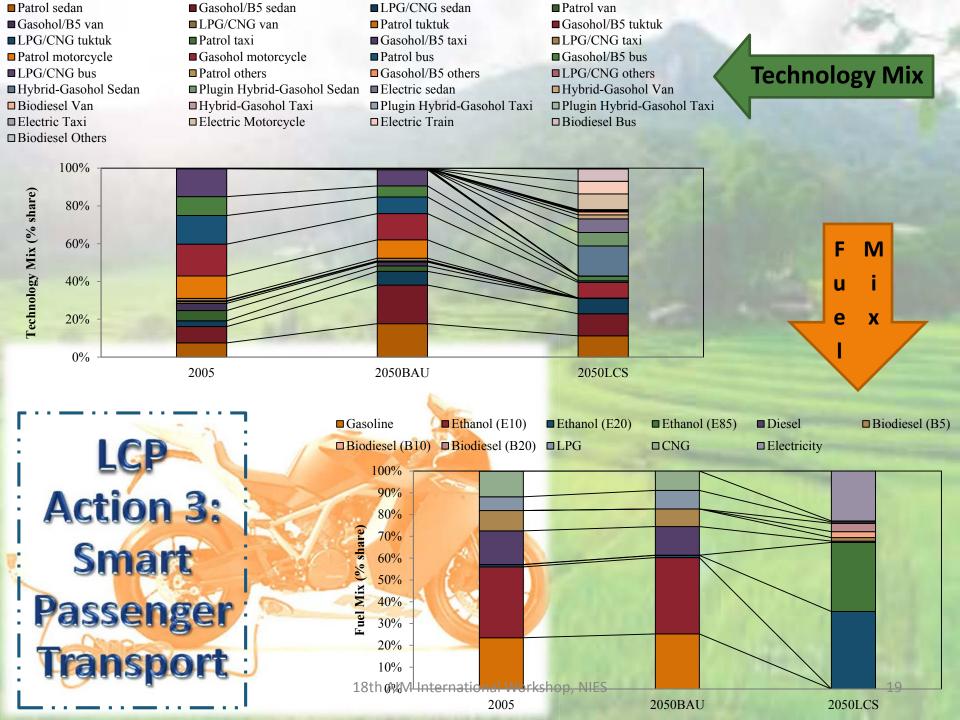


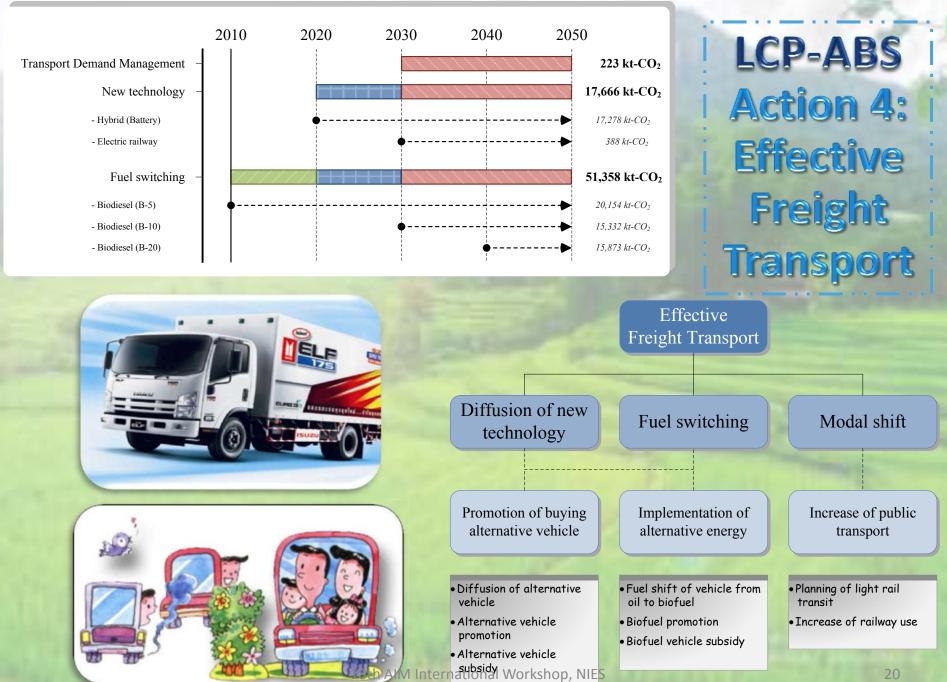


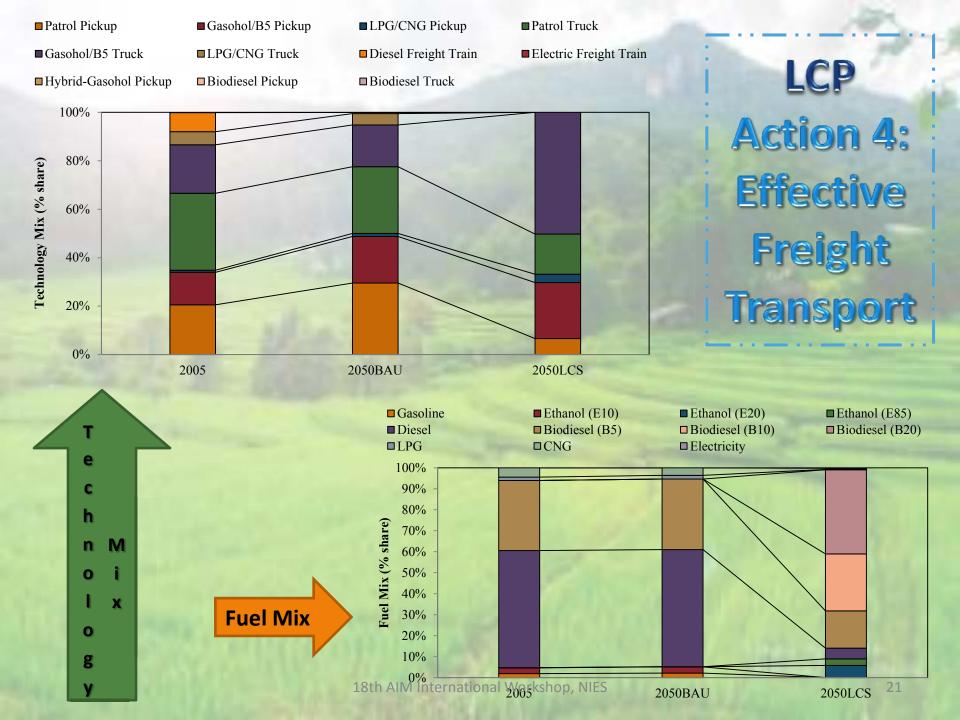


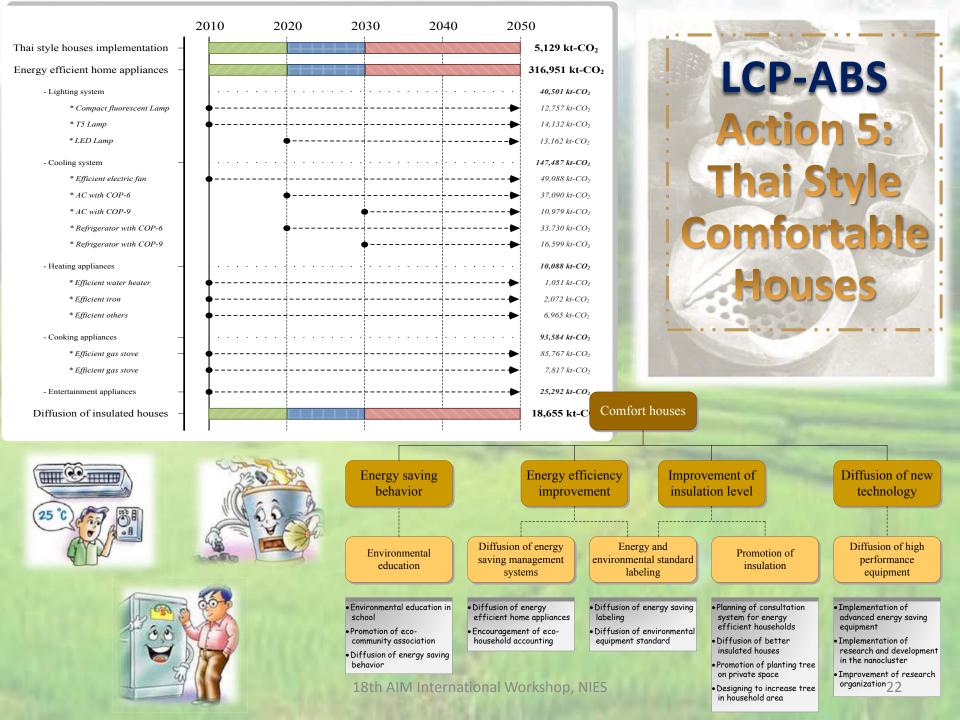


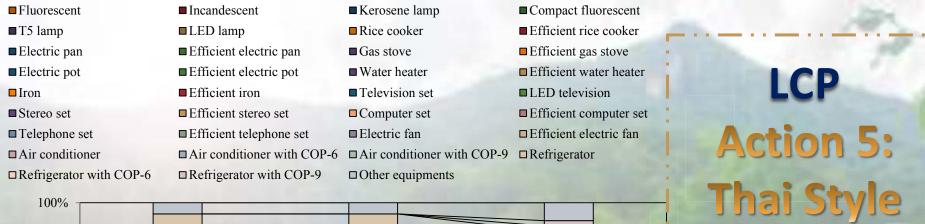


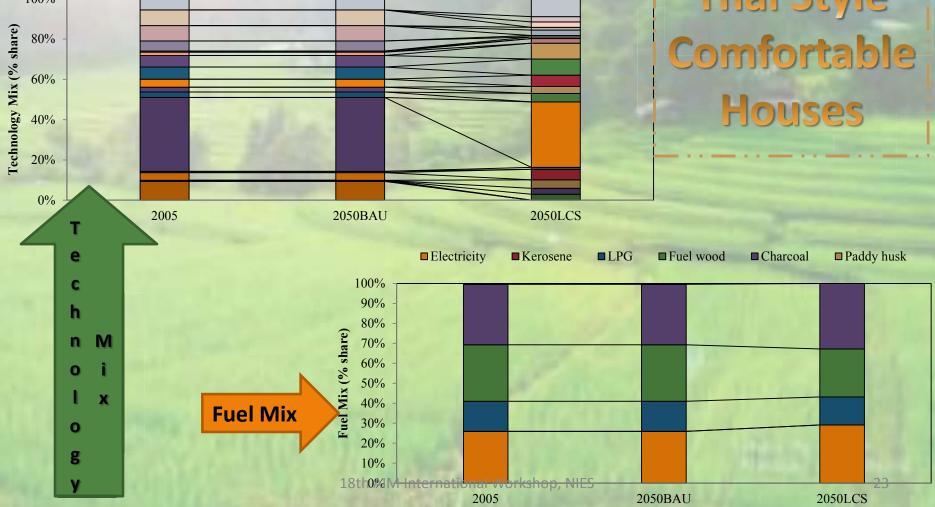


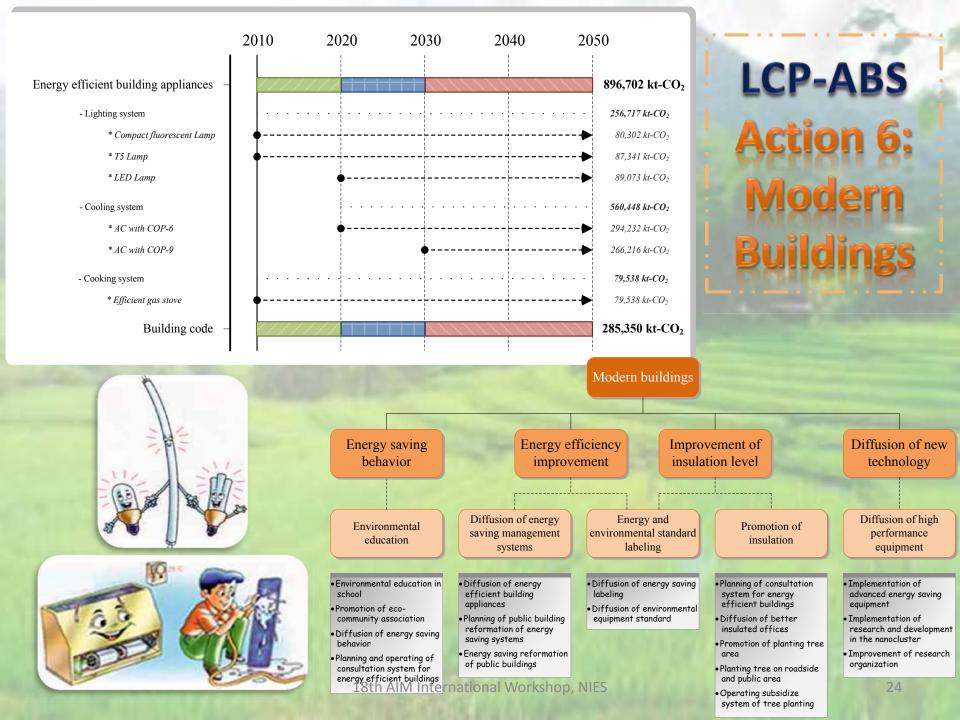


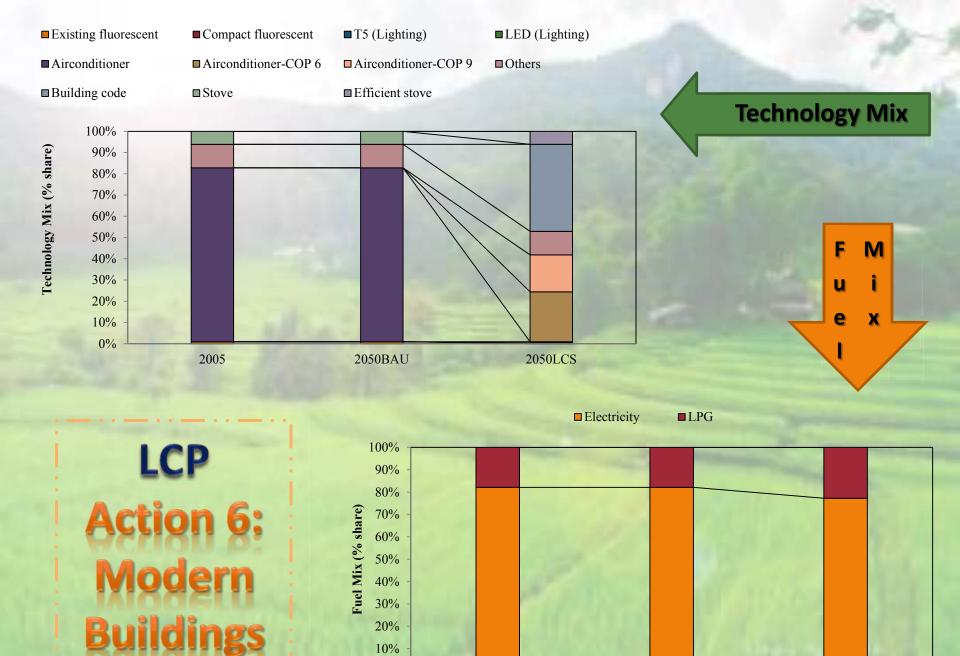












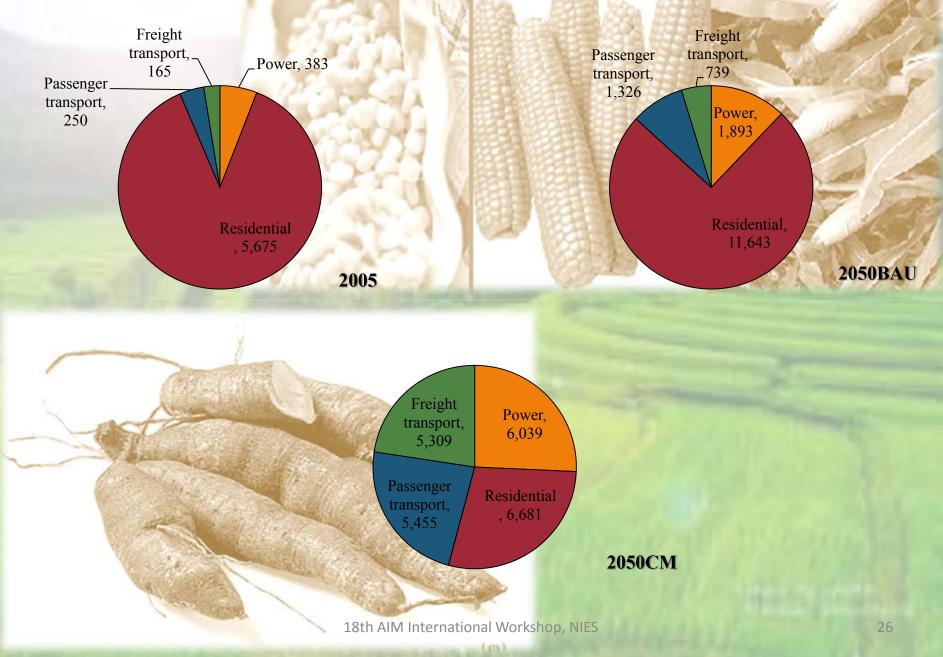
18th AIM Internation 2005 Vorkshop, NIES

20% 10% 0%

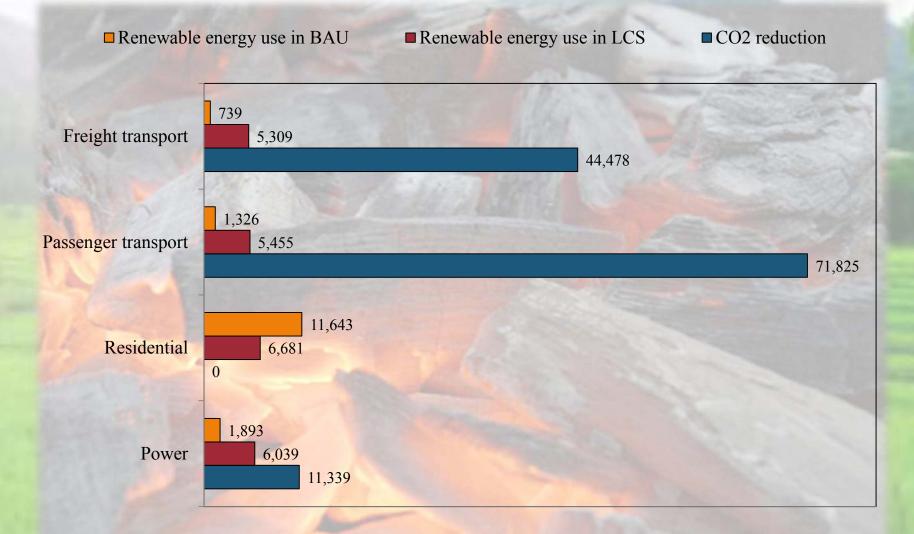
2050BAU

2050LCS 25

Renewable Energy Potentials

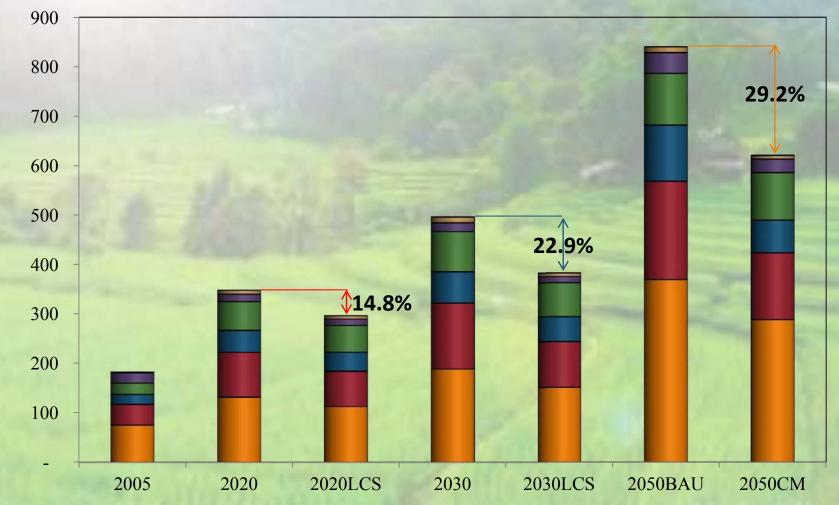


Renewable Energy Potentials



GHG Emissions/Reductions

■ Power generation ■ Industry ■ Passenger transport ■ Freight transport ■ Residential ■ Commercial



What is the next for Thailand LCS after 2012?

Thailand's Future Plan

15th AIM International Workshop, NIES, Japan Feb 20, 2010

- Low carbon society (within April 2010)
- AIM End-Use Model
- AIM-MARKAL Integrated Analysis
- Integrated analysis of RE & EE
- Evaluation of low carbon scenarios
- AIM/CGE for Policy Assessment

15th AIM Int'l Workshop, NIES, JAPAN.













どうもありがとう

Thank You