

Taiwan's Efforts to Net-zero Emissions in 2050

Dr. Yi-Hua Wu

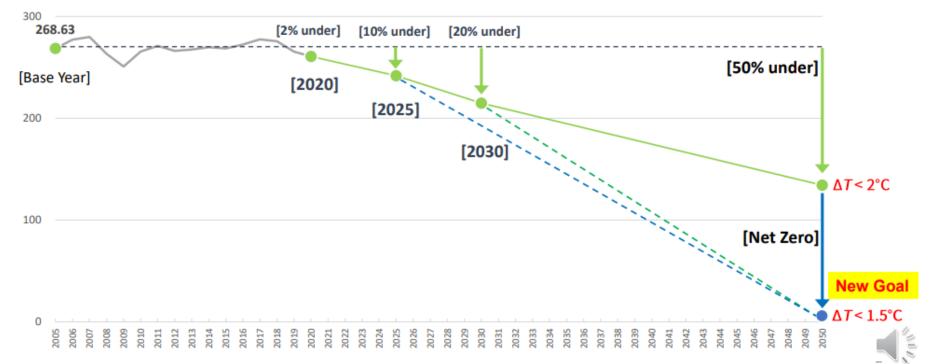
August, **2023**



The net zero emission target of Taiwan

➤ In 2022, the Government of Taiwan announced the net zero target

Million tonne of CO2e

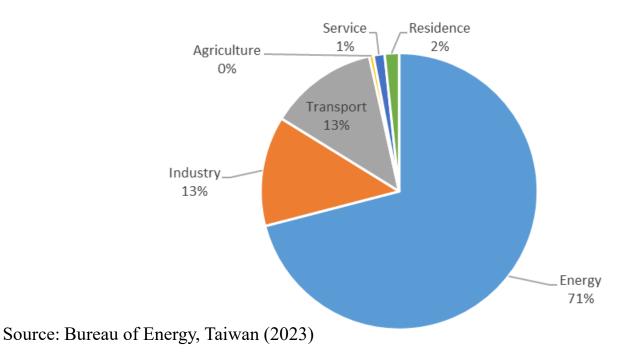


Source: National Development Council (2022)

Clean electricity supply is essential to achieve the target

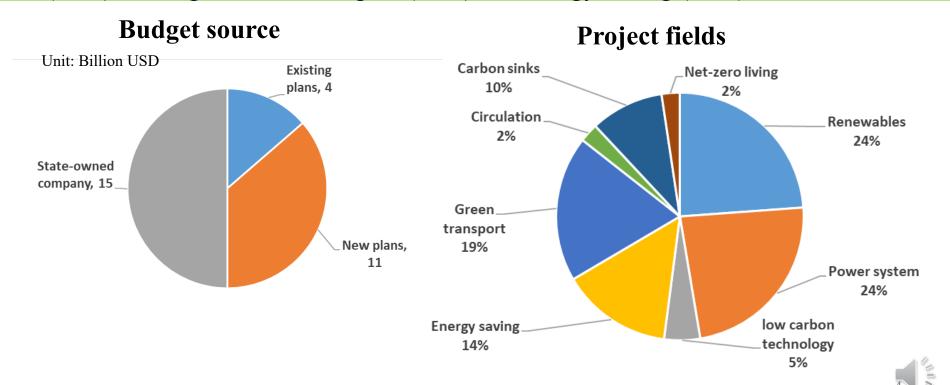
- Energy sector contributes 71% of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions: Around 50% of total emissions come from electricity
- The decarbonization of electricity can speed up the zero-target

Total GHG emissions in Taiwan



The budget and project plans by 2030

- Total budget of 30 billion USD by 2030: 15 billions of new fundings are provided by state-owned companies while 11 billions are offered by government
- > By project fields: Power supply are major (renewables and power system) are major (48%) of budget. Green transport (19%) and energy saving (14%) follow



Source: National Development Council (2022)

Synthesis measures for net-zero

Energy

- Green power
- Energy system resilience

Industry

- Production improvement
- > Fuel switch
- Circular economy

Lifestyle

- > Green transport
- > Green building
- Dialogue with citizens

Society

Balance conflicts and benefits

Technology R&D

- Circularity
- ➤ Low carbon
- Sustainable energy
- Carbon negative (CCS)

Climate legislation

Review and amend current regulations or laws



A new office to implement the net-zero target

- ➤ Launched in May, 2023
 - Taiwan Science and Technology Office for Net-zero Emission (**T-STONE**)



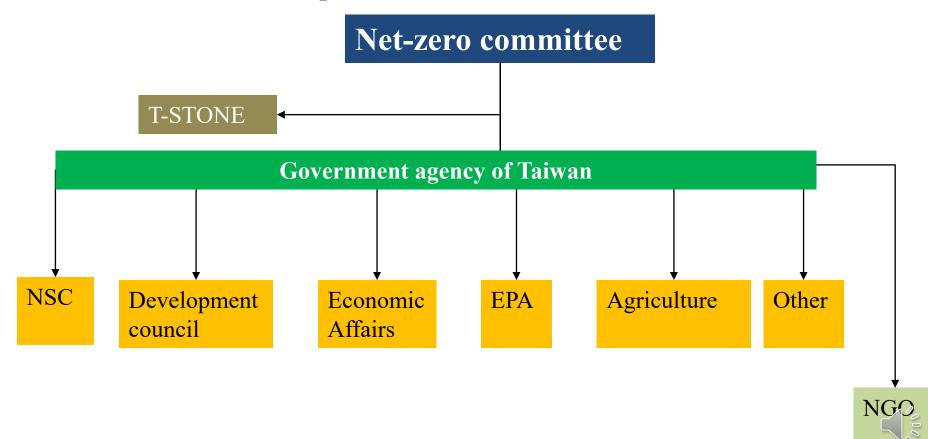


Source: Executive Yuan, Taiwan (2023)

An office to implement the net-zero target

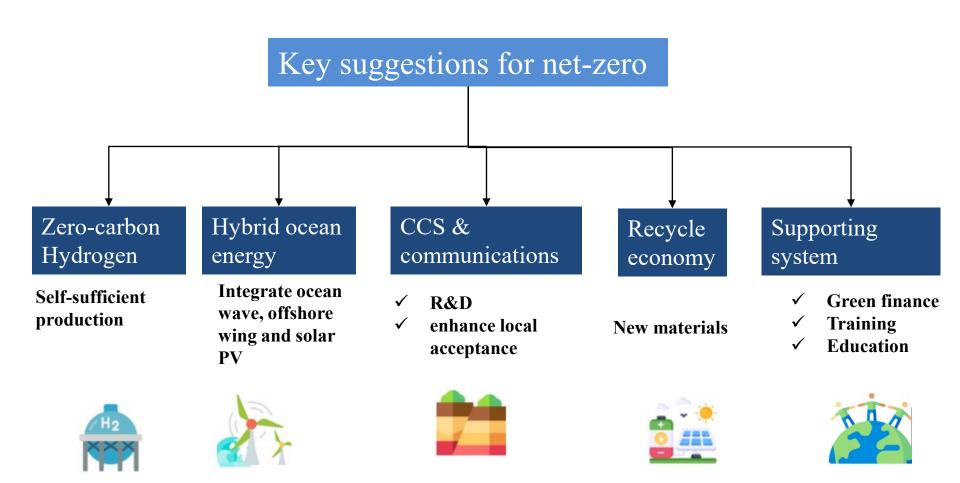
Purposes

- Policy design
- Supervise net-zero projects
- Communication with the public



Source: T-STONE(2023)

Key policy designs for the past 4 months





Source: T-STONE(2023)

Previous target for 2050

> Limitations:

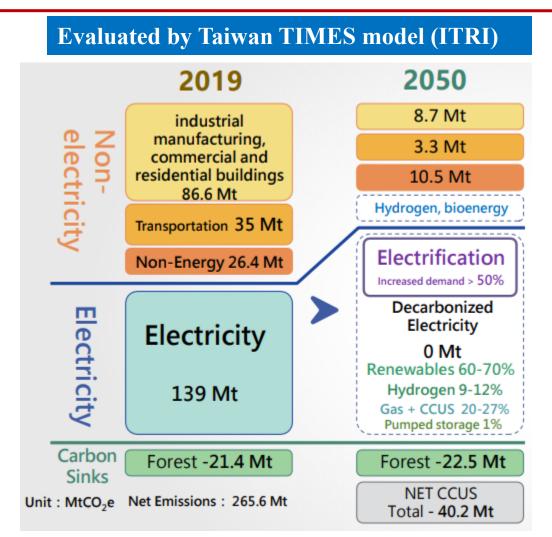
- ✓ No adjustment of electricity price
- ✓ No adjustment of industrial activities
- ✓ No reveal the carbon price information

> 2050 power supply mix

- \checkmark Renewables 60-70%
- ✓ Hydrogen: **9-12**%
- ✓ Gas+CCUS: **20-27**%

> Emissions reductions in other sectors

- ✓ Industry: 8.7 million tonne (Mt)
- ✓ Transport: 3.3 Mt
- ✓ Non-Energy use: 10.5 Mt.

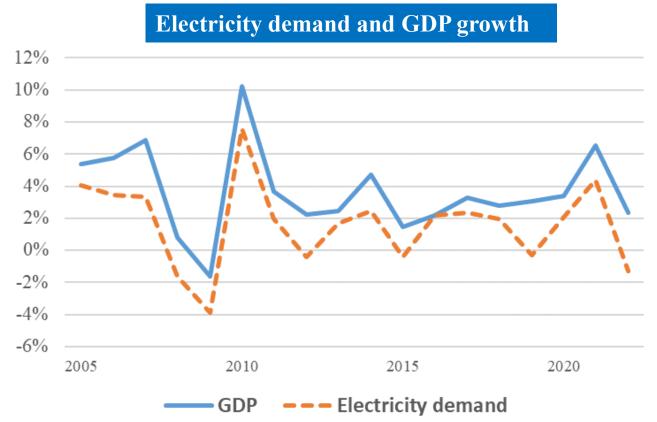




Source: National Development Council (2022)

Economy mainly drives electricity demand

- ➤ Taiwan's GDP growth closely relates to electricity demand growth: the correlation coefficient from 2005 to 2022 is 0.92
- We must consider the interaction between economy and energy through an integrated model



Future extensions: Hybrid models for Taiwan

- ➤ Integrate the power supply model of Dr. Ashina and AIM/CGE for Taiwan
- > Revisit the net-zero emission pathway of Taiwan

Taiwan's power supply model

(under construction by Dr. Ashina of AIM)

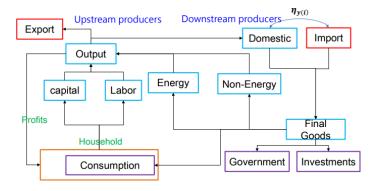
AIM/CGE for Taiwan

(Long term cooperation with AIM)



Electricity price

Economic impacts





Conclusions and future plans

Taiwan must **commit** to the net-zero target

The new office, **T-STONE**, is making progresses for the design of zero-emission pathway

A hybrid model (Power supply and CGE) will evaluate the new net-zero pathway for Taiwan

Thank you very much Look forward to seeing you guys next year

